APPENDIX A

GIS DATA CATALOGUE

"Integrating Engineering and Environment"

Baseline GIS Data Repository

- Anne Arundel County
 - StormWater_AsBuilt (digitized from pdfs)
 - StormWater Infrastructure AACo
 - o TidalPermits
- RestorationProjects.mpkx
 - SW Infrastructure Program Points
 - BMP Points
 - AltBMP Polygons
- Case Manager Export
 - o ComplaintsAsParcels
- FEMA
 - o AnneArundelCounty MD NFIPDataSet
 - ActivePolicies
 - RepetitiveLoss
- ShadySideProject.gdb (AACo BWPR)
 - o AOI Polygon
 - AOI Rectangle
 - o Dem
 - DrainageLine
 - DrainageLine1
 - o Hydrodem
 - NuissanceFlooding2020
 - RoadFlooding
- DEMDifference.lpkx
- AnneArundelCounty Vulnerability Analysis.gdb
 - Geodatabase containing shapefiles resulting from the vulnerability assessment for the 2050, 2065 and 2100 SLR scenarios across all of Anne Arundel County. Layers included for each SLR scenario are as follows:
 - Buildings inundated
 - CountyMaintainedRoads
 - Flooded bridges
 - Flooded HistoricRoads
 - HistoricResourceInventory
 - Inundated Septic
 - Inundated Wells
 - Landcover inundated
 - MajorRoads
 - Sewer Main
 - StormPipe
 - WaterMain
- HazusData.qdb
 - Geodatabase containing shapefiles resulting from Hazus analysis conducted within Region 9. Layers included are as follows:
 - OceanBayOverlay
 - Reg9 AtRiskStructures
 - Reg9 AtRiskStructures LossEstimates

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- Reg9 DebrisGeneration
- Reg9 ShelterNeeds
- Reg9_UDF_BuildingFootprints
- Region9 Boundary
- Region9 ShorelineErosion Analysis.gdb
 - Geodatabase containing shapefiles resulting from shoreline erosion analysis conducted within Region 9. Layers included are as follows:
 - Erosion Rates
 - Suitable for Living Shoreline
- Region9 Vulnerability Analysis.gdb
 - Geodatabase containing shapefiles resulting from the vulnerability assessment for the 2050, 2065 and 2100 SLR scenarios within Region 9. Vulnerability to each SLR scenario is distinguished with the layer attributes by a field provided for each scenario and "Vulnerable" included when impacted by the corresponding scenario. Layers included for each SLR scenario are as follows:
 - Bridges Region9
 - Critical Areas Region9
 - FEMA 2015FloodPlain Reg9
 - HistoricResource Region9
 - LandCover Reg9
 - Parks Reg9 -
 - Properties with Wells
 - Region9_CriticalFacilities
 - Region9_SepticSystems
 - Region9 SewerMain
 - Region9 SewerManhole
 - Region9 SewerPumpStations
 - Region9 SewerTreatmentPlant
 - Region9 StormInlet
 - Region9 StormManhole
 - Region9 StormOutfall
 - Region9_StormPipe
 - Region9_WaterMains
 - Region9 WaterTreatmentPlant
 - Roads Streets Region9
 - Region9 Scenic and Historic Roads
- SLR BathtubModel
 - Folders contain both shapefiles and rasters of countywide inundation depths and extents for the 2050, 2065 and 2100 SLR scenarios.
- Other
 - Maryland Shoreline Inventory StabilizationStructures AOI
 - MyCoastReports

"Integrating Engineering and Environment"

DealeShadySLRData.gdb Data Index

Layer Name	Description				
ExistingSwale	Field verified SWM infrastructure during field assessments.				
ExistingPipe	Field verified SWM infrastructure during field assessments. Field verified SWM infrastructure during field assessments.				
ExistingInlet					
ExistingDrivewayCulvertSwale	Field verified SWM infrastructure during field assessments.				
ExistingCulvert	Field verified SWM infrastructure during field assessments.				
StormwaterVulnerability_Integrated	This layer integrates modeled stormwater flood depths with land cover-based runoff potential to map stormwater vulnerability across the Deale—Shady Side Peninsula. Vulnerability scores range from 1 to 10, with higher values representing greater risk. Modeled flood depths were preserved where available, while unmodeled areas were estimated using impervious surface data. Wetlands were assigned minimal scores to avoid duplicating tidal vulnerability.				
SLR_FloodDepth_2050	This layer represents projected tidal flood depths for the year 2050 based on bathtub-model simulations. Flood depths were classified using a standardized vulnerability scale, where greater depth corresponds to higher risk. Areas with projected inundation depths greater than three feet were classified as high-risk zones.				
SLR_FloodDepth_2065	This layer represents projected tidal flood depths for the year 2065 based on bathtub-model simulations. Depths were reclassified to a 1–10 vulnerability scale, with higher risk assigned to deeper inundation. These projections illustrate expanded tidal				

	flooding into previously unaffected areas.
SLR_FloodDepth_2100	This layer shows projected tidal flood depths for 2100 under sea level rise scenarios, based on bathtub-model outputs. Areas experiencing more than three feet of inundation were classified as high risk. The 2100 scenario reflects widespread exposure in lowlying regions as sea levels continue to rise.
BuildingsInundated_2050	This layer represents building inundation vulnerability for the year 2050. A density analysis was applied to identify clusters of structures at risk of tidal flooding under projected sea level rise. Higher vulnerability scores were assigned to neighborhoods with greater concentrations of floodexposed buildings, reflecting the potential for significant impacts to homes and infrastructure.
BuildingsInundated_2065	This layer represents building inundation vulnerability for the year 2065. Density of flood-exposed structures was analyzed to assess vulnerability escalation across developed areas. Neighborhoods with high building density in flood zones were assigned higher vulnerability scores, indicating increased potential for widespread structural and socioeconomic impact.
BuildingsInundated_2100	This layer shows building inundation vulnerability under projected 2100 sea level rise conditions. The analysis highlights areas where building density in projected flood zones is greatest, resulting in high vulnerability scores. These locations are considered particularly at risk for large-scale damages to residential, commercial, and community infrastructure.
AccessDisruption_2050	This layer represents access disruption in 2050 based on a cost-distance

	analysis of travel to emergency services and evacuation routes under projected sea level rise. It identifies areas with constrained access due to road segments expected to be permanently inundated by 2050.
AccessDisruption_2065	This layer shows accessibility impacts by 2065, calculated using cost-distance analysis that accounts for permanent inundation of roadways under projected sea level rise. It highlights increasing isolation of some neighborhoods from emergency services and evacuation routes.
AccessDisruption_2100	This layer illustrates projected loss of access to emergency services and evacuation routes by 2100, based on cost-distance calculations that incorporate permanent roadway inundation from sea level rise. It emphasizes long-term disruptions to critical access corridors across the Peninsula.
ErosionVulnerability	This layer represents shoreline erosion vulnerability across the Deale—Shady Side Peninsula, classified from interpolated erosion rates and proximity to eroding shorelines. Vulnerability scores reflect shoreline retreat severity and inland exposure, with hardened or protected shorelines assigned low scores and unassessed areas given moderate values. A kriging model was used to interpolate point-based erosion data into a continuous vulnerability surface.
LandCoverVulnerability_2050	This layer represents land cover-based flood vulnerability for the year 2050. Natural land covers such as wetlands and open space were assigned low vulnerability scores due to their ability to buffer floodwaters, while impervious developed areas were scored higher

	based on their susceptibility to damage and runoff generation.
LandCoverVulnerability_2065	This layer shows land cover-based vulnerability to flooding in 2065 under projected sea level rise. As inundation expands inland, developed land cover types near the waterfront receive higher vulnerability scores. The layer highlights a shift from natural floodplain inundation to increased exposure of residential and commercial areas.
LandCoverVulnerability_2100	This layer depicts land cover vulnerability to flooding in 2100, reflecting widespread inundation of residential and commercial development in low-lying zones. Vulnerability scores are based on land cover susceptibility, with impervious areas assigned high scores and natural areas scored lower. By 2100, regular or permanent flooding impacts most developed areas in flood-prone parts of the Peninsula.
CompositeVulnerability	This layer represents the composite flood vulnerability surface developed through a weighted overlay analysis of multiple contributing factors: flood depth, stormwater flooding, land cover susceptibility, inundated building density, shoreline erosion, and emergency access constraints. Each factor was assigned a weight reflecting its relative influence on flood vulnerability, with higher weights for inundated buildings and emergency access. The output highlights priority areas for flood mitigation, including low-lying, densely developed neighborhoods with limited access and direct Bay exposure.
PriorityRoads_ShortTerm	This layer identifies road segments prioritized for near-term elevation based on their flood vulnerability, emergency access role, and proximity

	to high-density residential or critical infrastructure areas. These segments experience frequent stormwater or tidal inundation and serve as primary evacuation or access routes.
PriorityRoads_LongTerm	This layer identifies road segments prioritized for long-term monitoring, study, or design due to anticipated exposure to future flood risks from sea level rise and storm surge. These roads are essential to maintaining access in the face of rising water levels and inform adaptive, phased infrastructure planning.
TideGatePriority	This layer identifies priority locations for tide gate installation based on modeled stormwater flooding, tidal backflow vulnerability, and community-reported drainage issues. It highlights outfalls where chronic tidal flooding contributes to inland inundation, particularly in lowlying, densely developed neighborhoods. The prioritization supports both near-term mitigation and long-term resilience planning under projected sea level rise conditions.
StormwaterConveyance_ShortTerm	This layer identifies short-term priority areas for stormwater infrastructure improvements, including clearing, resizing, or realigning swales and culverts. These areas currently experience frequent flooding or pooling due to inadequate conveyance capacity and are targeted for immediate action to improve drainage functionality and resilience.
StormwaterConveyance_LongTerm	This layer highlights long-term stormwater system improvement zones where larger-scale, phased enhancements are planned to improve connectivity and system-wide capacity. These areas are prioritized for future infrastructure investments that will

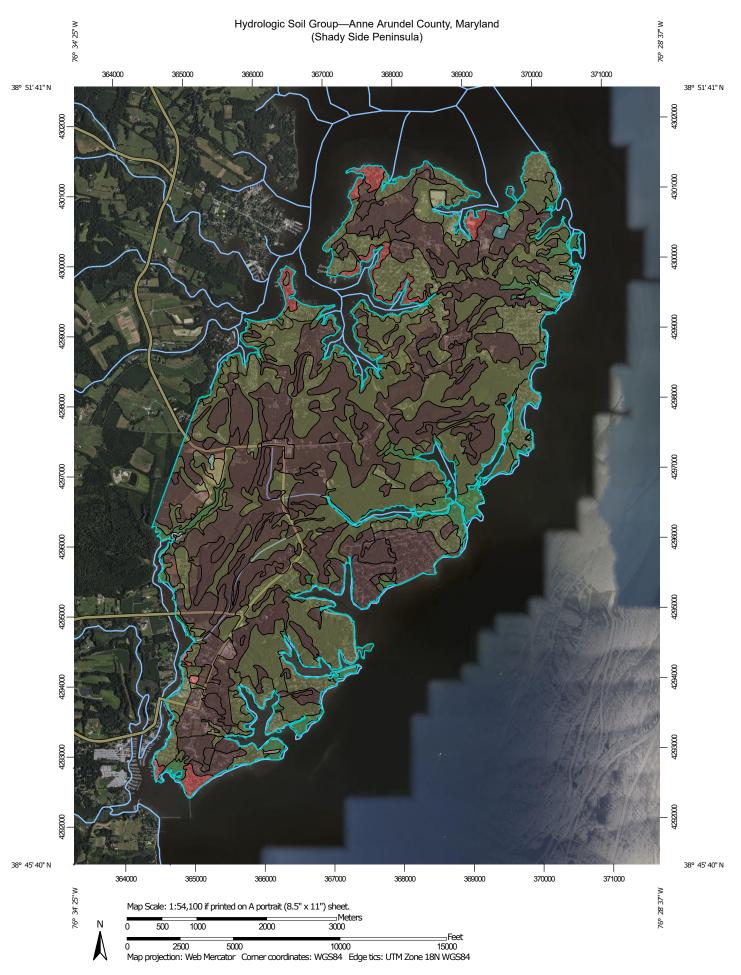
	support Peninsula-wide drainage integration under changing environmental conditions.				
StormwaterConveyance_Monitor	This layer designates stormwater areas that require continued monitoring to evaluate system performance and assess future upgrade needs. These zones may not currently experience chronic issues but are susceptible to future drainage challenges as sea levels rise and precipitation patterns shift.				
Avalon_Shores_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Avalon_Shores_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Avalon_Shores_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Broadwater_Point_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Broadwater_Point_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Broadwater_Point_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Cedarhurst_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Cedarhurst_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Cedarhurst_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Franklin_Manor_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Franklin_Manor_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Franklin_Manor_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Owings_Beach_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				

Owings_Beach_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Owings_Beach_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Snug_Harbor_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Snug_Harbor_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Snug_Harbor_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall event with no storm surge.				
Avalon_Shores_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Avalon_Shores_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Avalon_Shores_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Broadwater_Point_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Broadwater_Point_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Broadwater_Point_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Cedarhurst_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Cedarhurst_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Cedarhurst_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Franklin_Manor_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Franklin_Manor_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Franklin_Manor_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_10YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_2YR_STORM Owings_Beach_Existing_100YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event. 2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.				

Owings_Beach_Existing_2YR_STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and surge event.			
Snug Harbor Existing 100YR STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Sing_harboi_Existing_100111_5161(iii	surge event.			
Snug Harbor Existing 10YR STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Ondg_narboi_Existing_10111_0101111	surge event.			
Snug Harbor Existing 2YR STORM	2050 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Ondg_narbor_Existing_2111_0101101	surge event.			
Avalon Shores Existing 10YR STORM	2065 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Avaion_Shores_Existing_1011\(\text{C31ONW}\)	surge event.			
Broadwater_Point_Existing_10YR_STORM	2065 SLR and specified rainfall and			
bloadwatel_Follit_Existing_10111_5101(W	surge event.			
Cedarhurst_Existing_10YR_STORM	2065 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Cedamust_Existing_1011_510\till	surge event.			
Franklin Manor Existing 10VP STOPM	2065 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Franklin_Manor_Existing_10YR_STORM	surge event.			
Idlawilda Sharas Existing 10VP STOPM	2065 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Idlewilde_Shores_Existing_10YR_STORM	surge event.			
Owings Possh Existing 10VP STOPM	2065 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Owings_Beach_Existing_10YR_STORM	surge event.			
Spug Horbor Existing 10VD STORM	2065 SLR and specified rainfall and			
Snug_Harbor_Existing_10YR_STORM	surge event.			

APPENDIX B

HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:12.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Soils D measurements. Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Α Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: **Water Features** A/D Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Streams and Canals В Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator Transportation projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts B/D Rails --distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Interstate Highways accurate calculations of distance or area are required. C/D **US Routes** This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as D Major Roads of the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available -Local Roads Soil Survey Area: Anne Arundel County, Maryland Soil Rating Lines Survey Area Data: Version 23, Sep 6, 2024 Background Aerial Photography Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger. A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 29, 2022—Aug 13, 2022 B/D The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor C/D shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. D Not rated or not available **Soil Rating Points** A/D B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
СхА	Cumberstone-Mattapex complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	C/D	45.1	0.6%	
СхВ	Cumberstone-Mattapex complex, 2 to 5 percent slopes	C/D	292.9	4.2%	
CxC	Cumberstone-Mattapex complex, 5 to 10 percent slopes	C/D	0.9	0.0%	
СуВ	Cumberstone-Mattapex- Urban land complex, 0 to 5 percent slopes	D	159.8	2.3%	
DcA	Deale-Shadyoak complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	C/D	2,195.7	31.6%	
DeA	Deale-Shadyoak-Urban land complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	C/D	711.0	10.2%	
MZA	Mispillion and Transquaking soils, 0 to 1 percent slopes, tidally flooded	A/D	306.3	4.4%	
SoA	Shadyoak-Elkton complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	B/D	2,137.3	30.8%	
SpA	Shadyoak-Elkton complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently ponded	B/D	596.9	8.6%	
SrA	Shadyoak-Elkton-Urban land complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	B/D	429.1	6.2%	
SsA	Shrewsbury loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	B/D 0.		0.0%	
UxB	Udorthents, loamy, sulfidic substratum, 0 to 5 percent slopes	С	8.7	0.1%	
W	Water		56.6	0.8%	
WdaA	WdaA Woodstown sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain		3.3	0.0%	
Totals for Area of Inter	rest	6,944.5	100.0%		

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3 Location name: Shady Side, Maryland, USA* Latitude: 38.8315°, Longitude: -76.5036° Elevation: 6 ft**

* source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

G.M. Bonnin, D. Martin, B. Lin, T. Parzybok, M.Yekta, and D. Riley NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

PDS	PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹									
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.351 (0.318-0.387)	0.420 (0.380-0.463)	0.500 (0.452-0.551)	0.558 (0.503-0.615)	0.631 (0.566-0.697)	0.685 (0.611-0.757)	0.738 (0.656-0.818)	0.789 (0.696-0.878)	0.853 (0.745-0.956)	0.902 (0.782-1.02)
10-min	0.560 (0.508-0.618)	0.671 (0.608-0.740)	0.800 (0.723-0.882)	0.892 (0.805-0.984)	1.00 (0.901-1.11)	1.09 (0.974-1.21)	1.17 (1.04-1.30)	1.25 (1.10-1.39)	1.35 (1.18-1.51)	1.42 (1.23-1.60)
15-min	0.700 (0.635-0.772)	0.844 (0.765-0.930)	1.01 (0.915-1.12)	1.13 (1.02-1.24)	1.27 (1.14-1.41)	1.38 (1.23-1.53)	1.48 (1.32-1.64)	1.58 (1.39-1.76)	1.70 (1.48-1.90)	1.78 (1.54-2.01)
30-min	0.960 (0.870-1.06)	1.16 (1.06-1.28)	1.44 (1.30-1.59)	1.63 (1.48-1.80)	1.89 (1.69-2.08)	2.08 (1.86-2.30)	2.27 (2.02-2.52)	2.46 (2.17-2.74)	2.70 (2.36-3.03)	2.89 (2.50-3.26)
60-min	1.20 (1.08-1.32)	1.46 (1.32-1.61)	1.84 (1.67-2.03)	2.13 (1.92-2.35)	2.51 (2.25-2.78)	2.82 (2.52-3.12)	3.13 (2.78-3.47)	3.44 (3.04-3.84)	3.88 (3.38-4.34)	4.22 (3.65-4.76)
2-hr	1.42 (1.28-1.57)	1.73 (1.57-1.91)	2.19 (1.98-2.41)	2.54 (2.29-2.80)	3.04 (2.73-3.35)	3.45 (3.08-3.80)	3.88 (3.43-4.28)	4.32 (3.80-4.79)	4.95 (4.29-5.52)	5.45 (4.68-6.12)
3-hr	1.54 (1.39-1.70)	1.87 (1.69-2.06)	2.37 (2.14-2.62)	2.77 (2.49-3.05)	3.33 (2.98-3.67)	3.80 (3.37-4.19)	4.29 (3.78-4.74)	4.81 (4.20-5.34)	5.55 (4.78-6.21)	6.16 (5.24-6.94)
6-hr	1.90 (1.72-2.10)	2.30 (2.09-2.54)	2.90 (2.63-3.21)	3.40 (3.06-3.76)	4.14 (3.70-4.58)	4.77 (4.22-5.27)	5.44 (4.77-6.04)	6.18 (5.35-6.88)	7.26 (6.18-8.16)	8.18 (6.86-9.25)
12-hr	2.29 (2.06-2.58)	2.77 (2.49-3.12)	3.52 (3.15-3.96)	4.17 (3.71-4.69)	5.16 (4.54-5.80)	6.03 (5.25-6.77)	7.00 (6.02-7.88)	8.08 (6.84-9.13)	9.72 (8.06-11.1)	11.1 (9.06-12.8)
24-hr	2.65 (2.40-2.97)	3.22 (2.92-3.60)	4.17 (3.77-4.66)	4.99 (4.50-5.58)	6.26 (5.60-6.94)	7.37 (6.54-8.15)	8.62 (7.59-9.50)	10.0 (8.74-11.0)	12.2 (10.5-13.4)	14.1 (11.9-15.4)
2-day	3.07 (2.78-3.42)	3.73 (3.38-4.16)	4.82 (4.36-5.37)	5.76 (5.20-6.40)	7.18 (6.43-7.96)	8.42 (7.49-9.30)	9.80 (8.65-10.8)	11.4 (9.93-12.5)	13.7 (11.8-15.1)	15.7 (13.4-17.3)
3-day	3.24 (2.95-3.60)	3.93 (3.58-4.37)	5.07 (4.61-5.63)	6.04 (5.47-6.69)	7.50 (6.75-8.29)	8.77 (7.85-9.67)	10.2 (9.04-11.2)	11.8 (10.3-12.9)	14.1 (12.3-15.5)	16.2 (13.9-17.8)
4-day	3.41 (3.12-3.78)	4.14 (3.78-4.59)	5.32 (4.85-5.88)	6.32 (5.75-6.98)	7.83 (7.07-8.62)	9.13 (8.20-10.0)	10.6 (9.42-11.6)	12.2 (10.8-13.4)	14.6 (12.7-16.0)	16.6 (14.4-18.3)
7-day	3.96 (3.63-4.36)	4.78 (4.38-5.25)	6.04 (5.53-6.64)	7.12 (6.50-7.82)	8.73 (7.92-9.54)	10.1 (9.12-11.0)	11.6 (10.4-12.7)	13.3 (11.8-14.5)	15.7 (13.8-17.2)	17.8 (15.5-19.5)
10-day	4.50 (4.16-4.90)	5.41 (5.00-5.88)	6.74 (6.22-7.33)	7.86 (7.23-8.53)	9.47 (8.67-10.3)	10.8 (9.86-11.7)	12.3 (11.1-13.3)	13.8 (12.4-14.9)	16.1 (14.3-17.4)	18.0 (15.9-19.5)
20-day	6.06 (5.64-6.51)	7.21 (6.72-7.75)	8.72 (8.12-9.37)	9.94 (9.24-10.7)	11.6 (10.8-12.5)	13.0 (12.0-14.0)	14.4 (13.3-15.5)	15.9 (14.6-17.1)	18.0 (16.3-19.3)	19.6 (17.7-21.1)
30-day	7.49 (7.01-8.00)	8.88 (8.30-9.48)	10.6 (9.88-11.3)	11.9 (11.1-12.7)	13.8 (12.8-14.7)	15.2 (14.1-16.3)	16.7 (15.5-17.8)	18.3 (16.8-19.5)	20.3 (18.6-21.7)	21.9 (20.0-23.5)
45-day	9.43 (8.90-9.99)	11.1 (10.5-11.8)	13.0 (12.3-13.8)	14.5 (13.6-15.3)	16.4 (15.4-17.3)	17.8 (16.8-18.9)	19.3 (18.0-20.4)	20.6 (19.3-21.9)	22.5 (20.9-23.8)	23.8 (22.1-25.3)
60-day	11.2 (10.6-11.9)	13.2 (12.5-14.0)	15.3 (14.4-16.2)	16.8 (15.9-17.8)	18.8 (17.7-19.9)	20.3 (19.1-21.4)	21.7 (20.3-22.9)	23.0 (21.5-24.3)	24.7 (23.0-26.2)	25.9 (24.1-27.5)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

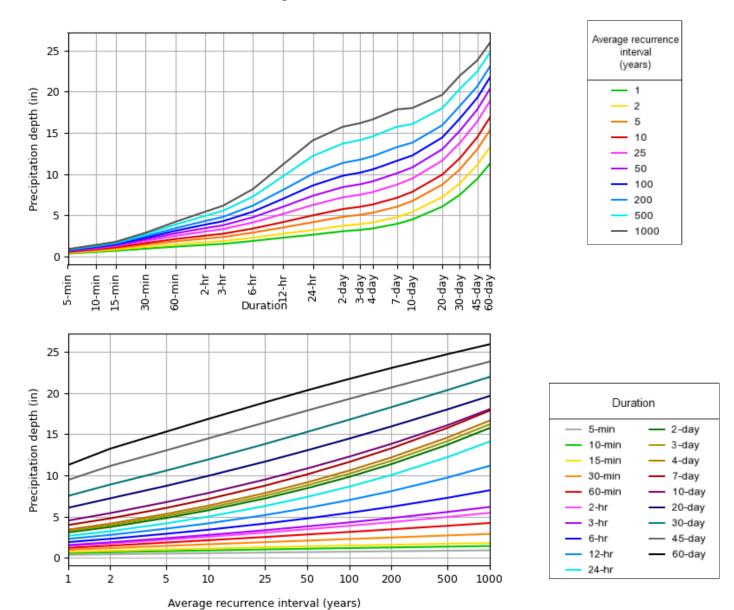
Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical

PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 38.8315°, Longitude: -76.5036°



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3

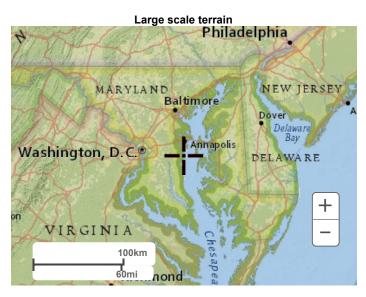
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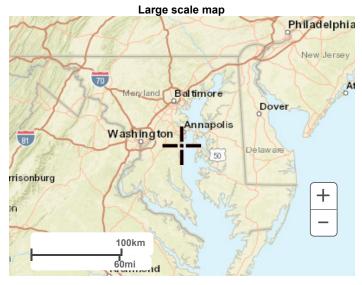
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Maps & aerials

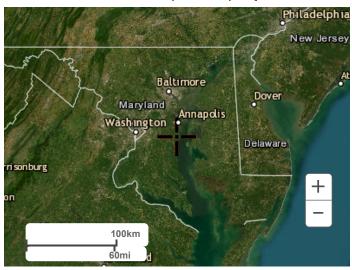
Small scale terrain







Large scale aerial



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US Department of Commerce

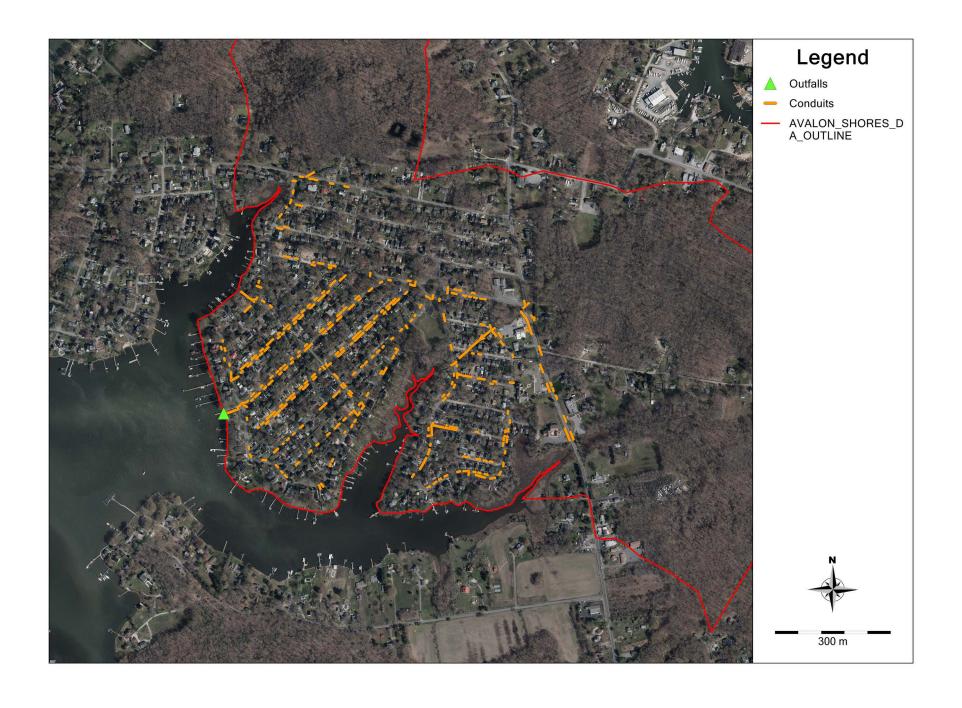
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Weather Service
National Water Center
1325 East West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910
Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

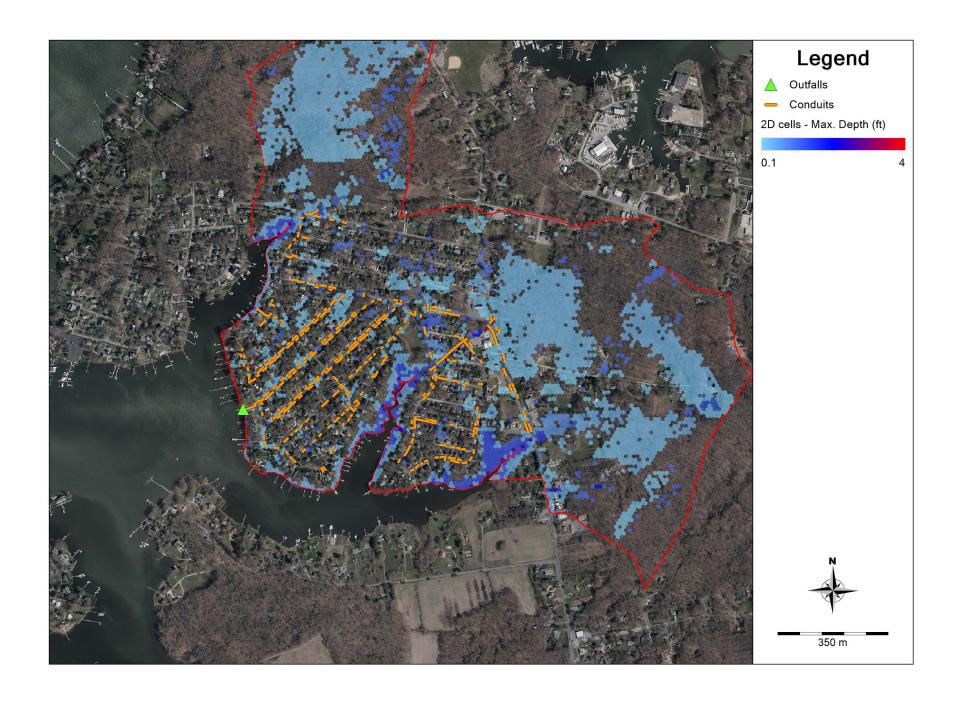
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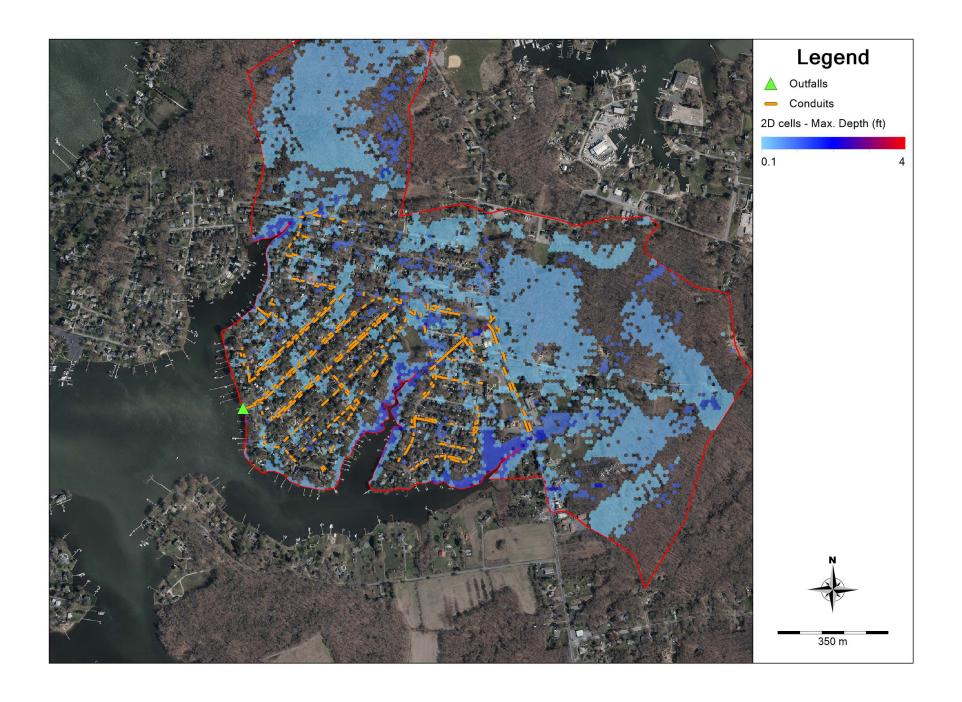
APPENDIX C

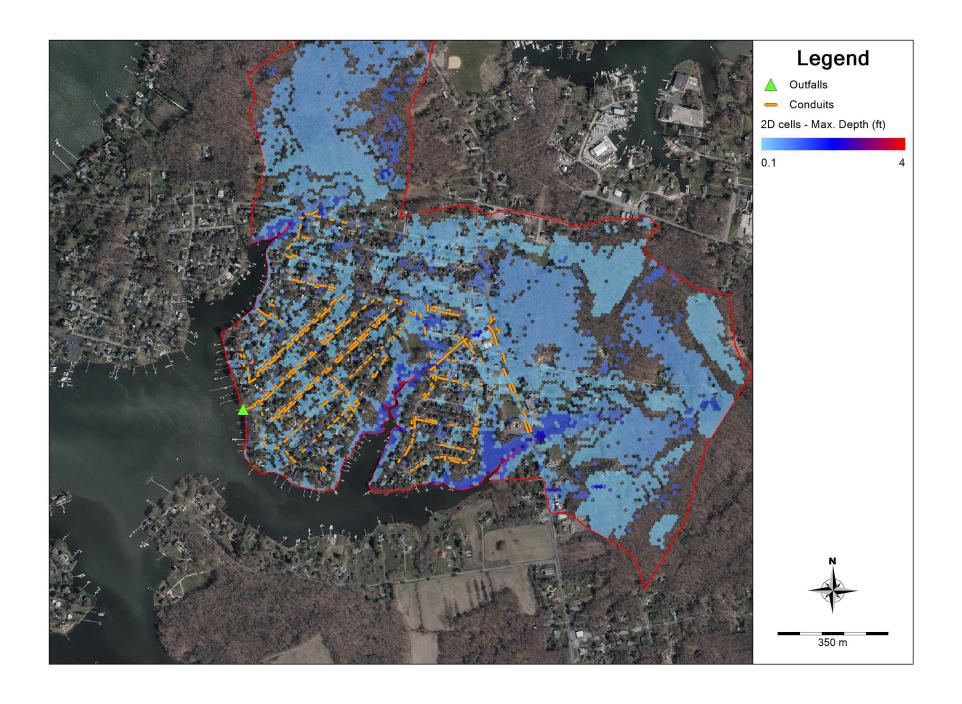
HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

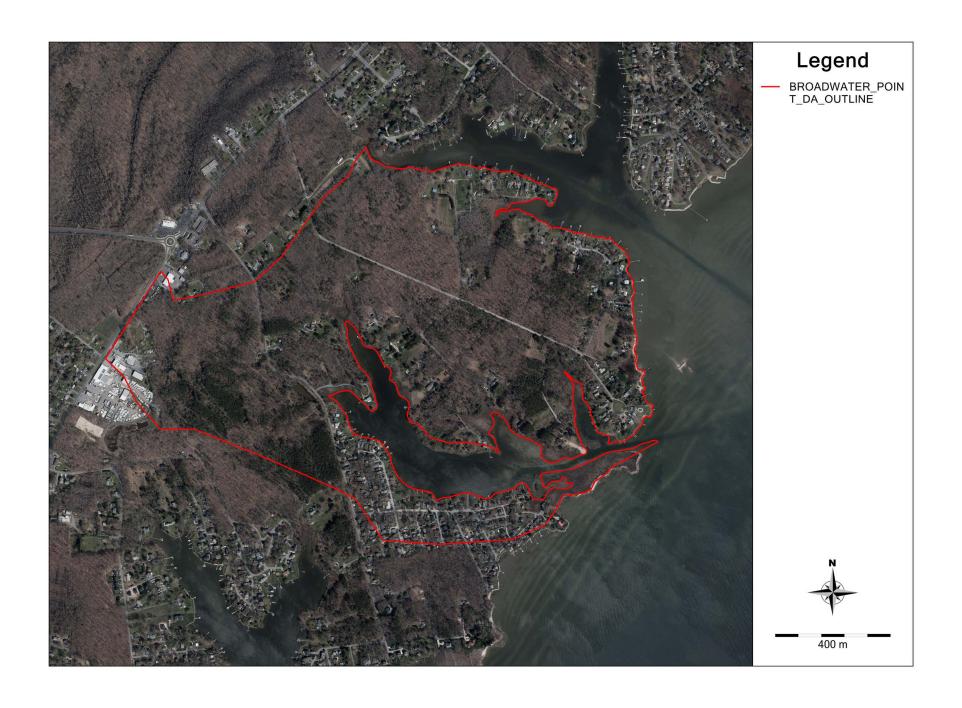


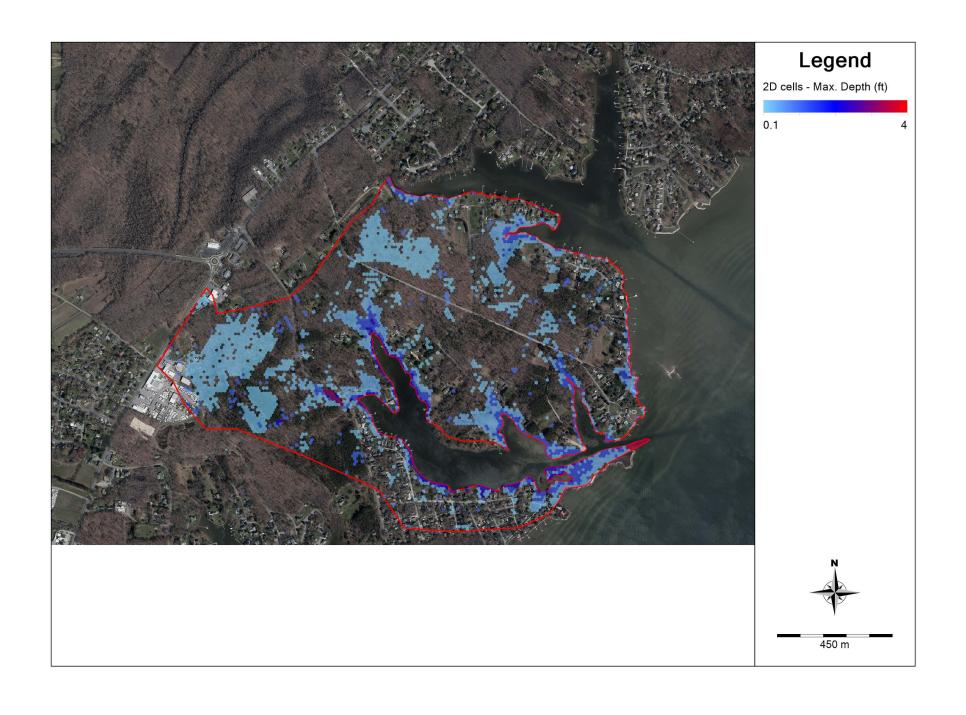


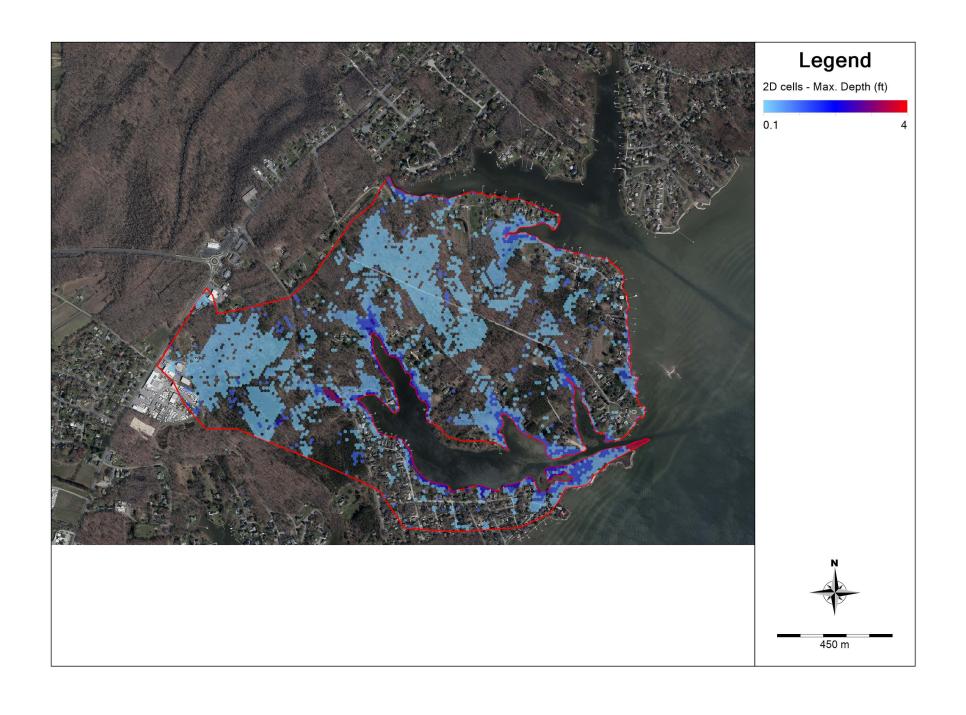


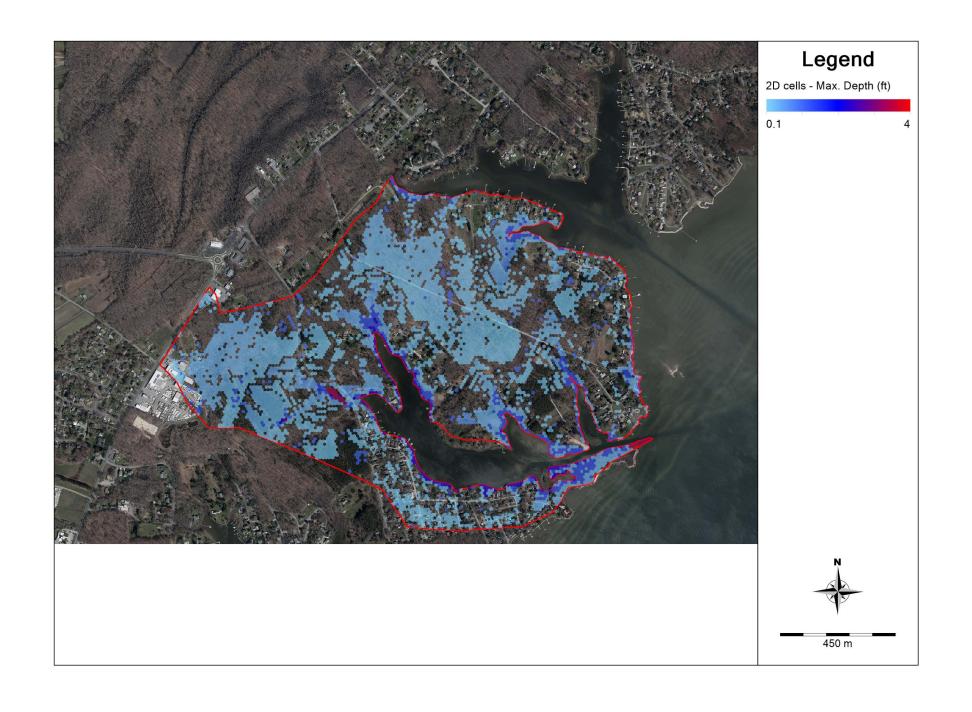


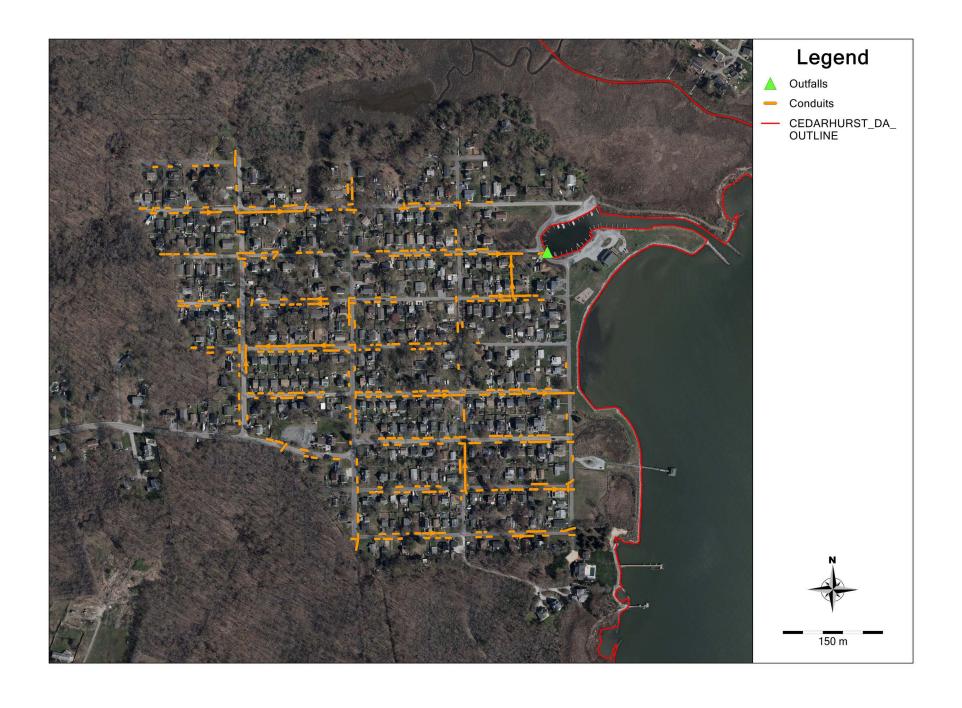


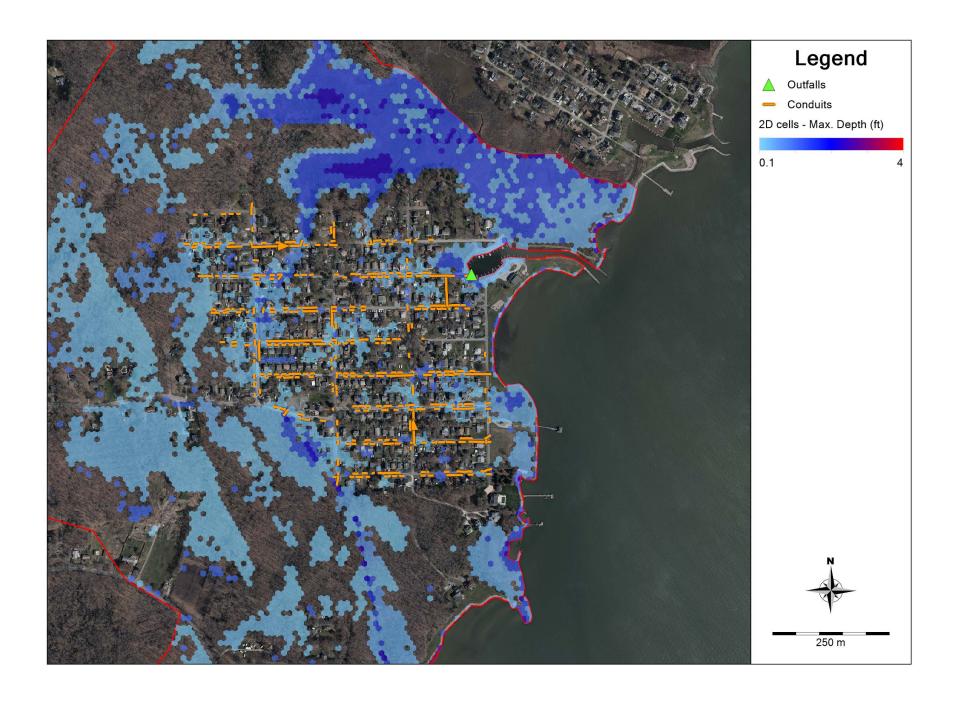


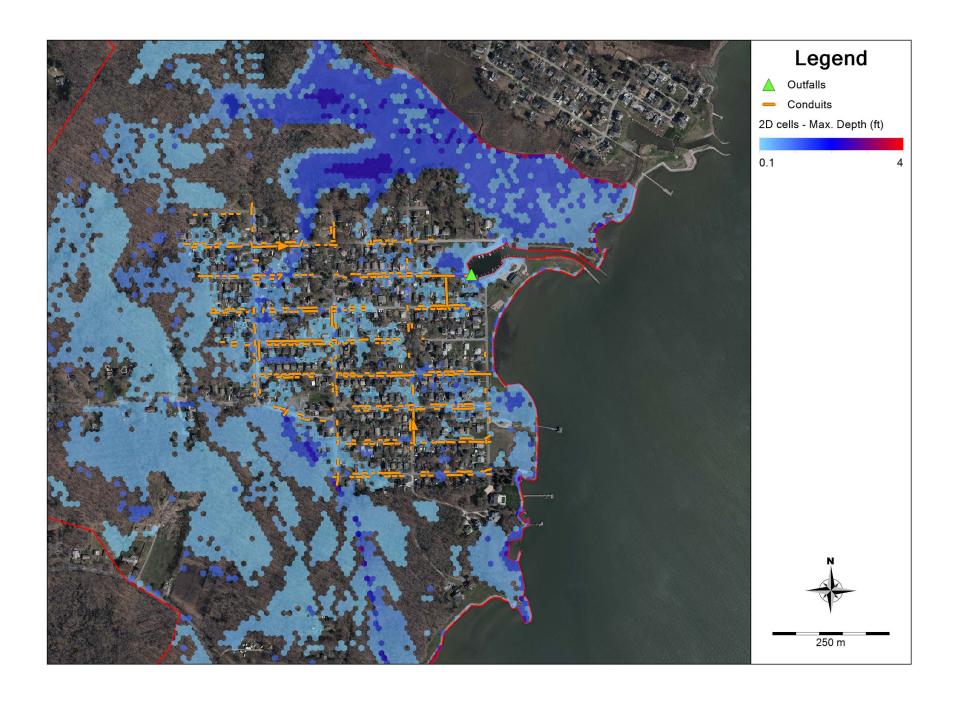


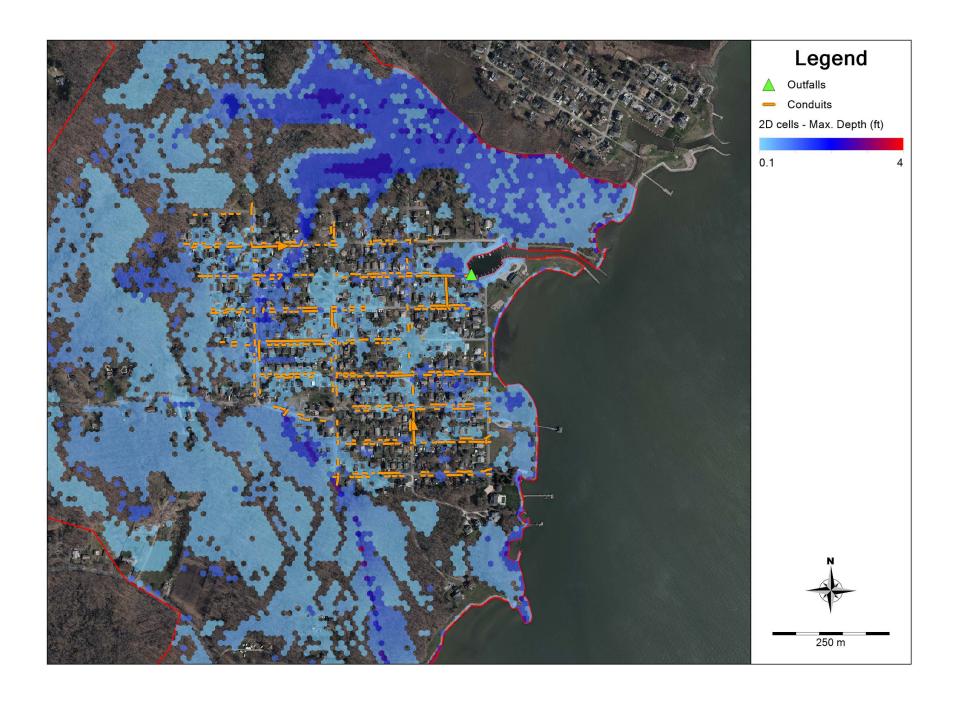


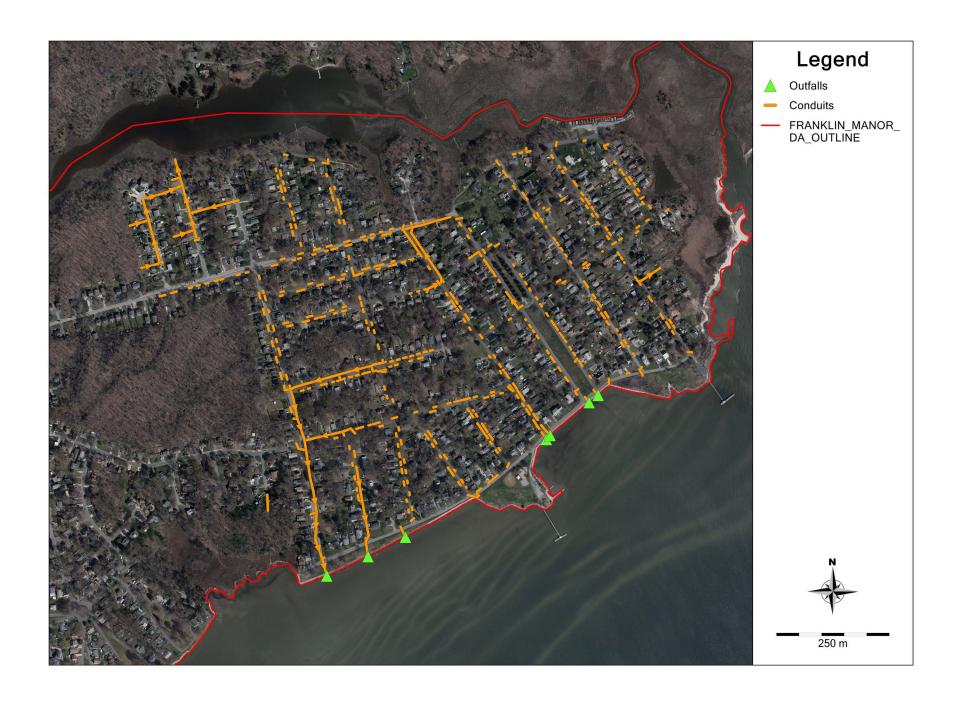


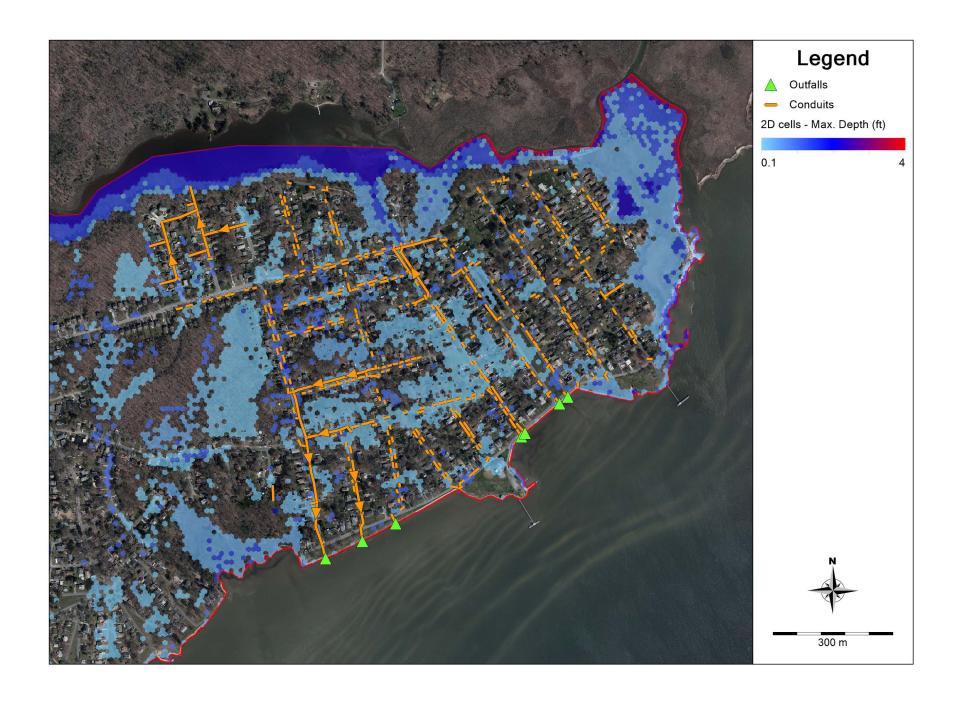


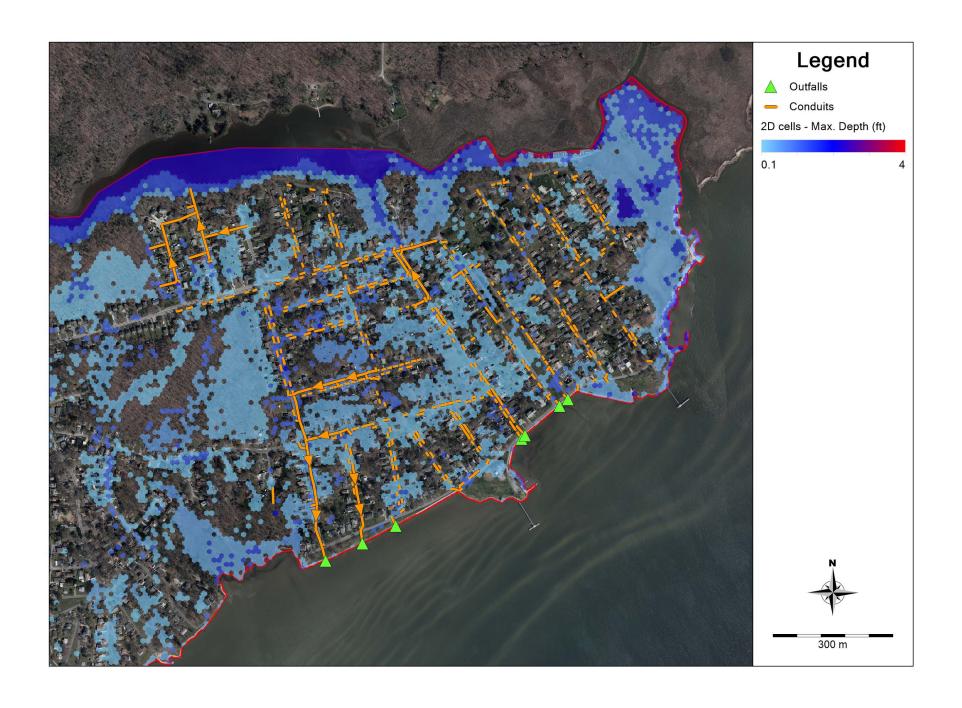


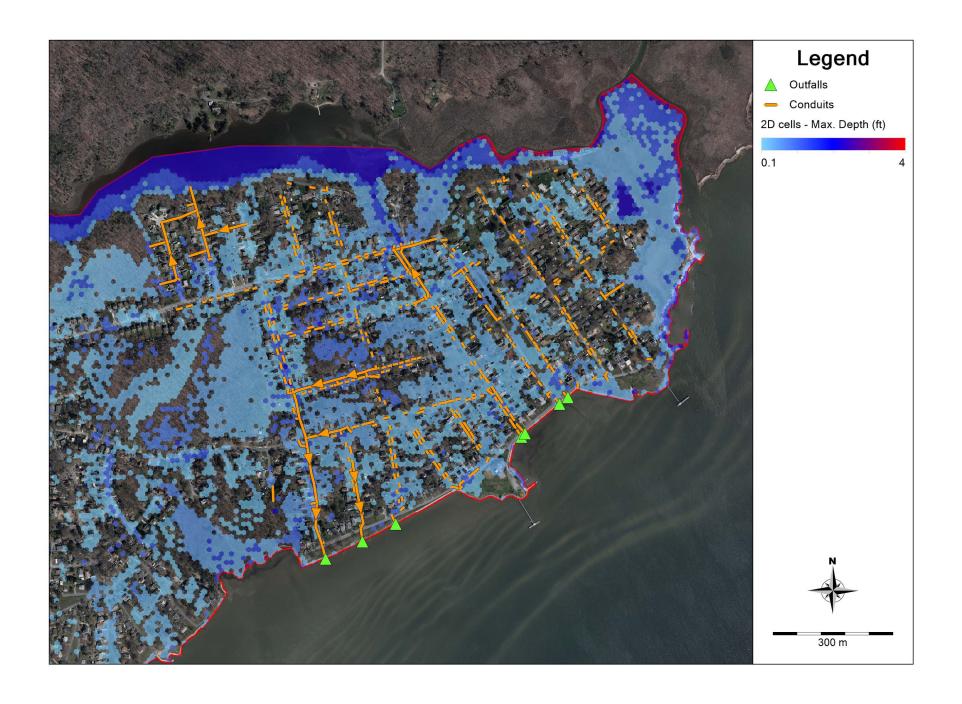




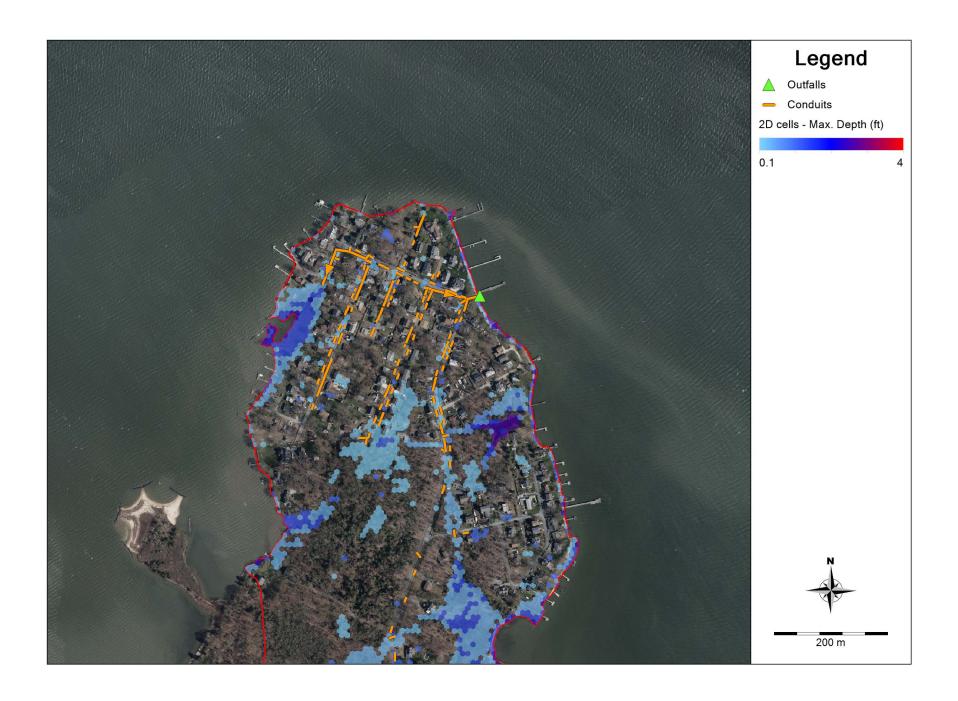


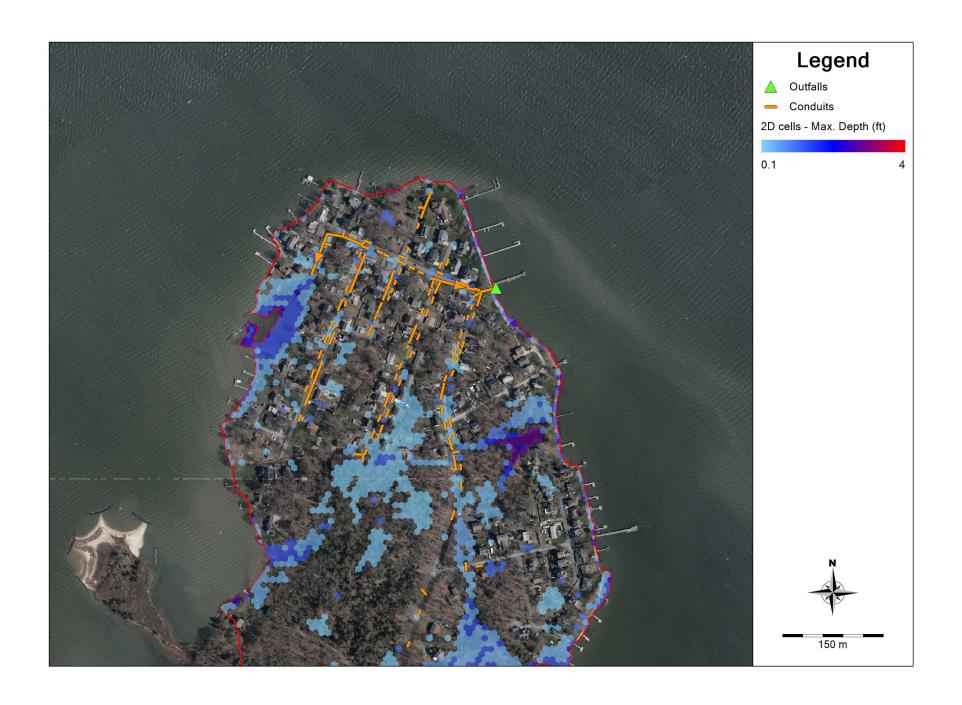


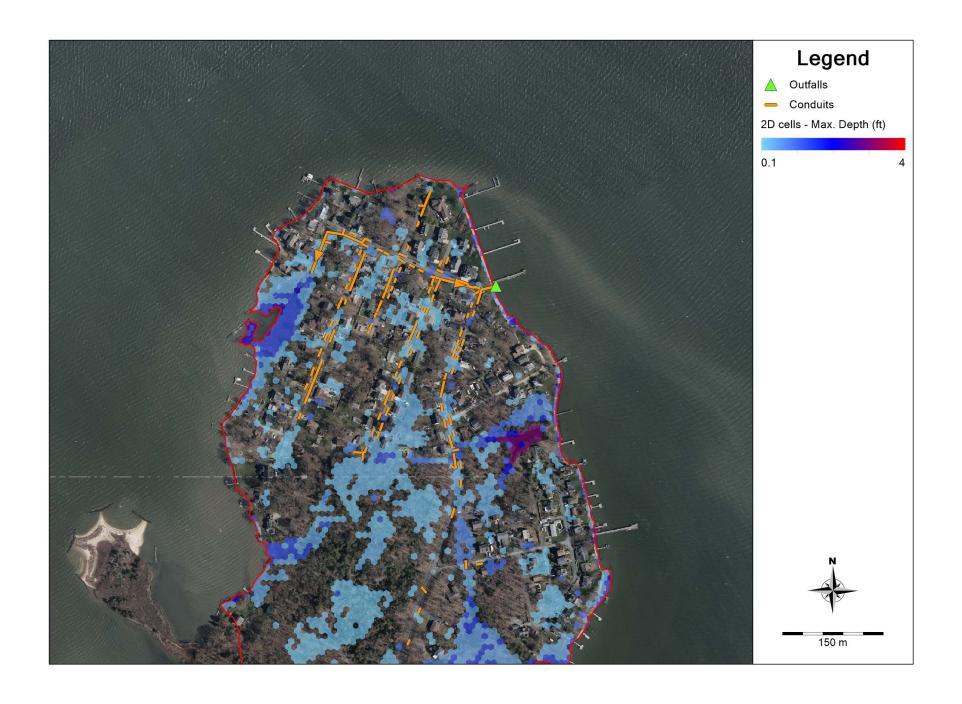




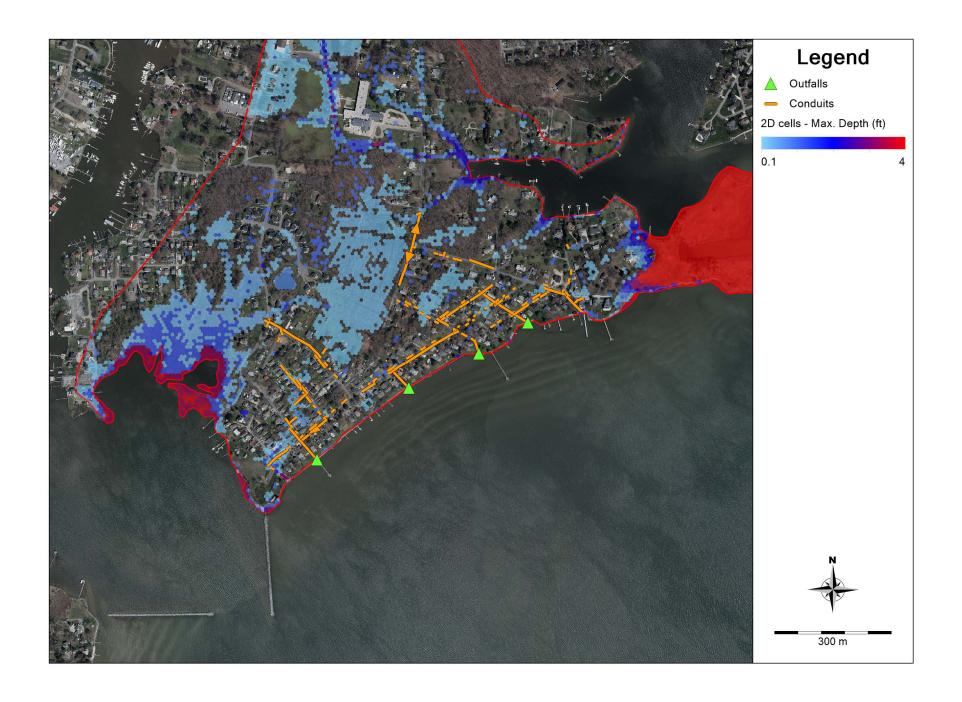


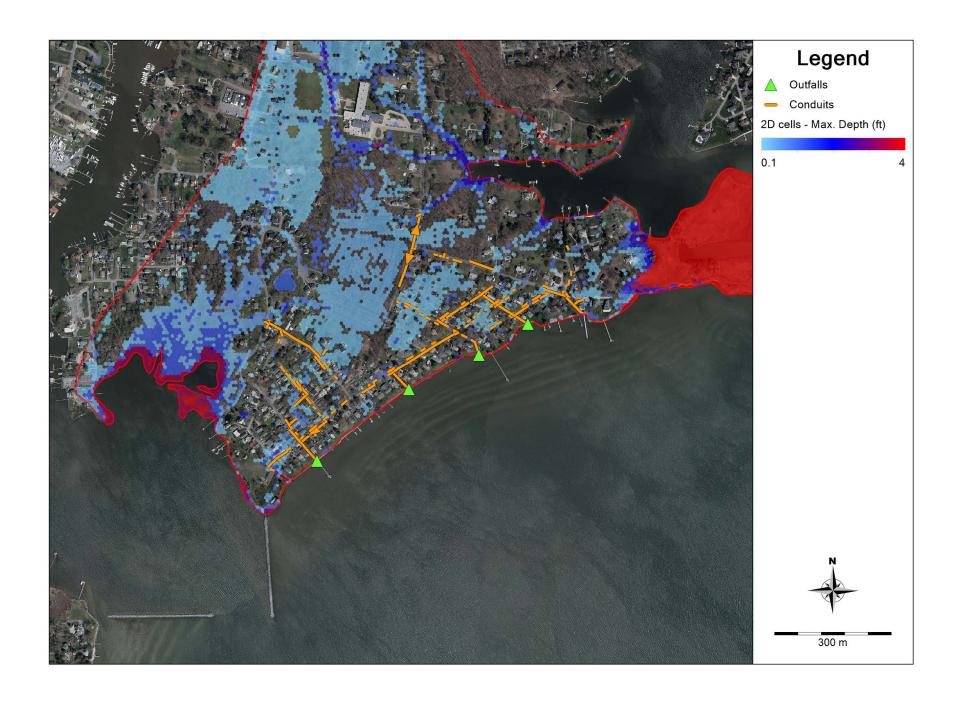


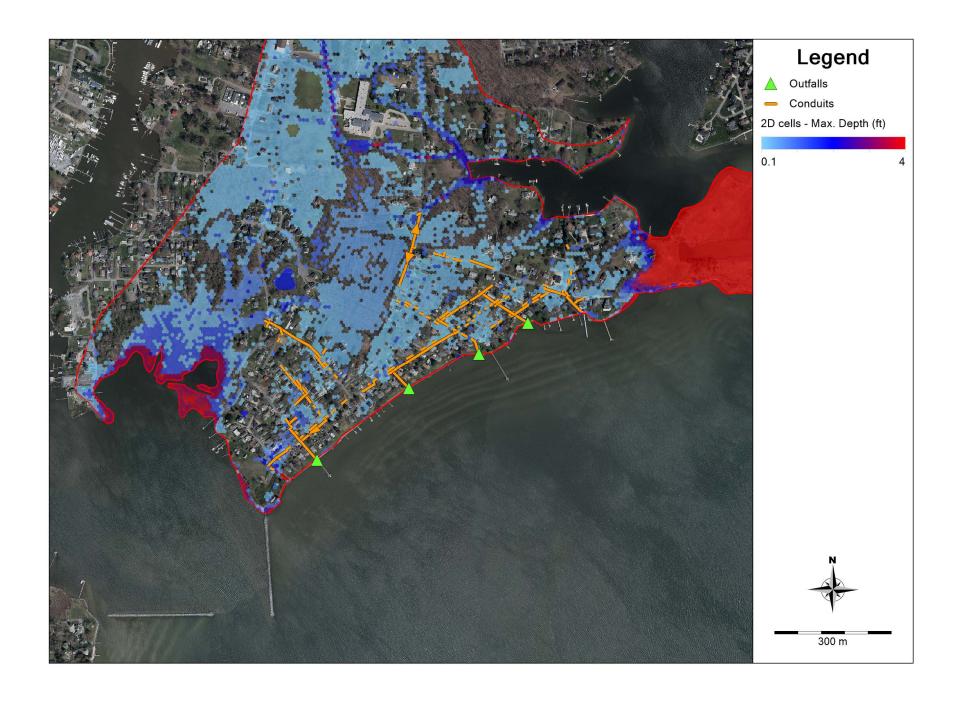




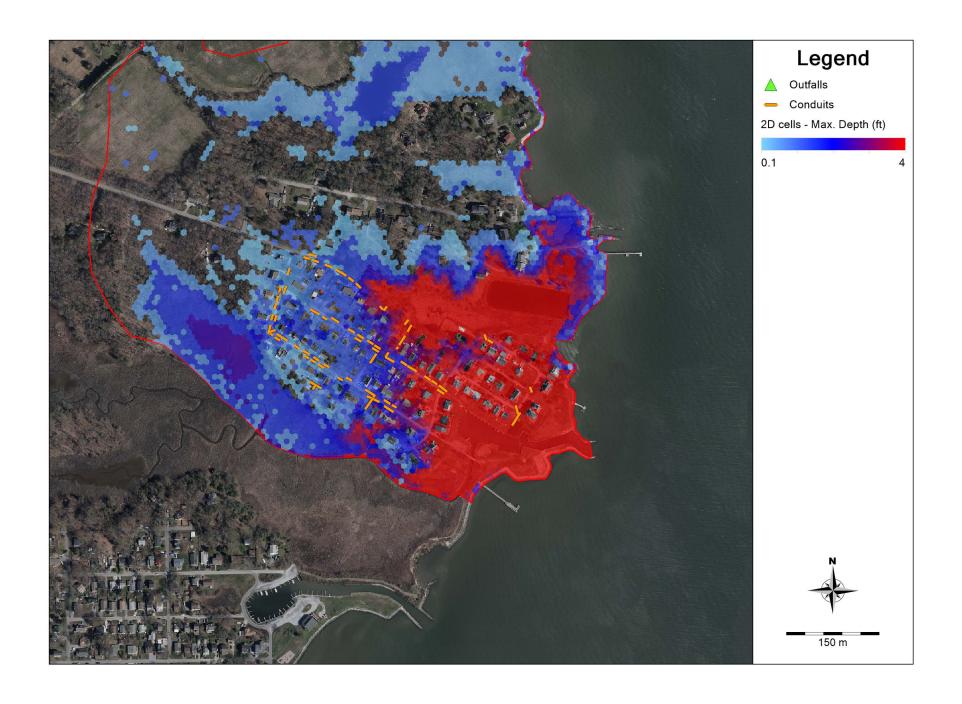


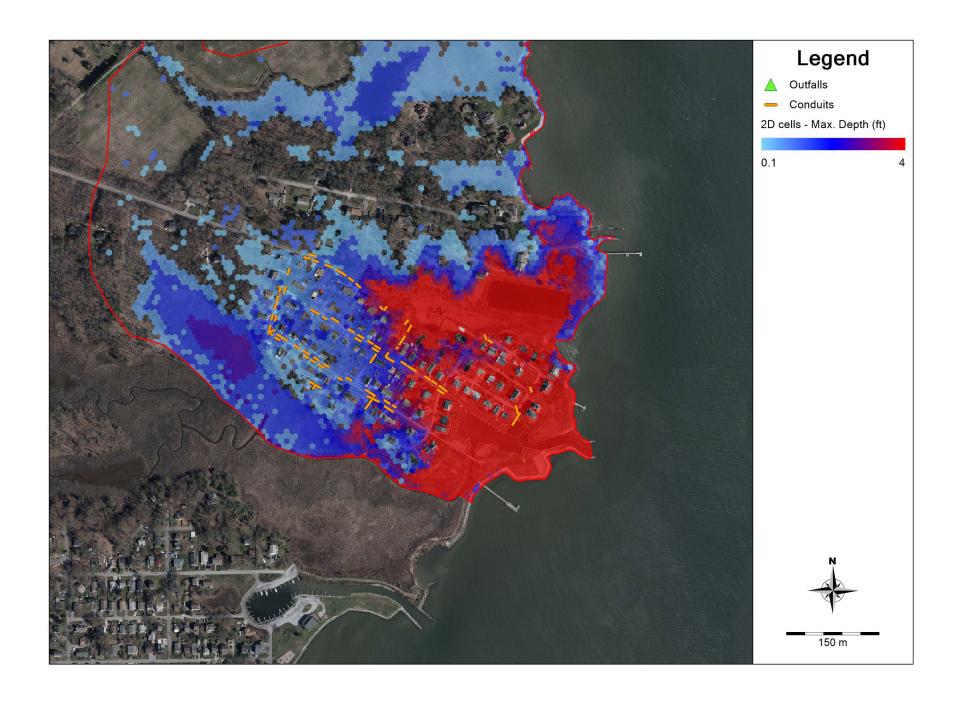


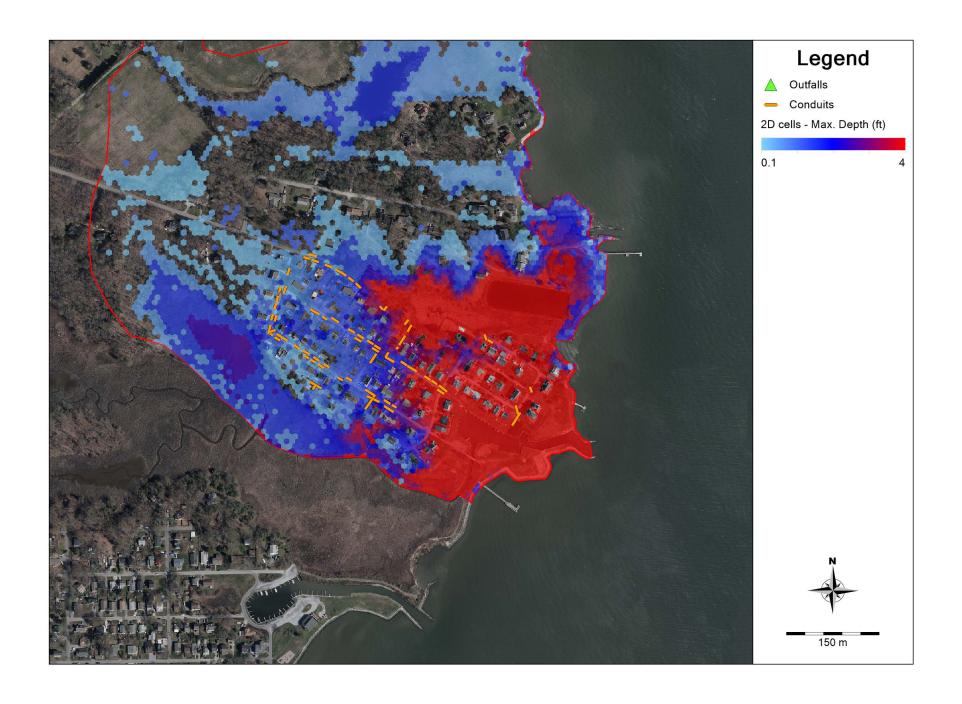




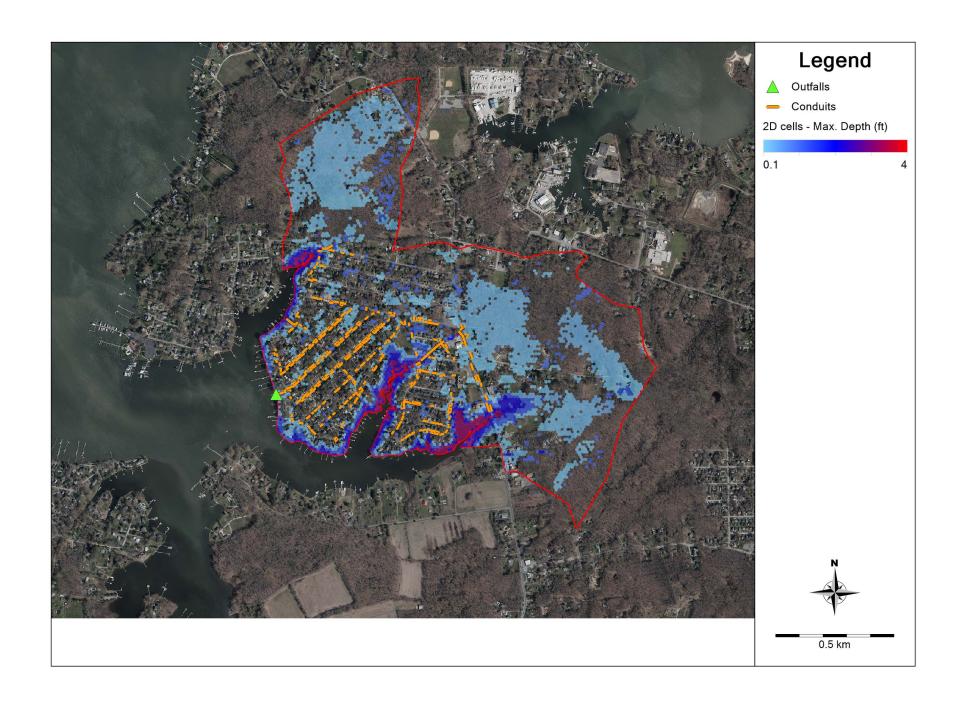


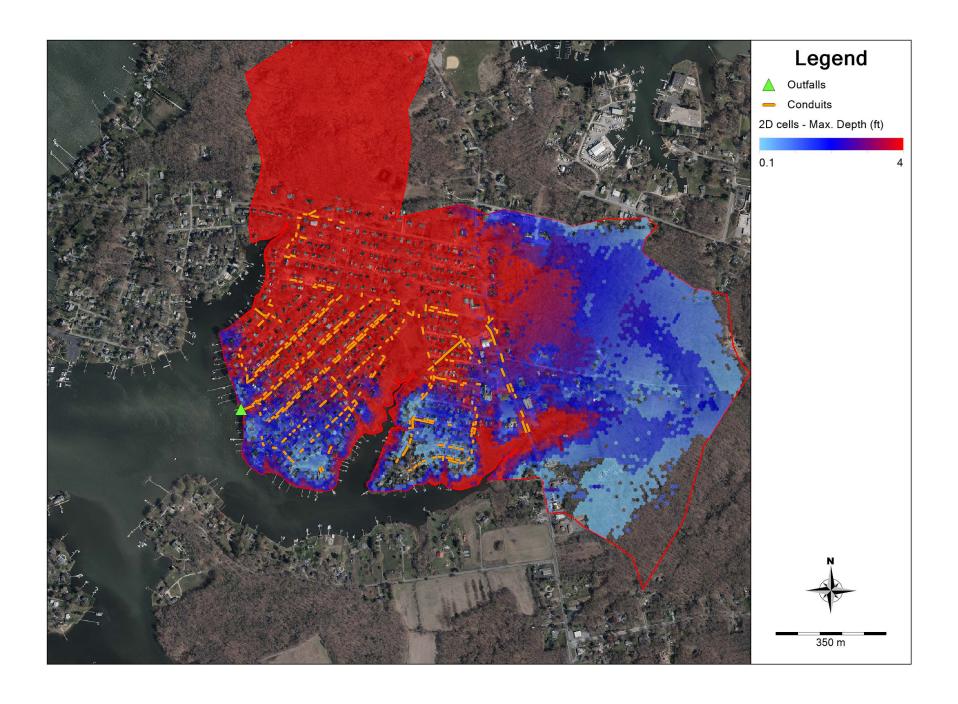


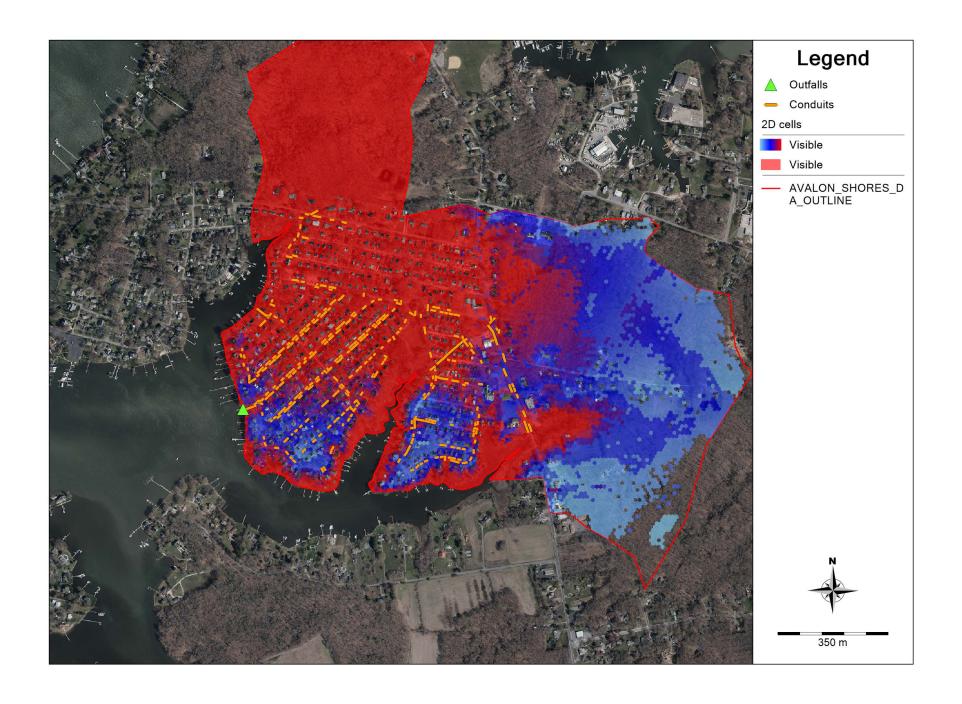


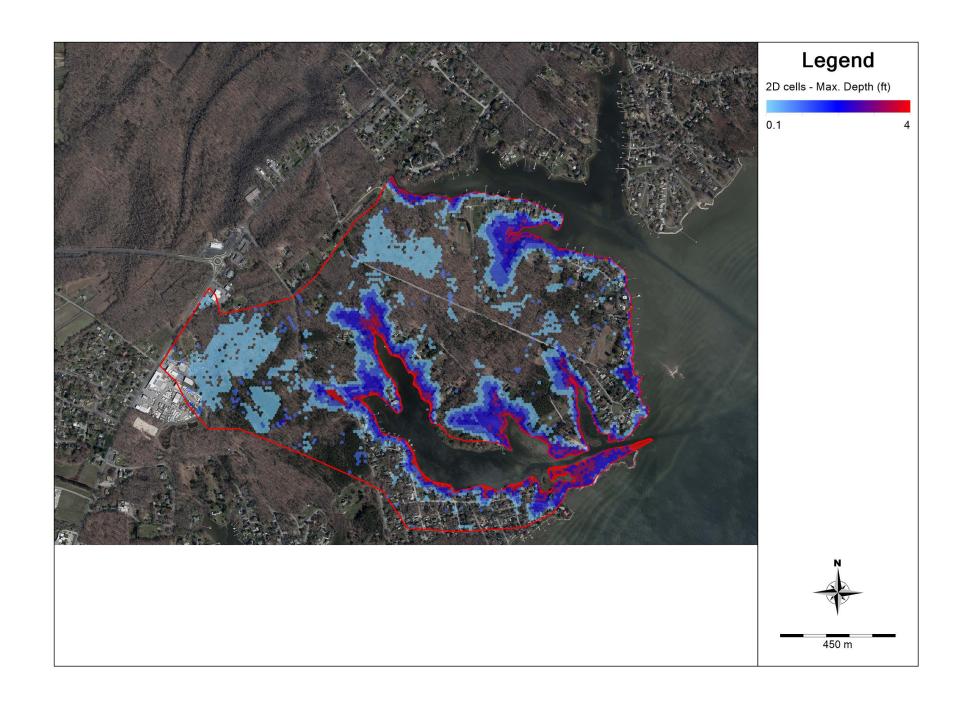


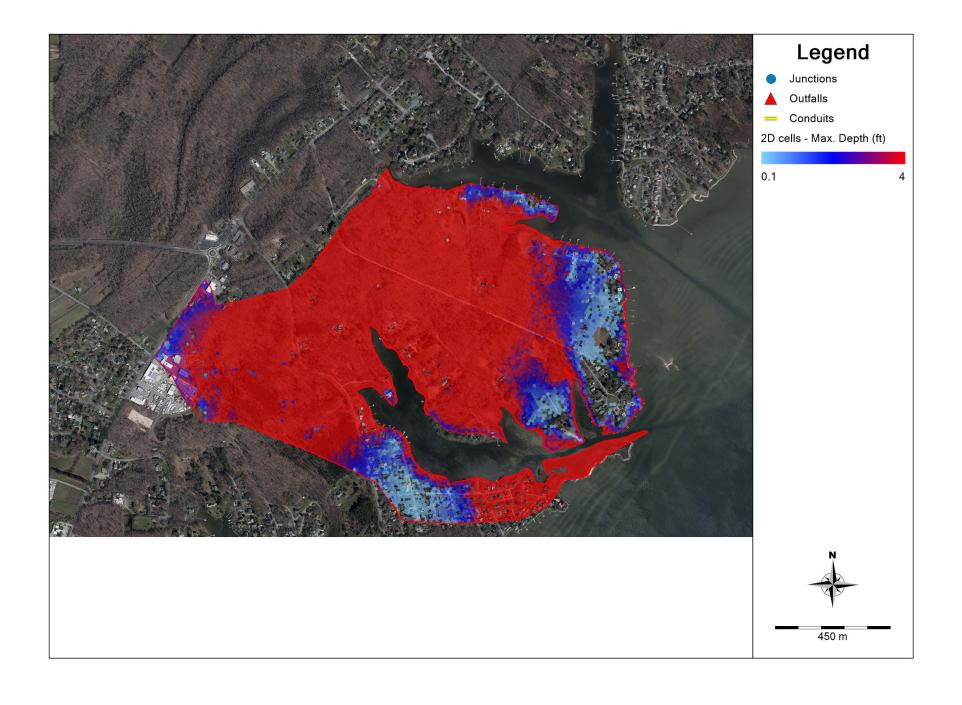


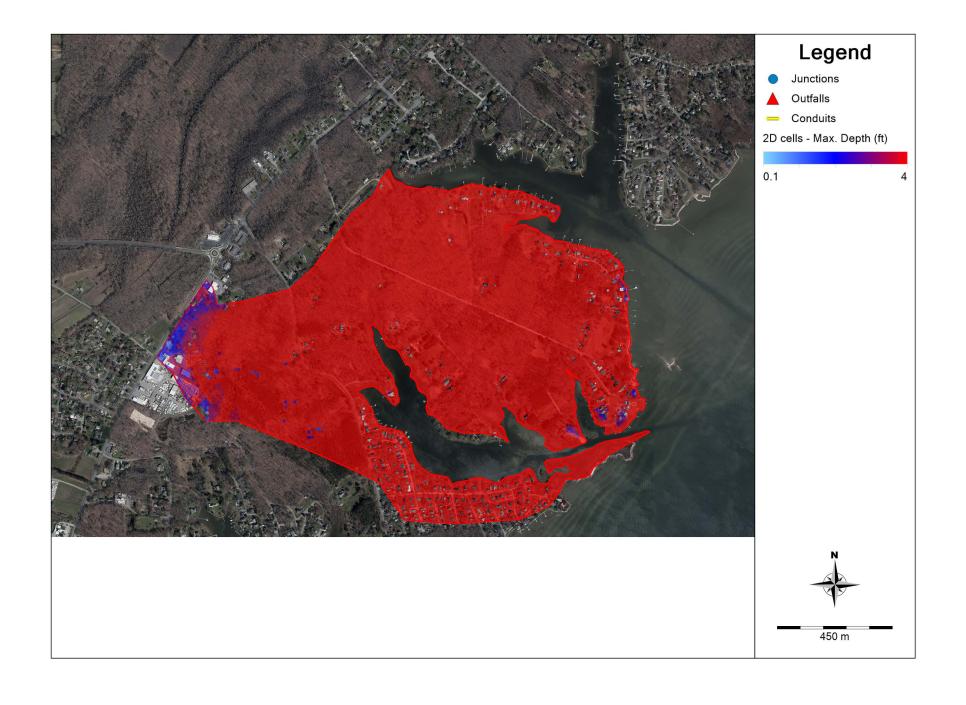


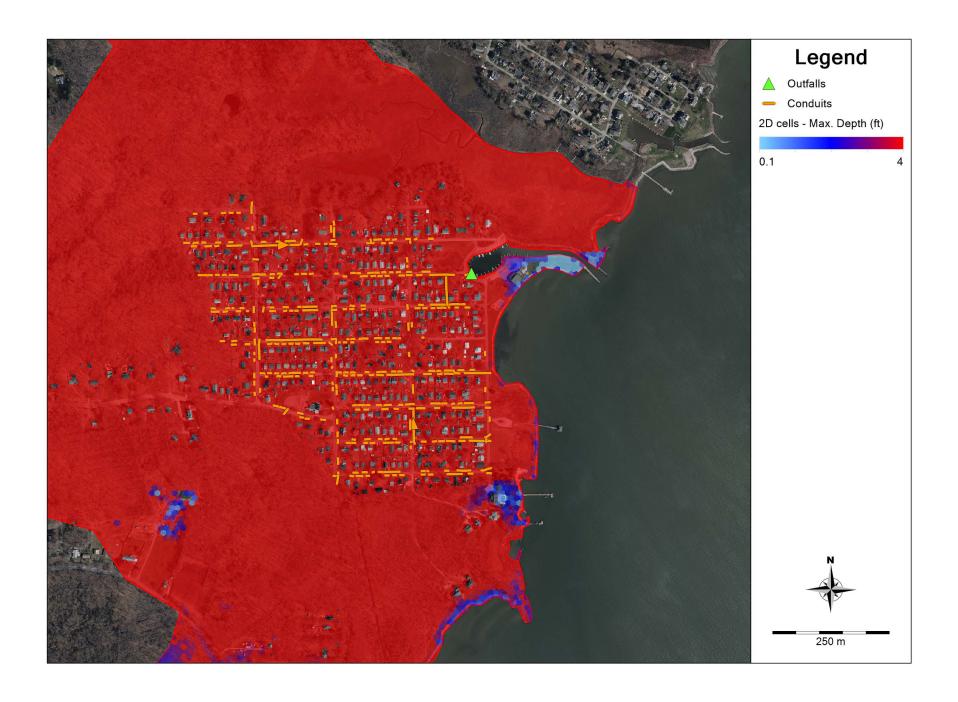


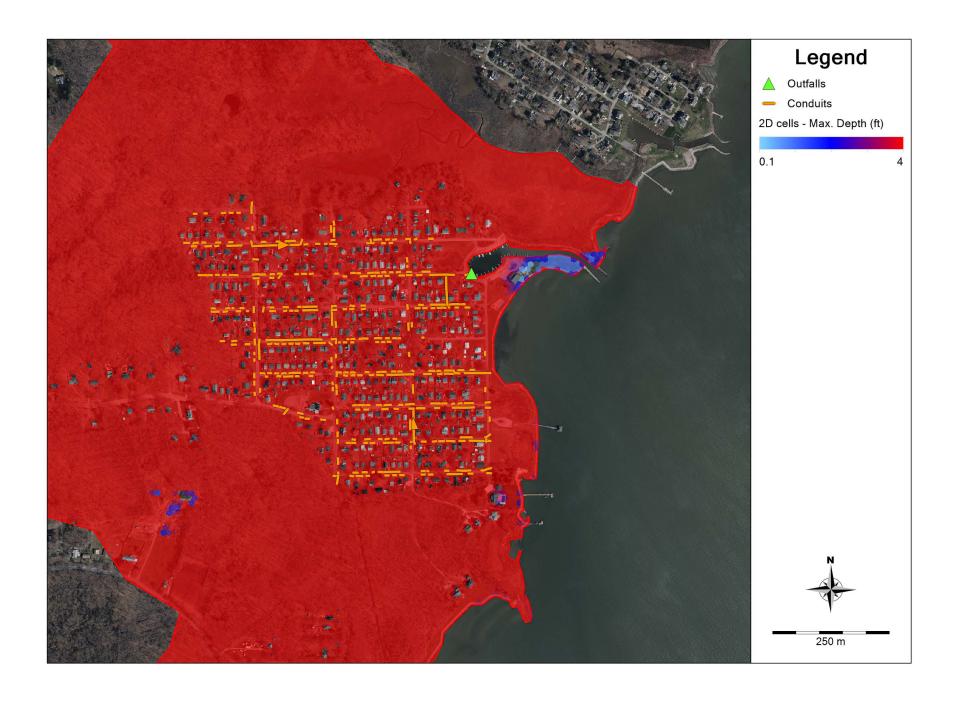


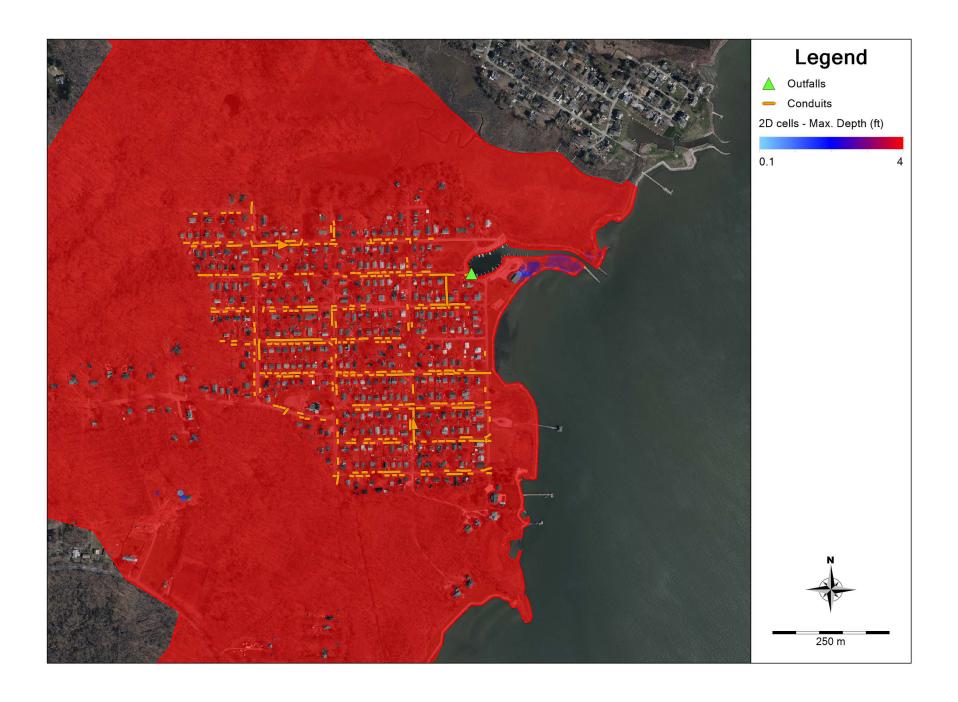


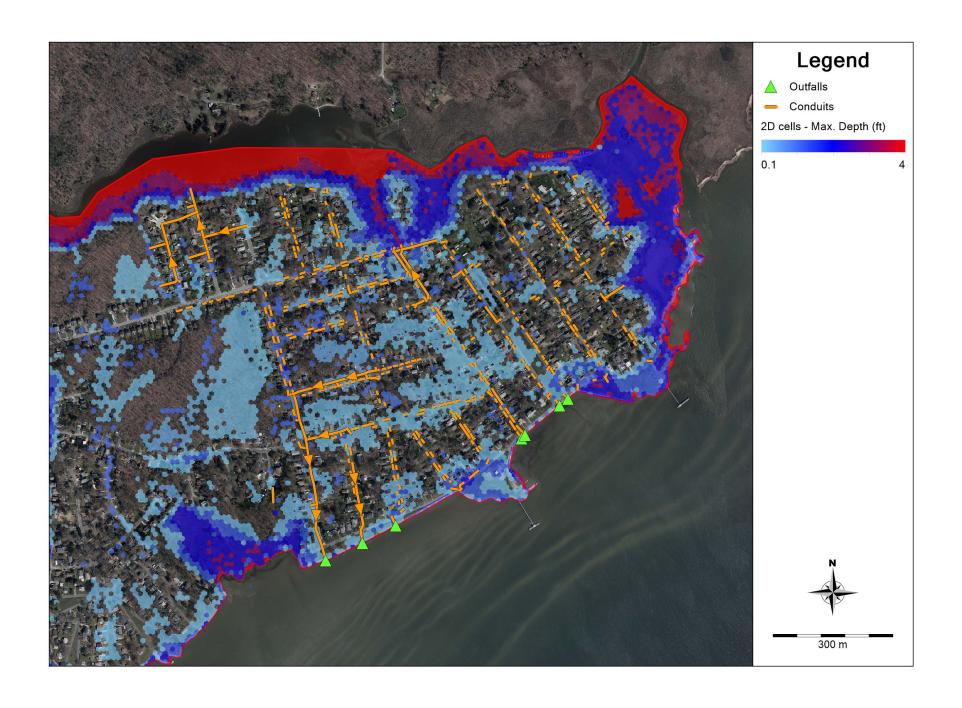


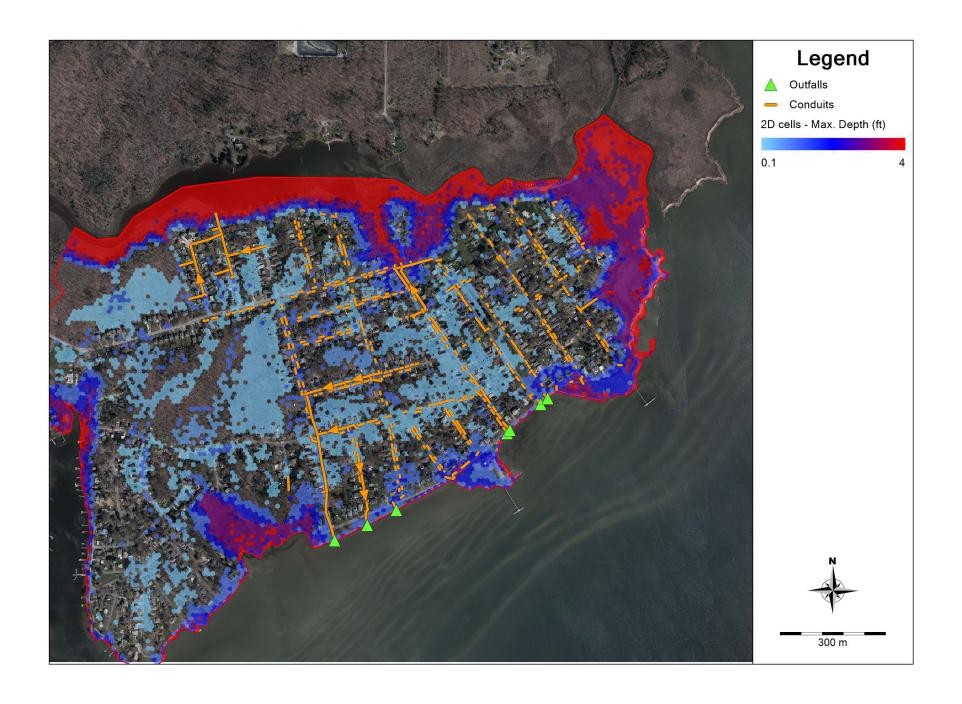


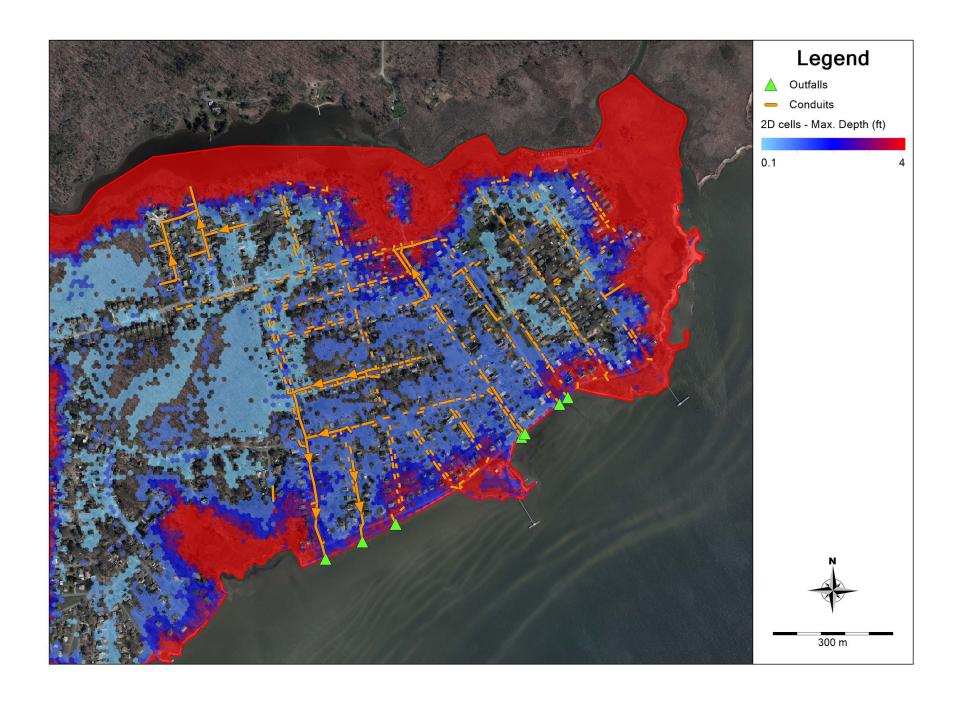


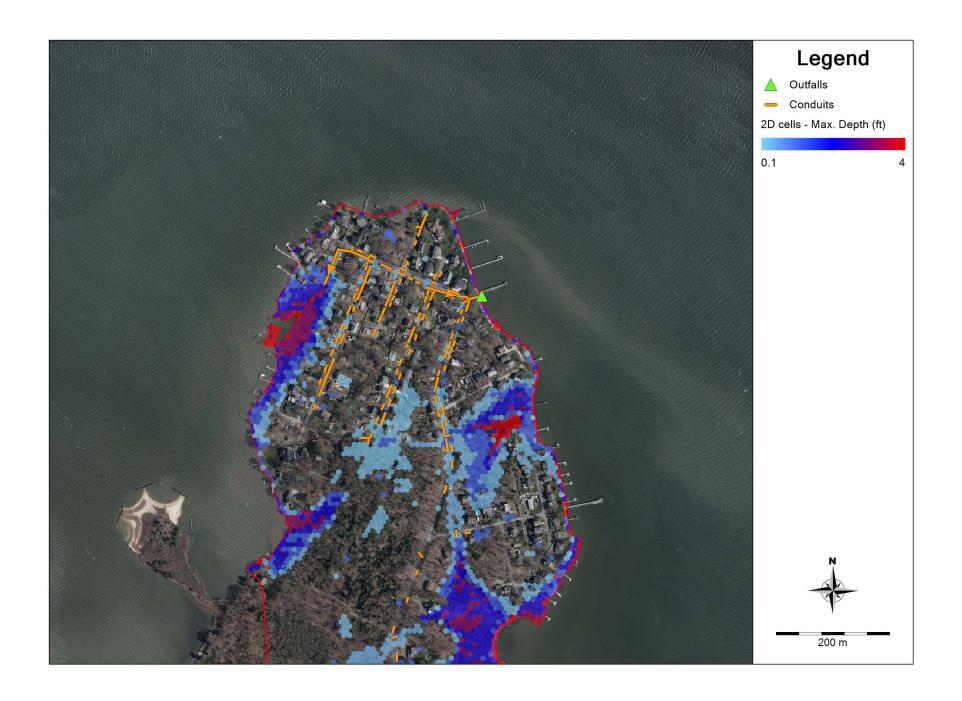


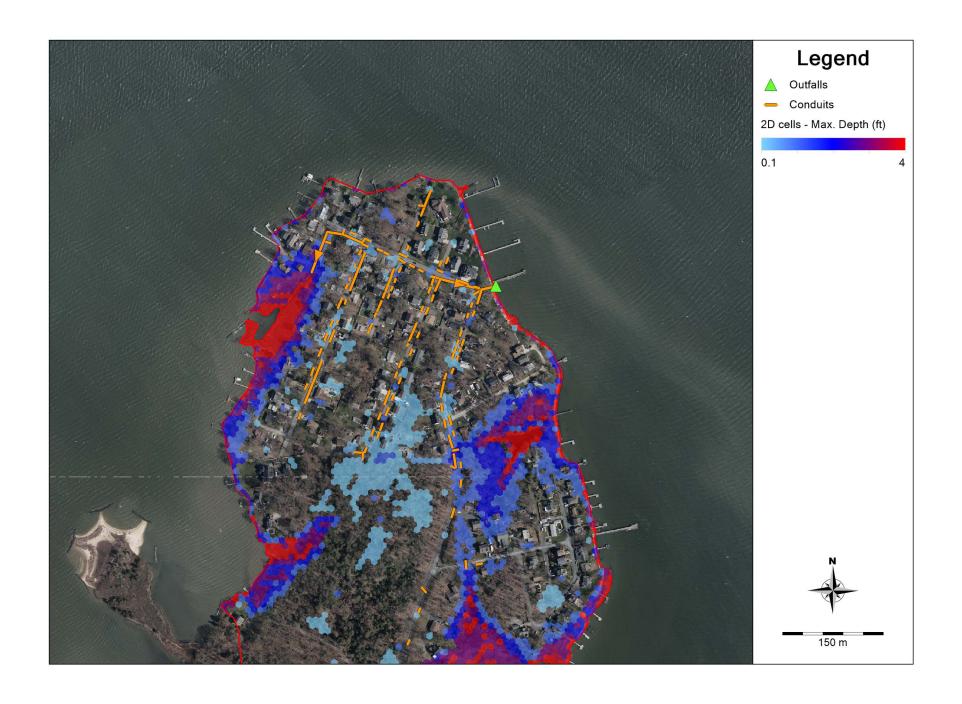


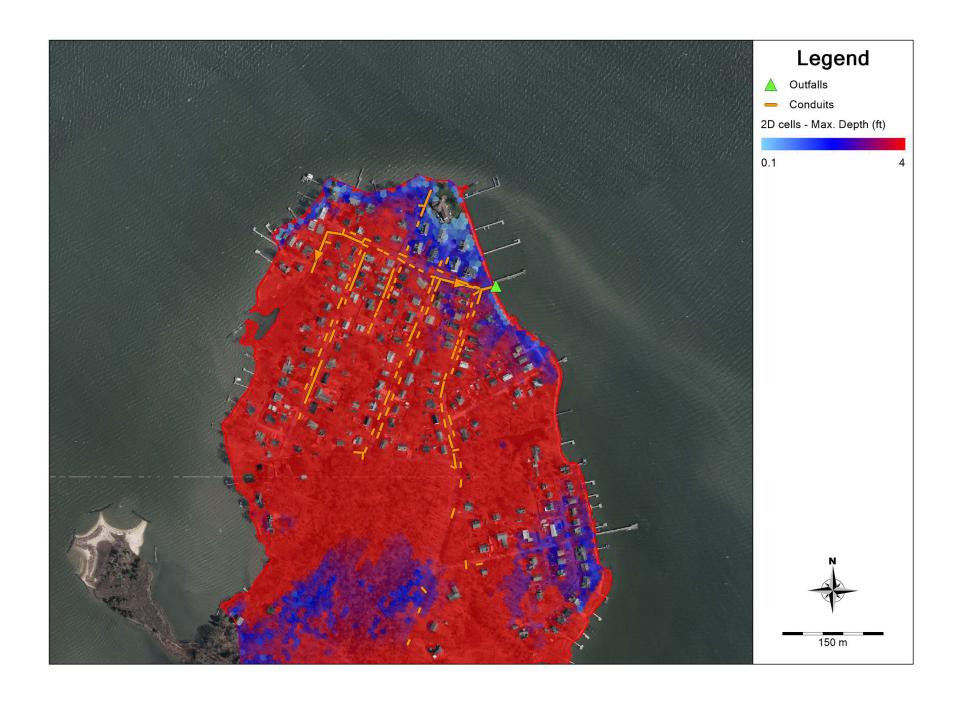


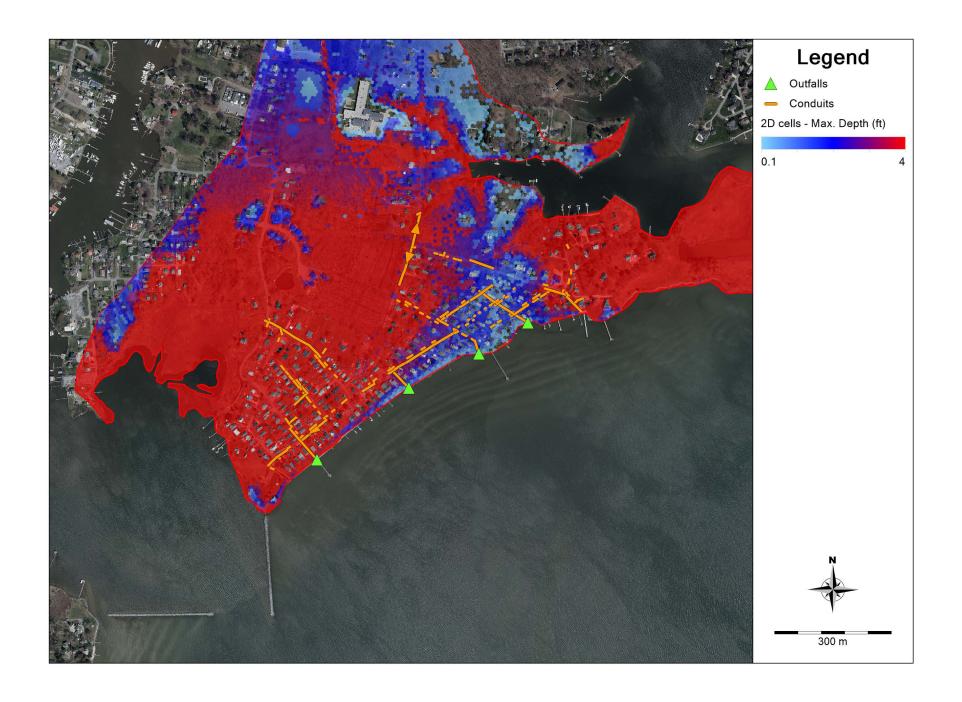


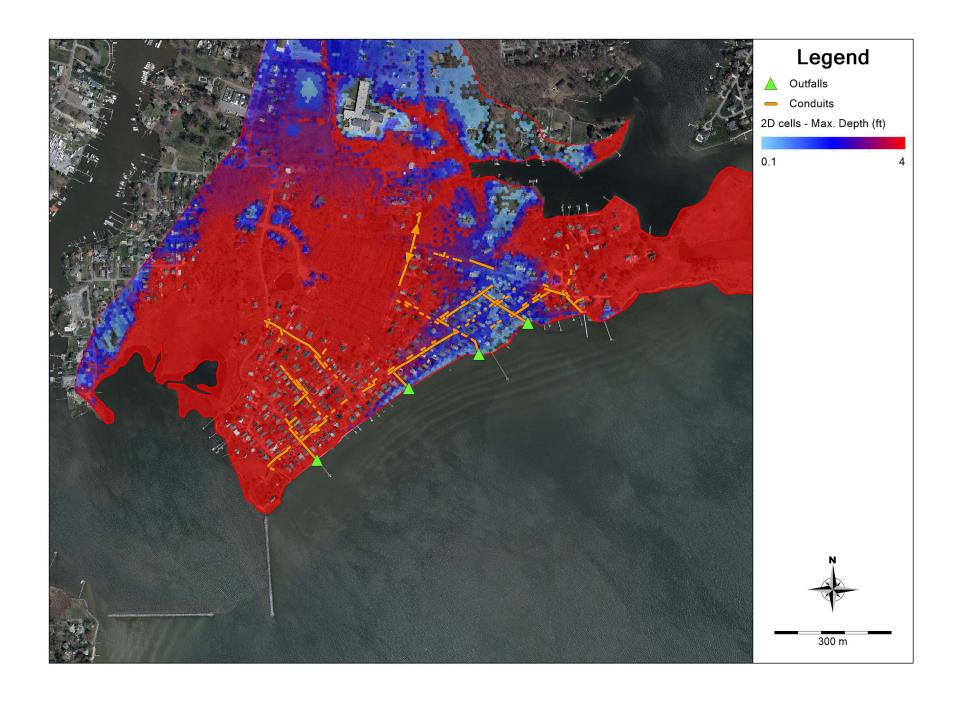


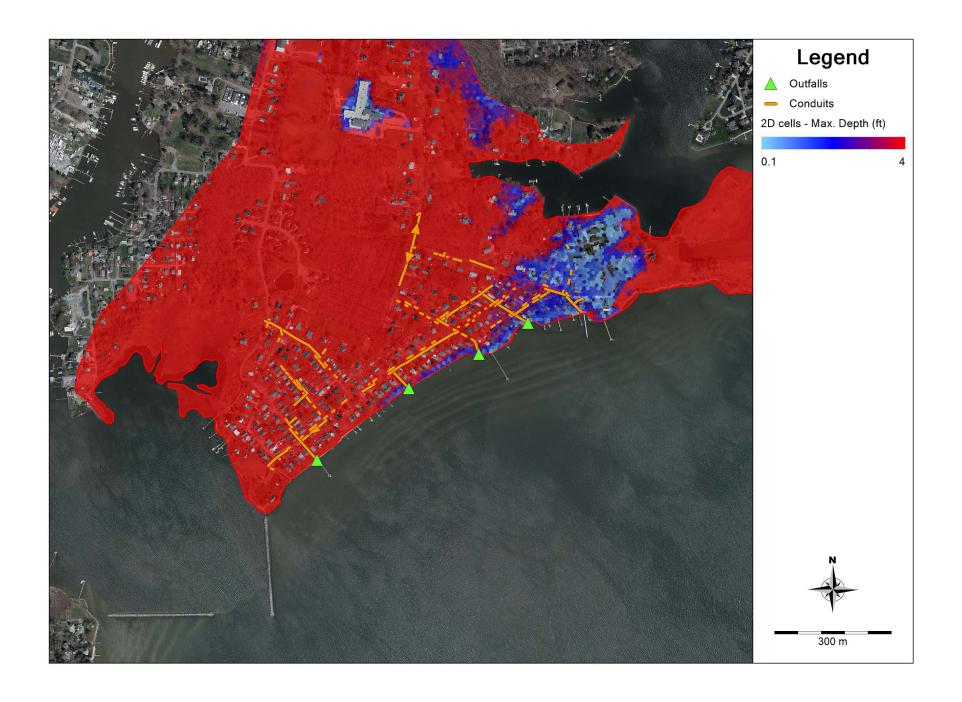


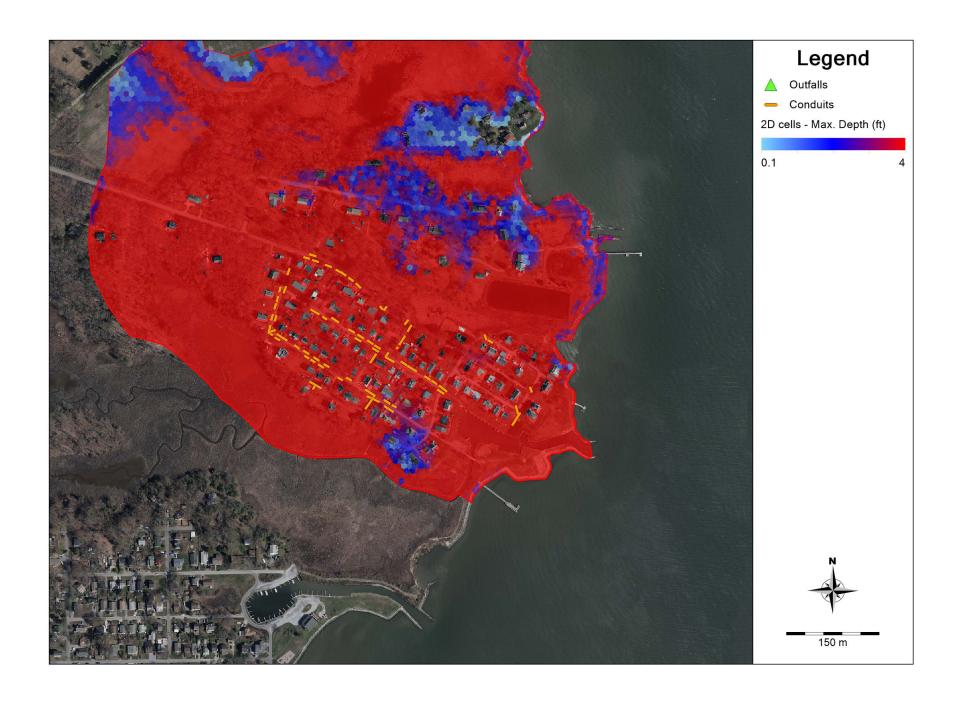


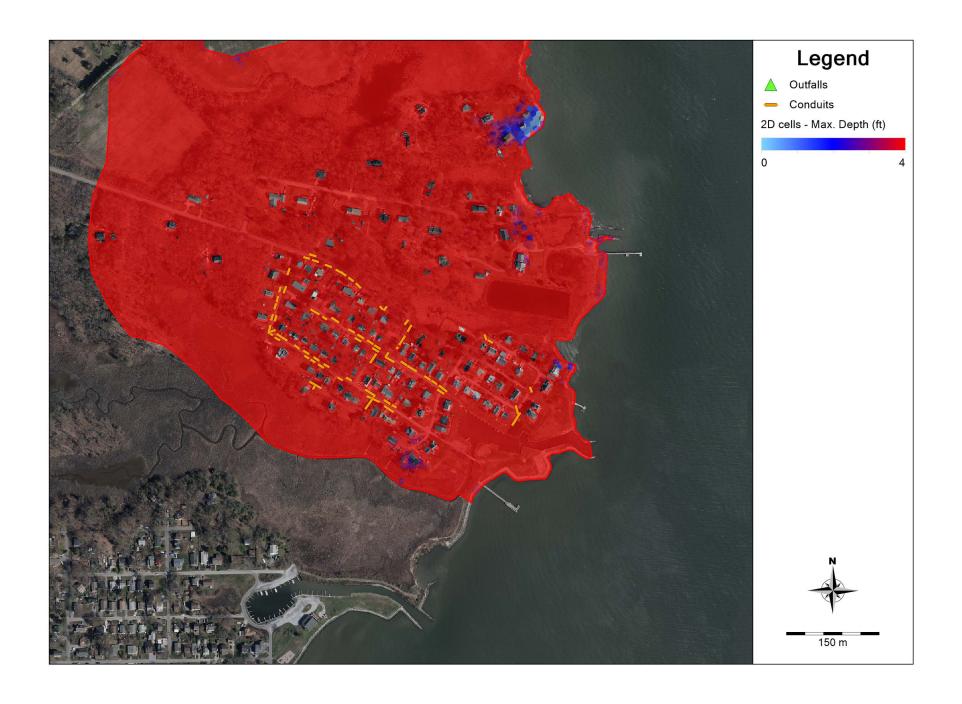


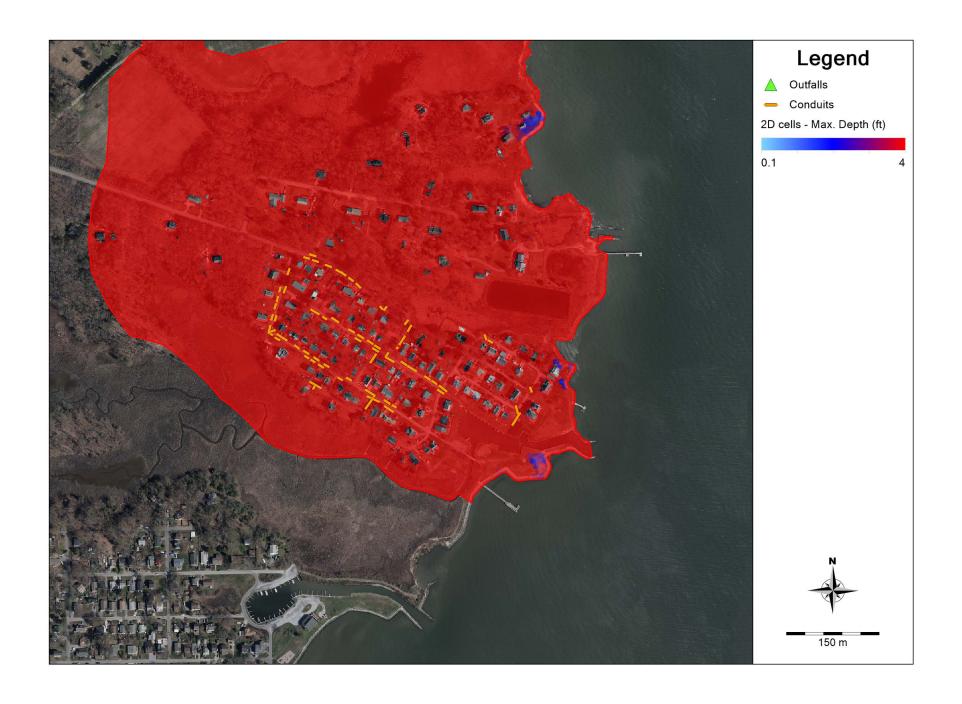




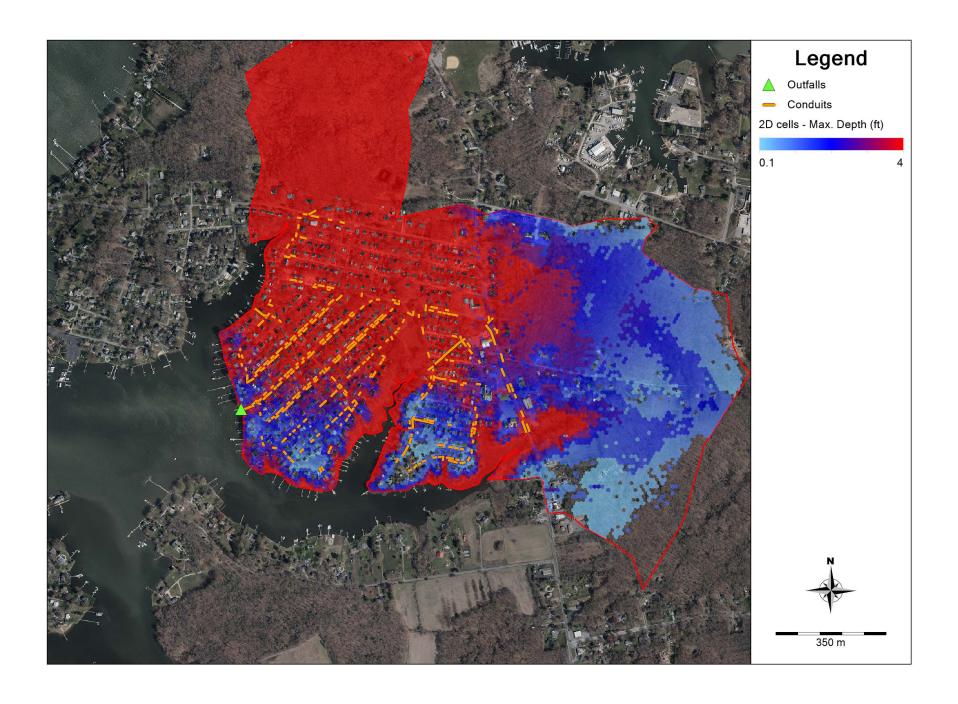


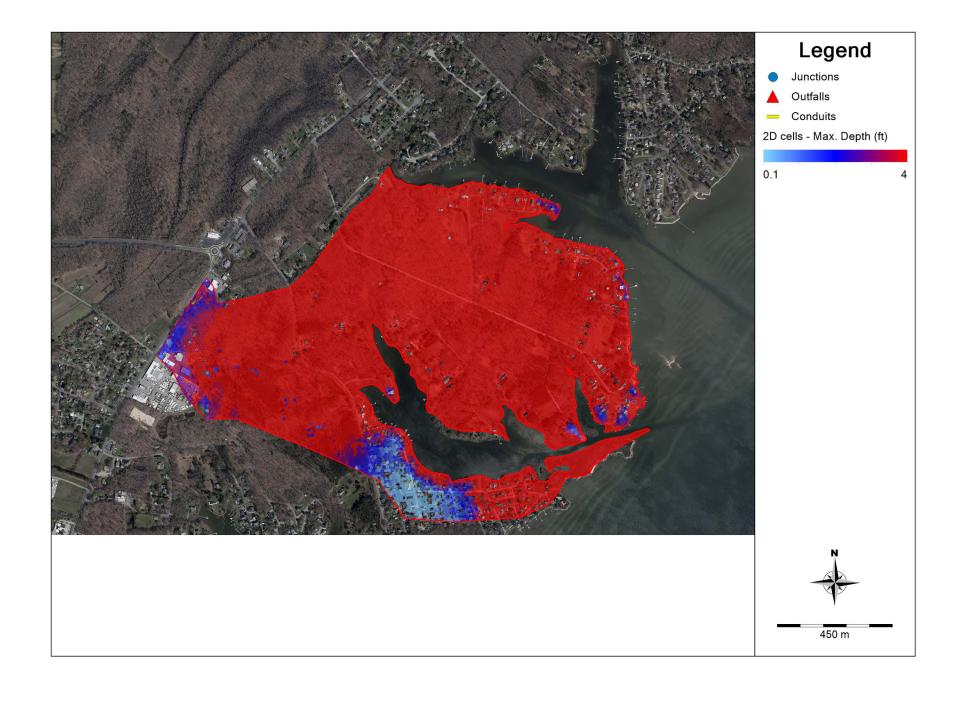


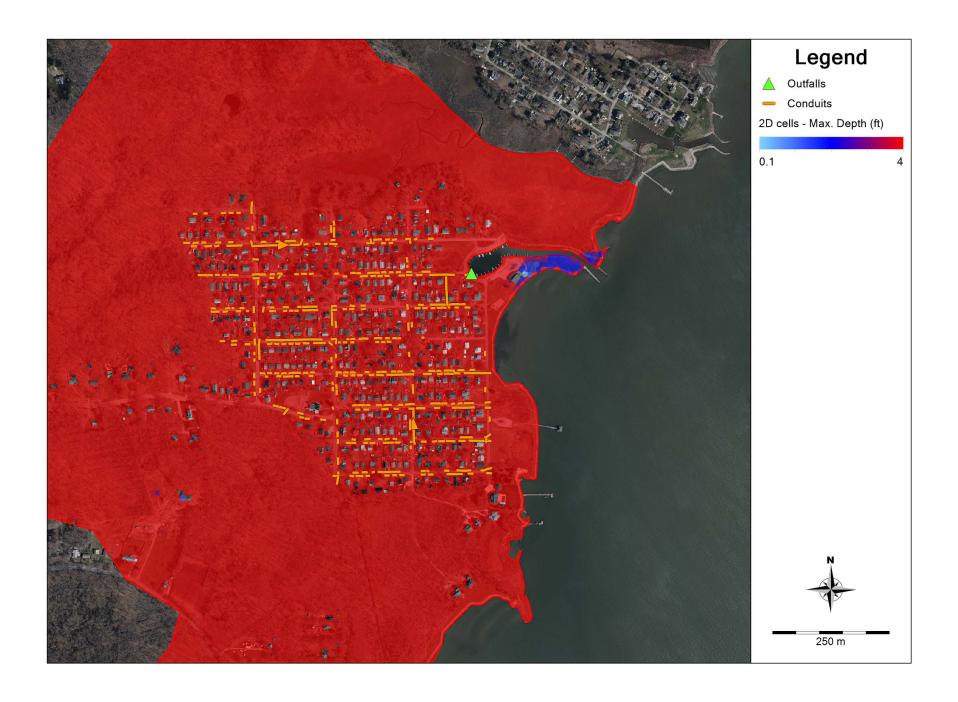


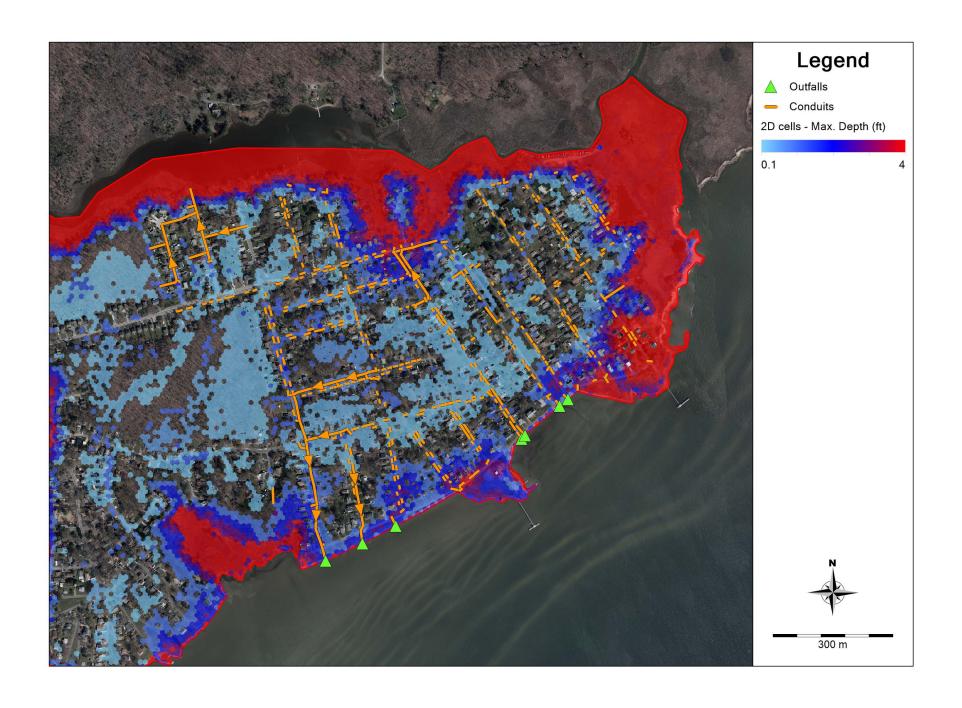


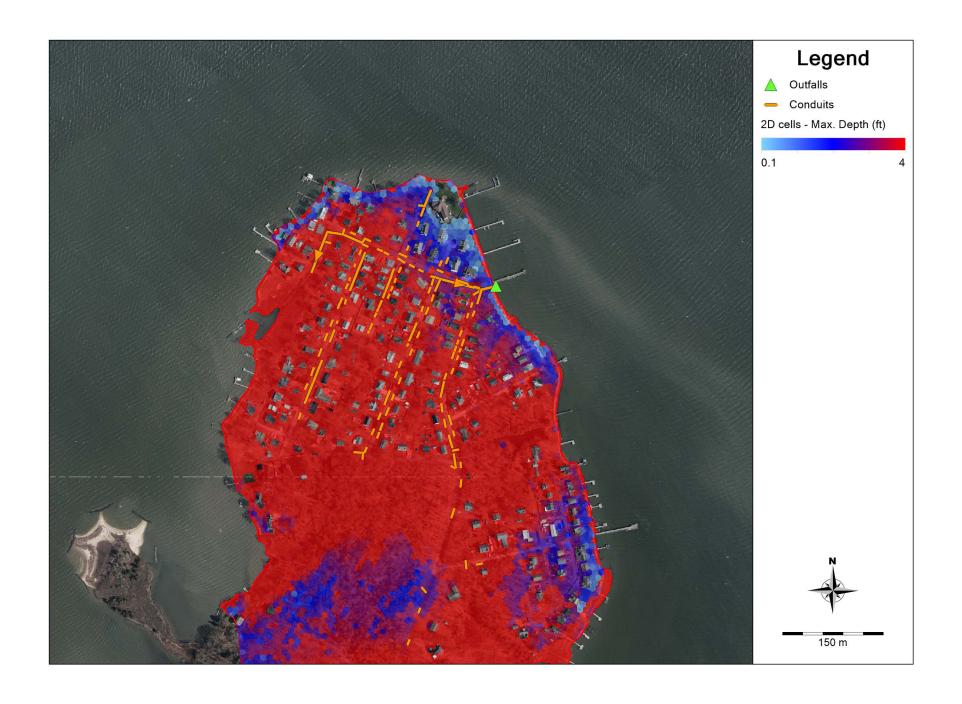


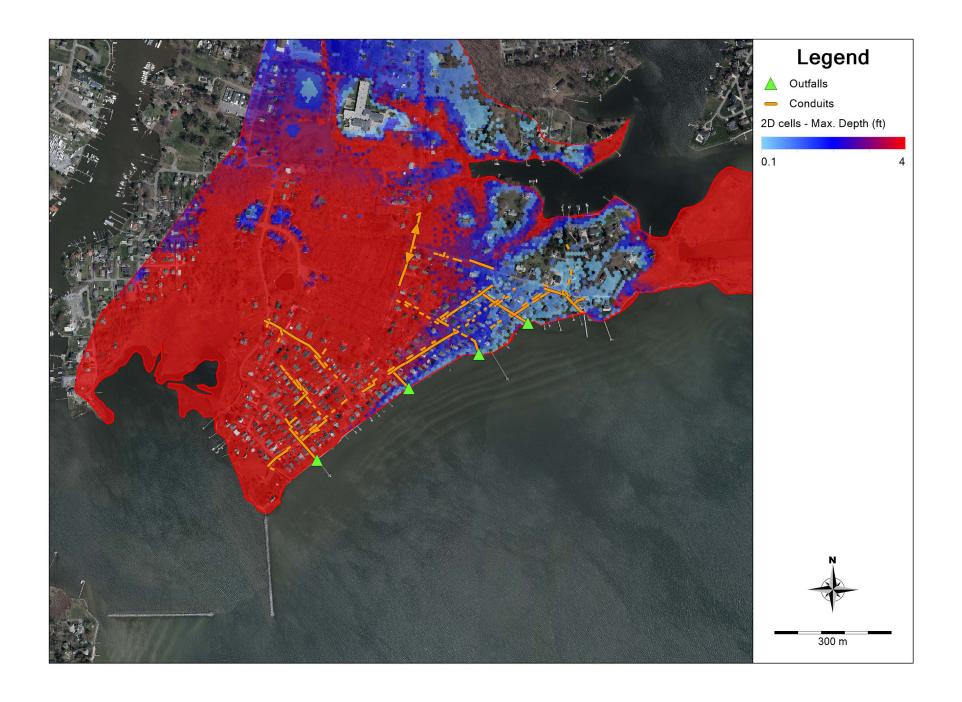


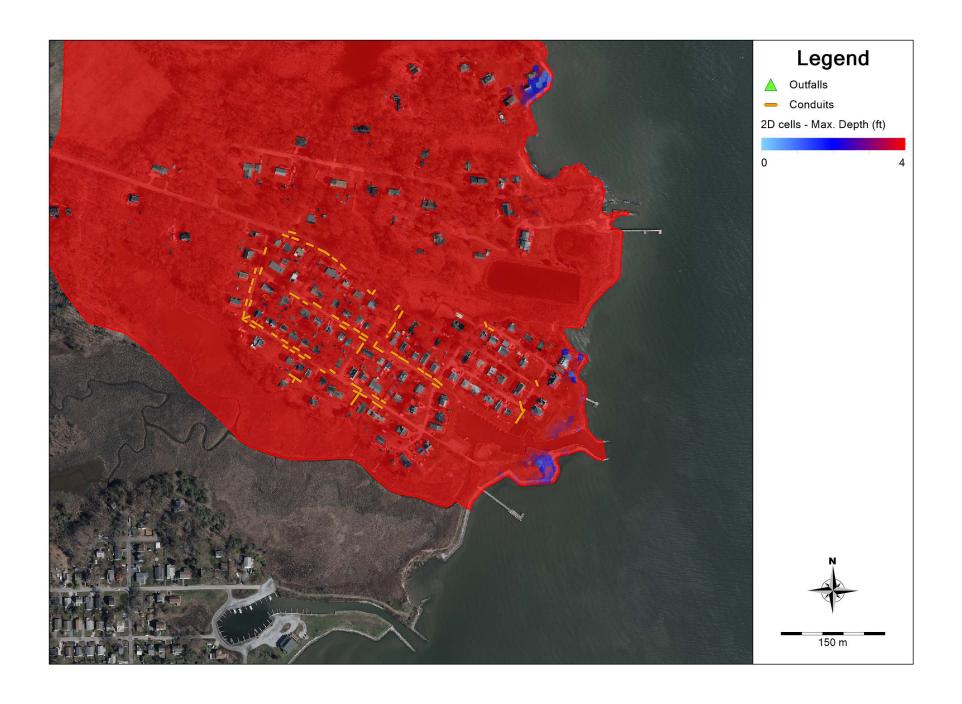


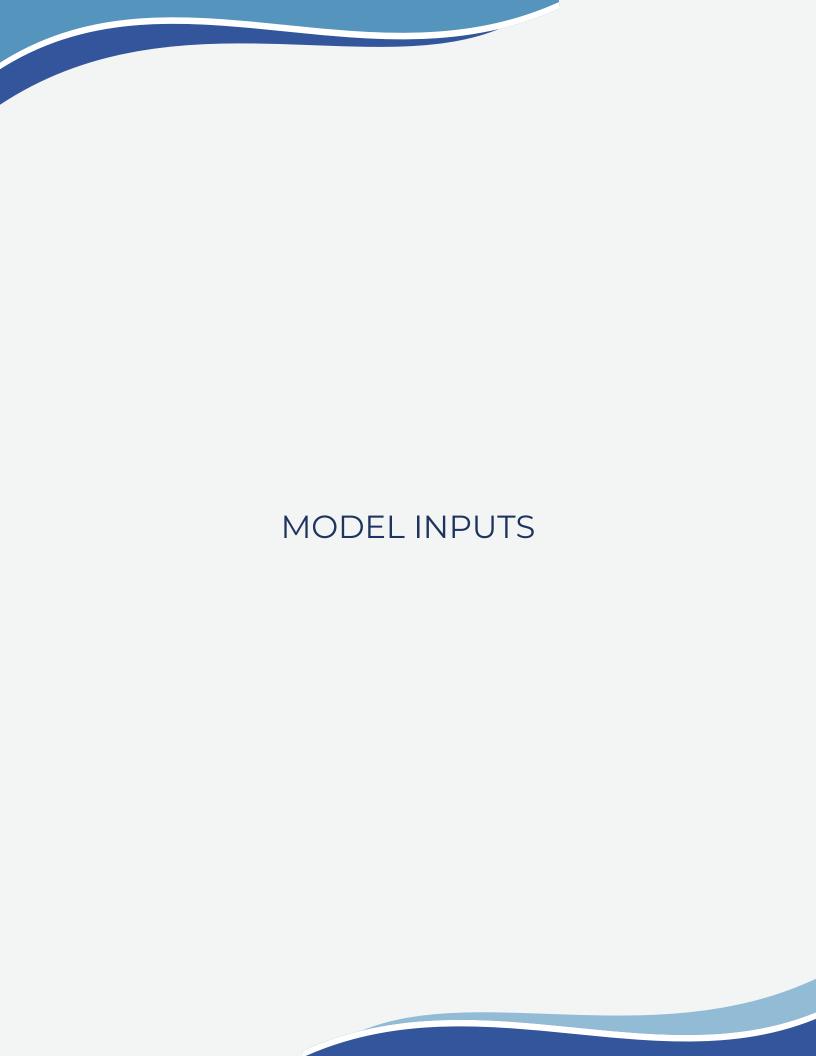












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INFILTRATION HORTON	[EVAPORATION]
FLOW_ROUTING DYNWAVE	;;Data Source Parameters
LINK_OFFSETS DEPTH	:;
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SKIP_STEADY_STATE NO	
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START_TIME 00:00:00	;;
REPORT_START_DATE 08/07/2024	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
REPORT_START_TIME 00:00:00	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
END_DATE 08/07/2024	10YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES 10YR-STORM
END_TIME 23:54:00	2YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
SWEEP_START 01/01	2YR-STORM
SWEEP_END 12/31	
DRY_DAYS 0	[CURVES]
REPORT_STEP 00:01:00	;;Name Type X-Value Y-Value
WET_STEP 00:05:00	··
DRY_STEP 00:05:00	2000 Tidal 0 -0.721
ROUTING_STEP 0.5	2000 0.17 -0.773
RULE_STEP 00:00:00	2000 0.33 -0.782
	2000 0.5 -0.791
INERTIAL_DAMPING FULL	2000 0.67 -0.8
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED BOTH	2000 0.83 -0.809
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION H-W	2000 1 -0.773
VARIABLE_STEP 0.75	2000 1.17 -0.733
LENGTHENING_STEP 0	2000 1.33 -0.693
MIN_SURFAREA 1	2000 1.5 -0.652
MAX_TRIALS 8	2000 1.67 -0.612

Broadwater Point Input	HEAD_TOLERANCE 0.005
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FLOW_ROUTING DYNWAVE	;;Data Source Parameters
LINK_OFFSETS DEPTH	··
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SKIP_STEADY_STATE NO	
	[RAINGAGES]
START_DATE 08/07/2024	;;Name Format Interval SCF Source
START_TIME 00:00:00	;;
REPORT_START_DATE 08/07/2024	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES 100YR-STORM
REPORT_START_TIME 00:00:00	10YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
END_DATE 08/07/2024	10YR-STORM
END_TIME 23:54:00	2YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
SWEEP_START 01/01	2YR-STORM
SWEEP_END 12/31	[CURVES]
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REPORT_STEP 00:01:00	;;
WET_STEP 00:05:00	2000 Tidal 0 -0.721
DRY_STEP 00:05:00	2000 0.17 -0.773
ROUTING_STEP 0.5	2000 0.33 -0.782
RULE_STEP 00:00:00	2000 0.5 -0.791
	2000 0.67 -0.8
INERTIAL_DAMPING FULL	2000 0.83 -0.809
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED BOTH	2000 1 -0.773
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION H-W	2000 1.17 -0.733
VARIABLE_STEP 0.75	2000 1.33 -0.693
LENGTHENING_STEP 0	2000 1.5 -0.652
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Cedarhurst Input	HEAD_TOLERANCE 0.005
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ALLOW_PONDING NO	DRY_ONLY NO
SKIP_STEADY_STATE NO	
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START_TIME 00:00:00	;;
REPORT_START_DATE 08/07/2024	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
REPORT_START_TIME 00:00:00	100YR-STORM 10YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
END_DATE 08/07/2024	10YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES 10YR-STORM
END_TIME 23:54:00	2YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
SWEEP_START 01/01	2YR-STORM
SWEEP_END 12/31	
DRY_DAYS 0	[CURVES]
REPORT_STEP 00:01:00	;;Name Type X-Value Y-Value
WET_STEP 00:05:00	;;
DRY_STEP 00:05:00	2000 Tidal 0 -0.721
ROUTING_STEP 0.5	2000 0.17 -0.773
RULE_STEP 00:00:00	2000 0.33 -0.782
	2000 0.5 -0.791
INERTIAL_DAMPING FULL	2000 0.67 -0.8
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED BOTH	2000 0.83 -0.809
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION H-W	2000 1 -0.773
VARIABLE_STEP 0.75	2000 1.17 -0.733
LENGTHENING_STEP 0	2000 1.33 -0.693
MIN_SURFAREA 1	2000 1.5 -0.652
MAX_TRIALS 8	2000 1.67 -0.612

Franklin Manor Input	HEAD_TOLERANCE 0.005
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INFILTRATION HORTON	[EVAPORATION]
FLOW_ROUTING DYNWAVE	;;Data Source Parameters
LINK_OFFSETS DEPTH	;;
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SKIP_STEADY_STATE NO	
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START_TIME 00:00:00	;;
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REPORT_START_TIME 00:00:00	100YR-STORM
END_DATE 08/07/2024	10YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES 10YR-STORM
END_TIME 23:54:00	2YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
SWEEP_START 01/01	2YR-STORM
SWEEP_END 12/31	
DRY_DAYS 0	[CURVES]
REPORT_STEP 00:01:00	;;Name Type X-Value Y-Value
WET_STEP 00:05:00	;;
DRY_STEP 00:05:00	2000 Tidal 0 -0.721
ROUTING_STEP 0.5	2000 0.17 -0.773
RULE_STEP 00:00:00	2000 0.33 -0.782
	2000 0.5 -0.791
INERTIAL_DAMPING FULL	2000 0.67 -0.8
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED BOTH	2000 0.83 -0.809
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION H-W	2000 1 -0.773
VARIABLE_STEP 0.75	2000 1.17 -0.733
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MIN_SURFAREA 1	2000 1.5 -0.652
MAX_TRIALS 8	2000 1.67 -0.612

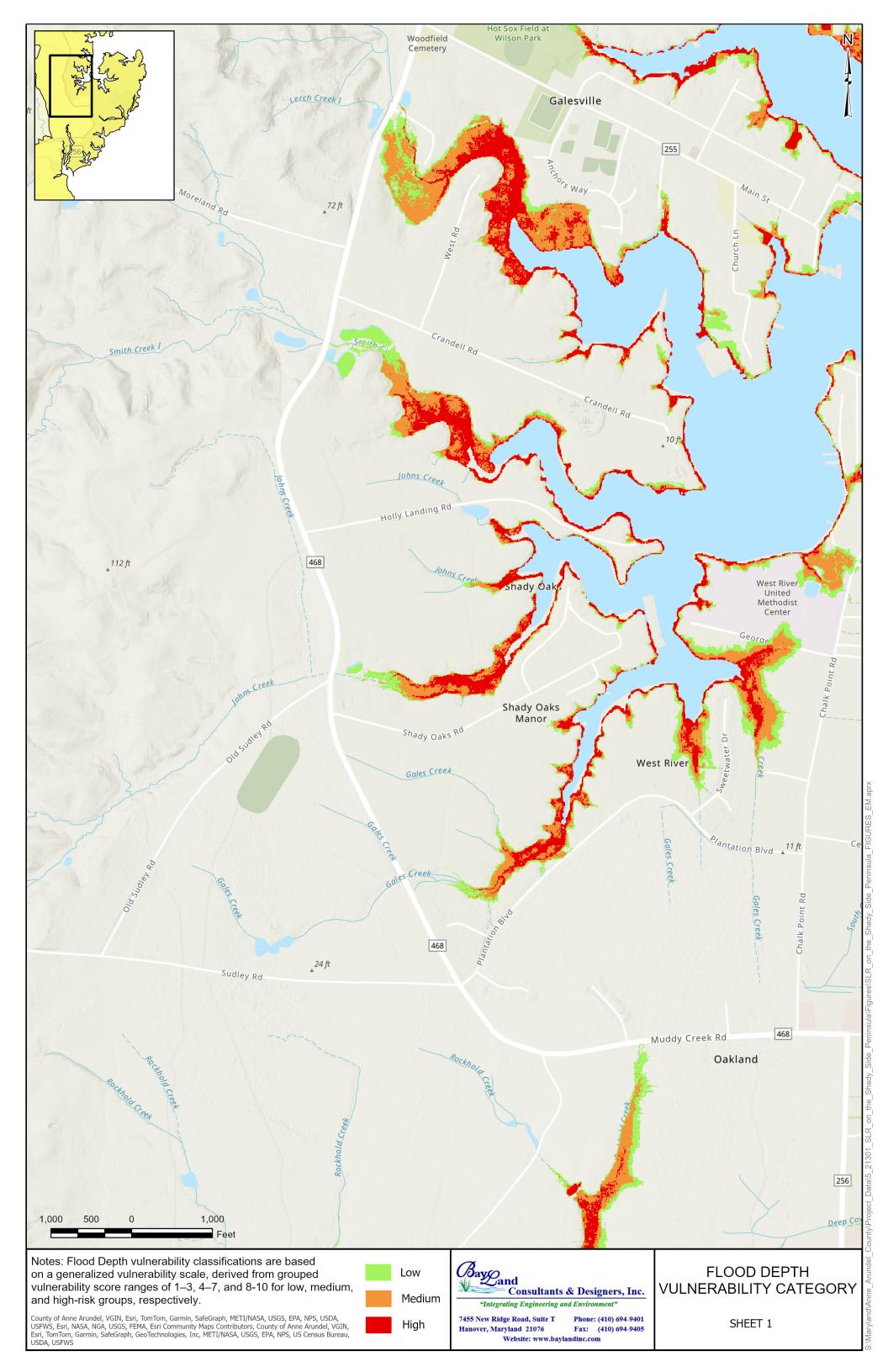
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Idlewilde Shores Existing Conditions	SYS FLOW TOL 5
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;;Option Value	THREADS 10
FLOW_UNITS CFS	TINEADS 10
INFILTRATION HORTON	[EVAPORATION]
FLOW_ROUTING DYNWAVE	;;Data Source Parameters
LINK_OFFSETS DEPTH	CONSTANT
MIN_SLOPE 0	CONSTANT 0.0
ALLOW_PONDING NO	DRY_ONLY NO
SKIP_STEADY_STATE NO	[RAINGAGES]
START_DATE 08/07/2024	;;Name Format Interval SCF Source
START_TIME 00:00:00	R
REPORT_START_DATE 08/07/2024	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
REPORT_START_TIME 00:00:00	100YR-STORM
END_DATE 08/07/2024	10YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES 10YR-STORM
END_TIME 23:54:00	2YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
SWEEP_START 01/01	2YR-STORM
SWEEP_END 12/31	
DRY_DAYS 0	[CURVES]
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WET_STEP 00:05:00	;;
DRY_STEP 00:05:00	;Year 2000 No Storm Surge
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RULE_STEP 00:00:00	2000 0.17 -0.773
	2000 0.33 -0.782
INERTIAL_DAMPING FULL	2000 0.5 -0.791
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED BOTH	2000 0.67 -0.8
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION H-W	2000 0.83 -0.809
VARIABLE_STEP 0.75	2000 1 -0.773
LENGTHENING_STEP 0	2000 1.17 -0.733
MIN_SURFAREA 1	2000 1.33 -0.693

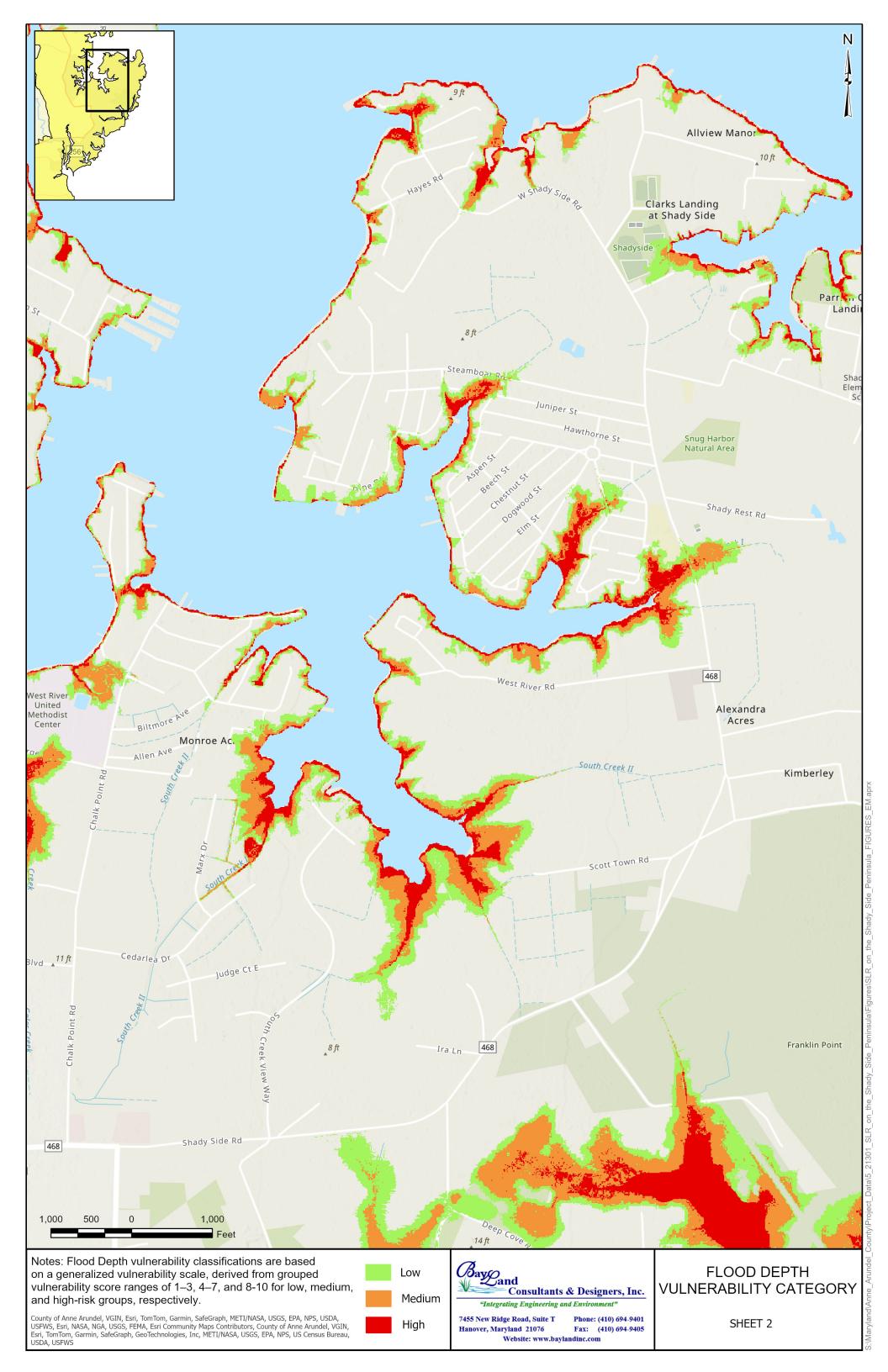
Owings Beach Input	HEAD_TOLERANCE 0
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	LAT_FLOW_TOL 5
[OPTIONS]	MINIMUM_STEP 0.5
;;Option Value	THREADS 10
FLOW_UNITS CFS	
INFILTRATION HORTON	[EVAPORATION]
FLOW_ROUTING DYNWAVE	;;Data Source Parameters
LINK_OFFSETS DEPTH	;;
MIN_SLOPE 0	CONSTANT 0.0
ALLOW_PONDING NO	DRY_ONLY NO
SKIP_STEADY_STATE NO	
	[RAINGAGES]
START_DATE 08/07/2024	;;Name Format Interval SCF Source
START_TIME 00:00:00	;;
REPORT_START_DATE 08/07/2024	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0.06 1.0 TIMESERIES
REPORT_START_TIME 00:00:00	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0.06 1.0 TIMESERIES
END_DATE 08/07/2024	10YR-STORM VOLUME 0.06 1.0 TIMESERIES 10YR-STORM
END_TIME 23:54:00	2YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
SWEEP_START 1/1	2YR-STORM
SWEEP_END 12/31	
DRY_DAYS 0	[CURVES]
REPORT_STEP 00:01:00	;;Name Type X-Value Y-Value
WET_STEP 00:05:00	;;
DRY_STEP 00:05:00	2000 Tidal 0 -0.721
ROUTING_STEP 5	2000 0.17 -0.773
RULE_STEP 00:00:00	2000 0.33 -0.782
	2000 0.5 -0.791
INERTIAL_DAMPING PARTIAL	2000 0.67 -0.8
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED BOTH	2000 0.83 -0.809
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION H-W	2000 1 -0.773
VARIABLE_STEP 0.75	2000 1.17 -0.733
LENGTHENING_STEP 0	2000 1.33 -0.693
MIN_SURFAREA 0	
	2000 1.5 -0.652 2000 1.67 -0.612

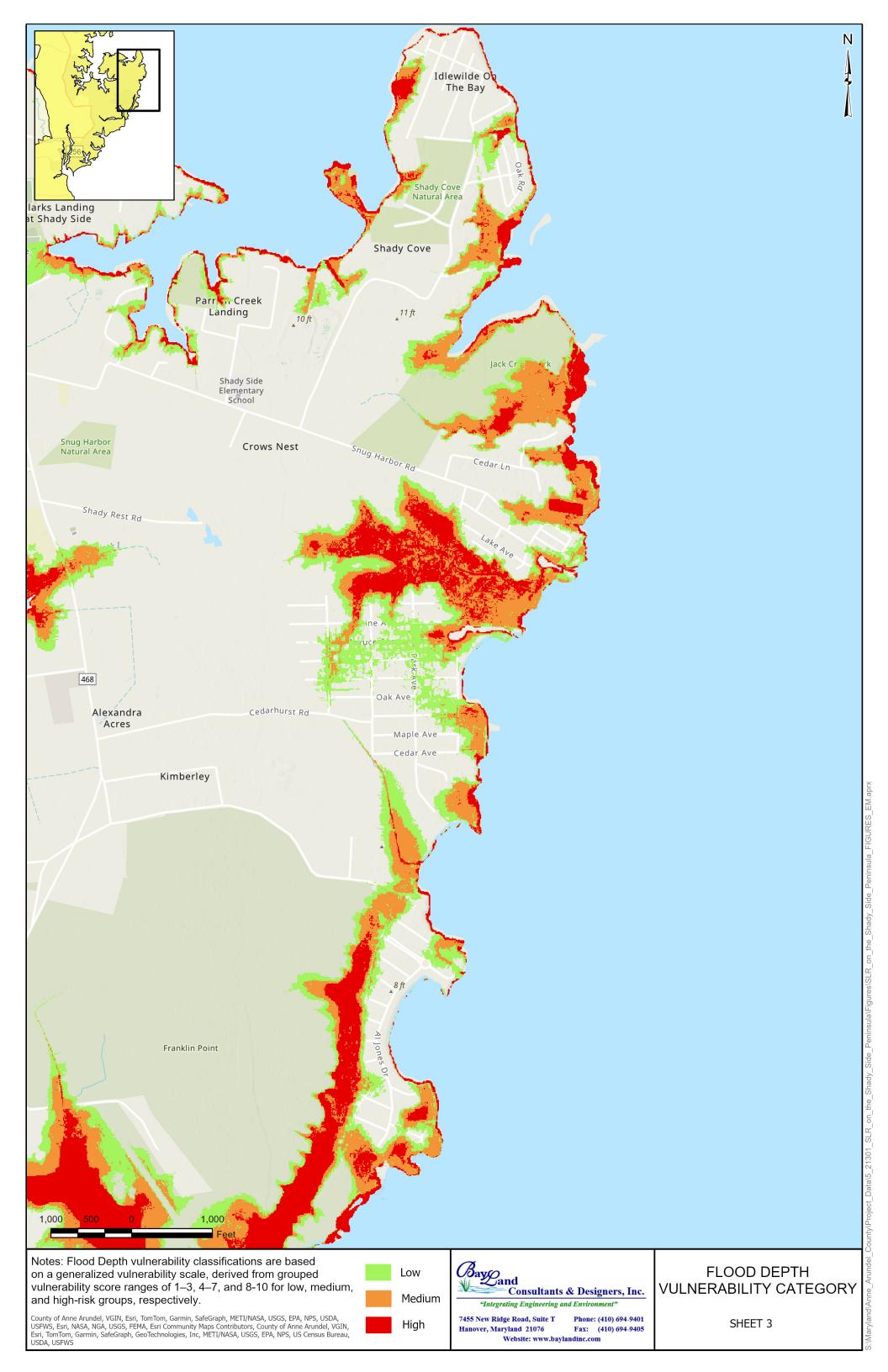
Snug Harbor Input	HEAD_TOLERANCE 0.005
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	LAT_FLOW_TOL 5
[OPTIONS]	MINIMUM_STEP 0.5
;;Option Value	THREADS 10
FLOW_UNITS CFS	
INFILTRATION HORTON	[EVAPORATION]
FLOW_ROUTING DYNWAVE	;;Data Source Parameters
LINK_OFFSETS DEPTH	;;
MIN_SLOPE 0	CONSTANT 0.0
ALLOW_PONDING NO	DRY_ONLY NO
SKIP_STEADY_STATE NO	
	[RAINGAGES]
START_DATE 08/07/2024	;;Name Format Interval SCF Source
START_TIME 00:00:00	··
REPORT_START_DATE 08/07/2024	100YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
REPORT_START_TIME 00:00:00	100YR-STORM
END_DATE 08/07/2024	10YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES 10YR-STORM
END_TIME 23:54:00	2YR-STORM VOLUME 0:06 1.0 TIMESERIES
SWEEP_START 01/01	2YR-STORM
SWEEP_END 12/31	
DRY_DAYS 0	[CURVES]
REPORT_STEP 00:01:00	;;Name Type X-Value Y-Value
WET_STEP 00:05:00	;;
DRY_STEP 00:05:00	2000 Tidal 0 -0.721
ROUTING_STEP 0.5	2000 0.17 -0.773
RULE_STEP 00:00:00	2000 0.33 -0.782
	2000 0.5 -0.791
INERTIAL_DAMPING FULL	2000 0.67 -0.8
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED BOTH	2000 0.83 -0.809
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION H-W	2000 1 -0.773
VARIABLE_STEP 0.75	2000 1.17 -0.733
LENGTHENING_STEP 0	2000 1.33 -0.693
MIN_SURFAREA 1	2000 1.5 -0.652
MAX_TRIALS 8	2000 1.67 -0.612

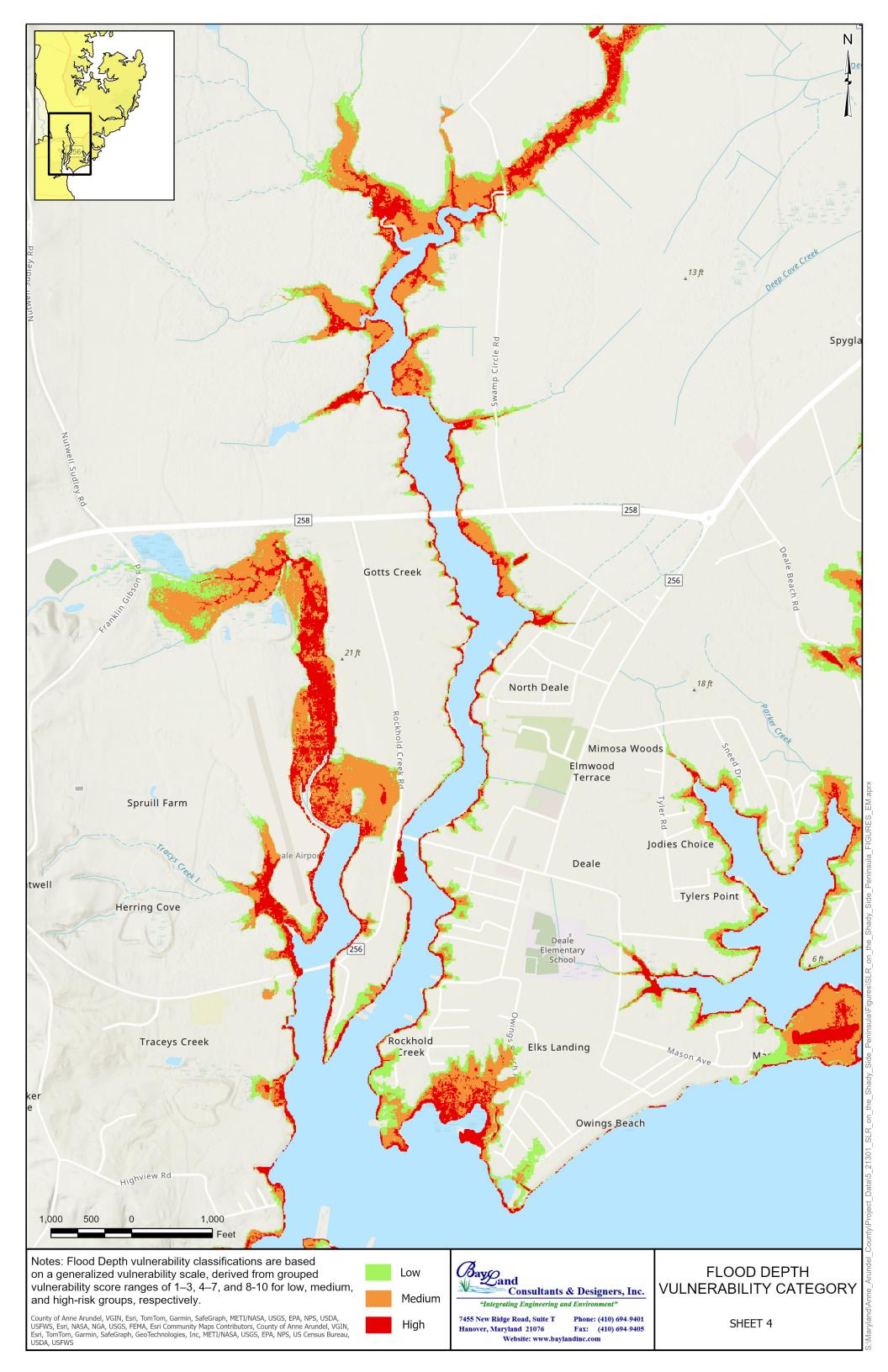
APPENDIX D

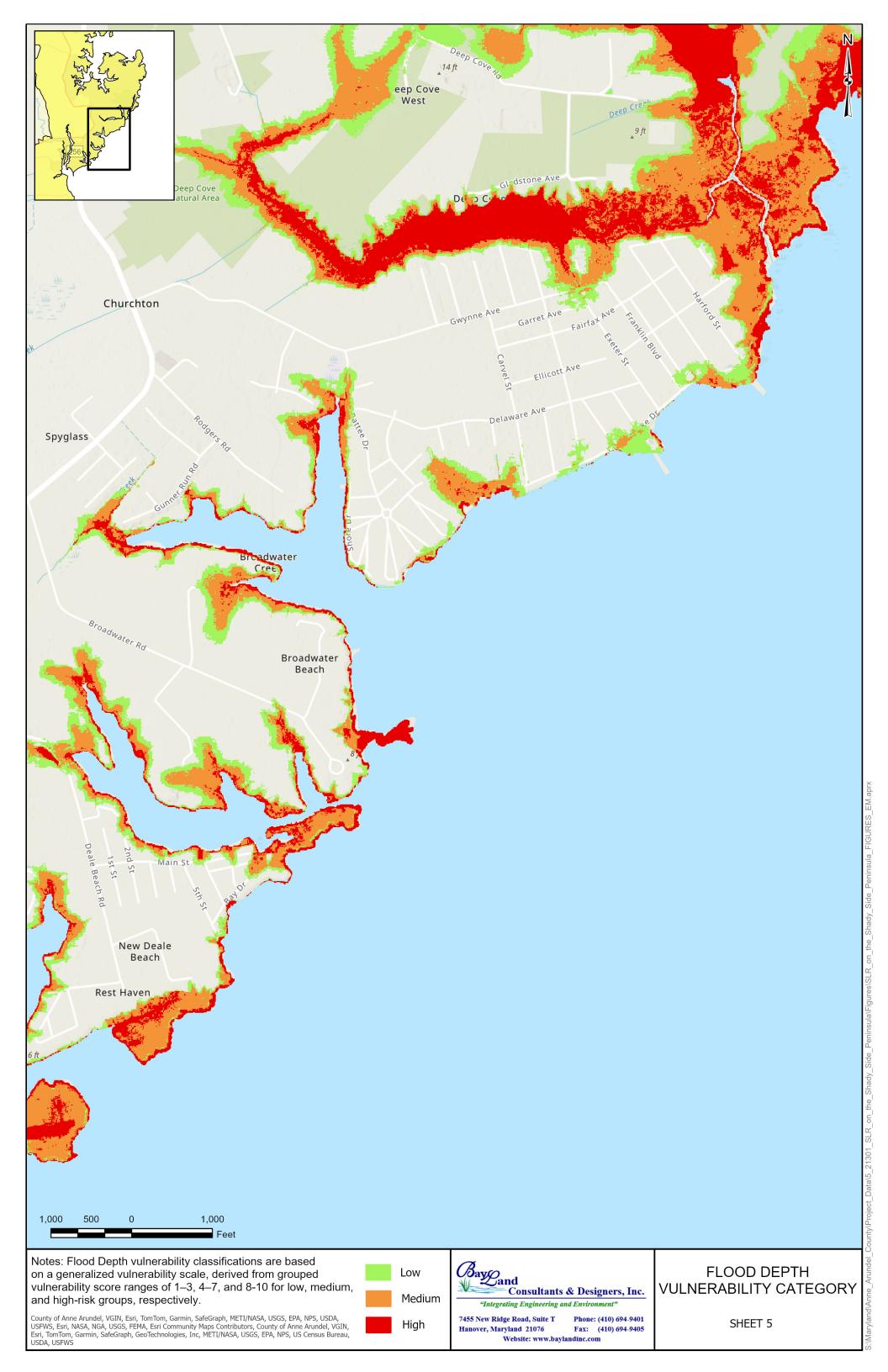
VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS MAPS





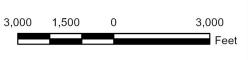






USGS, EPA, NPS, US Census Bureau, USDA, USFWS, Esri, NASA, NGA, USGS, FEMA

Notes: A density analysis was used to identify clusters of structures that would be inundated by the years 2050, 2065, and 2100. Neighborhoods with a high density of flood-exposed buildings were assigned higher vulnerability scores.





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DENSITY OF BUILDINGS INUNDATED

2050

Notes: A density analysis was used to identify clusters of structures that would be inundated by the years 2050, 2065, and 2100. Neighborhoods with a high density of flood-exposed buildings were assigned higher vulnerability scores.

3,000 1,500 0 3,000 Feet



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DENSITY OF BUILDINGS INUNDATED

2065

Notes: A density analysis was used to identify clusters of structures that would be inundated by the years 2050, 2065, and 2100. Neighborhoods with a high density of flood-exposed buildings were assigned higher vulnerability scores.

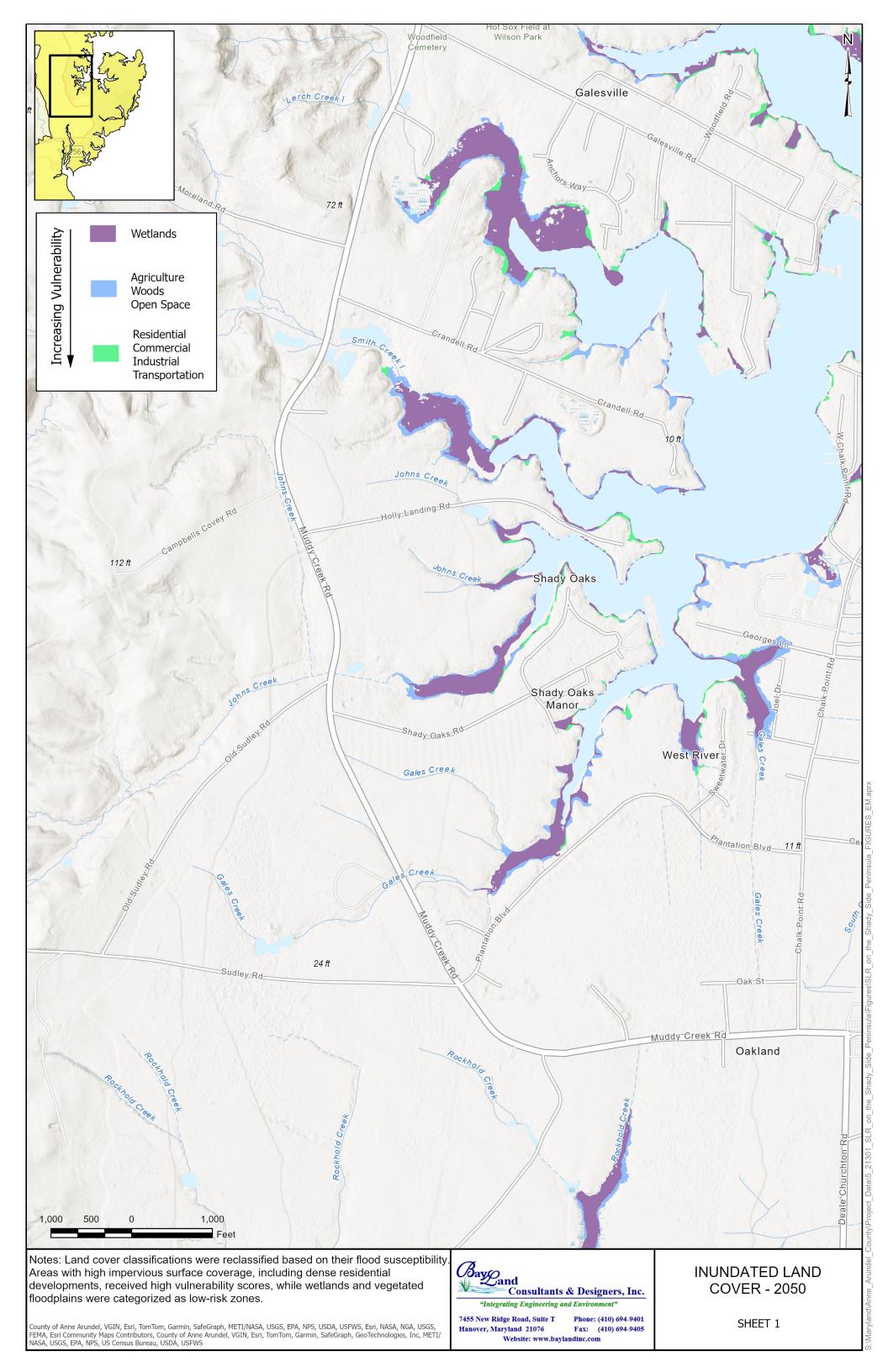
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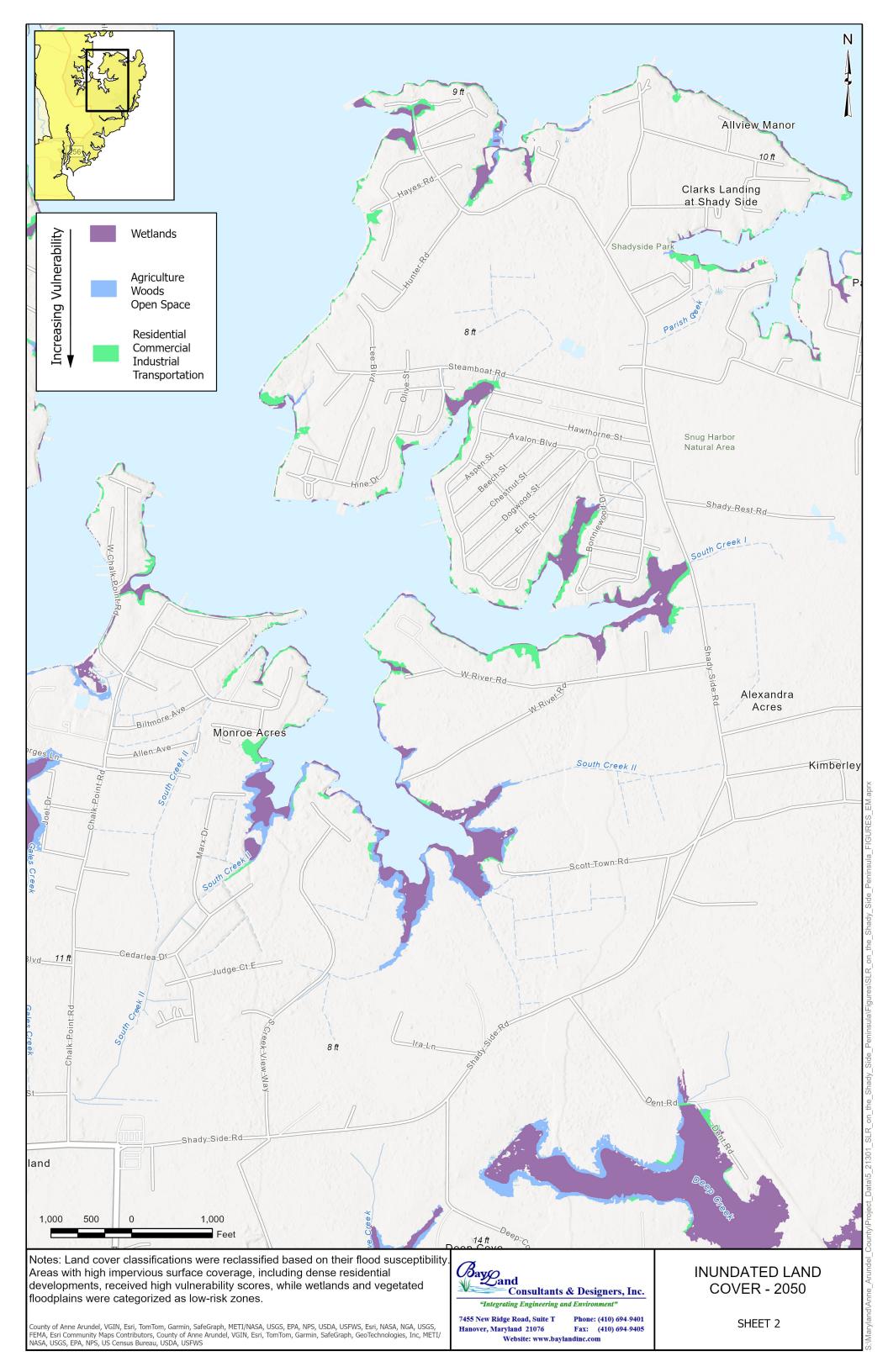


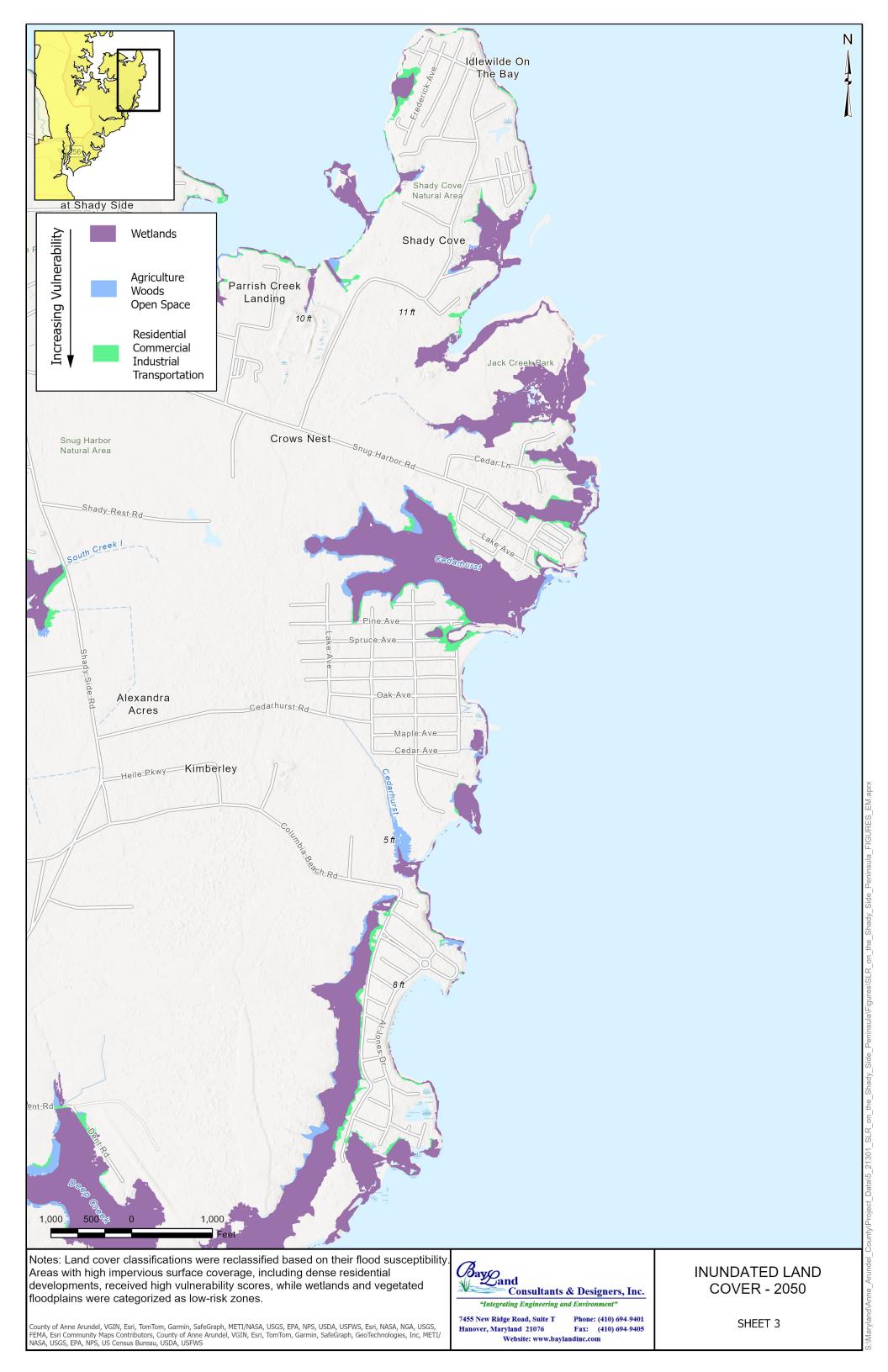
DENSITY OF BUILDINGS INUNDATED

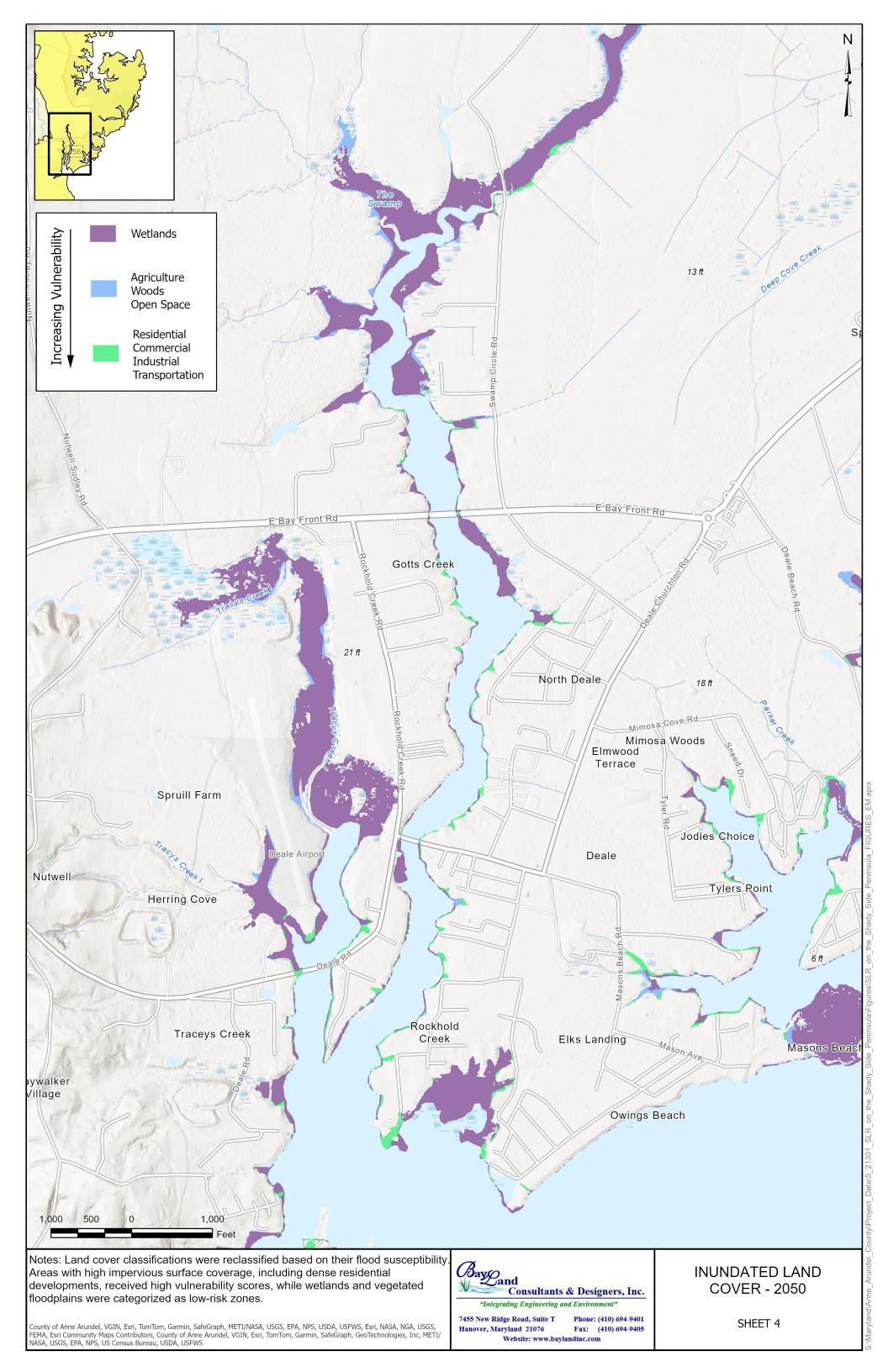
2100

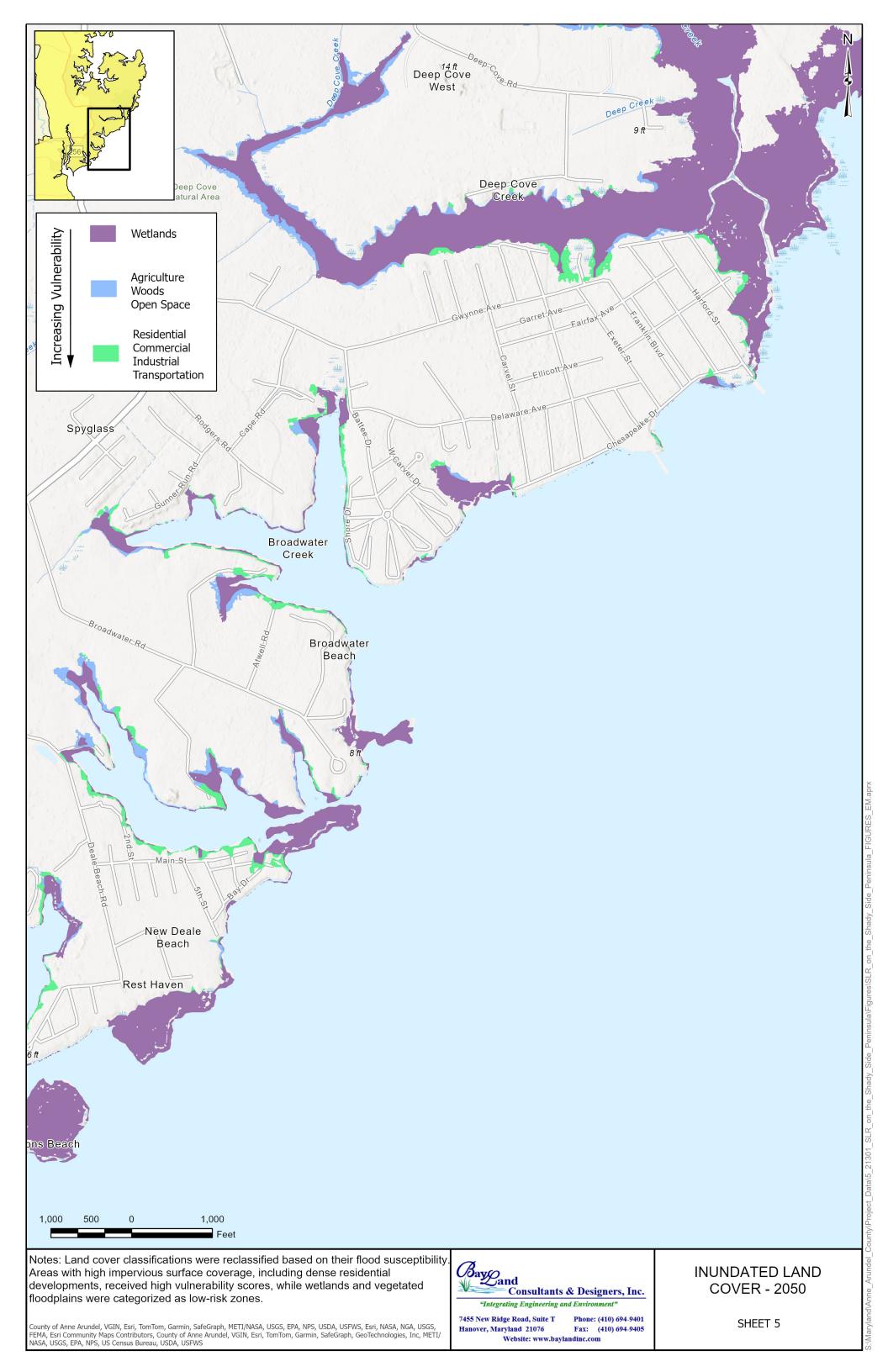
7455 New Ridge Road, Suite T Hanover, Maryland 21076 Fax: (410) 694-9405 Website: www.baylandinc.com

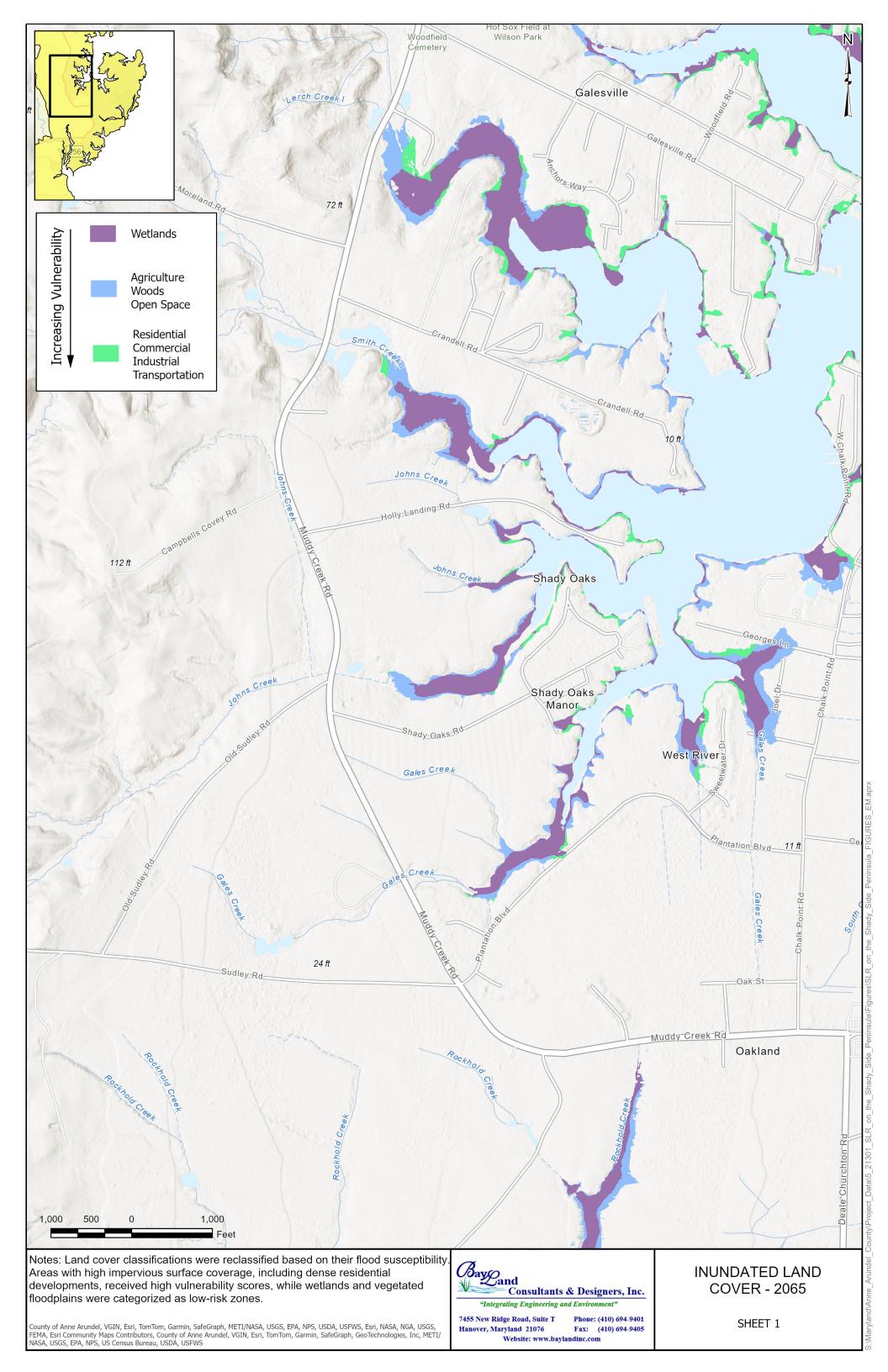


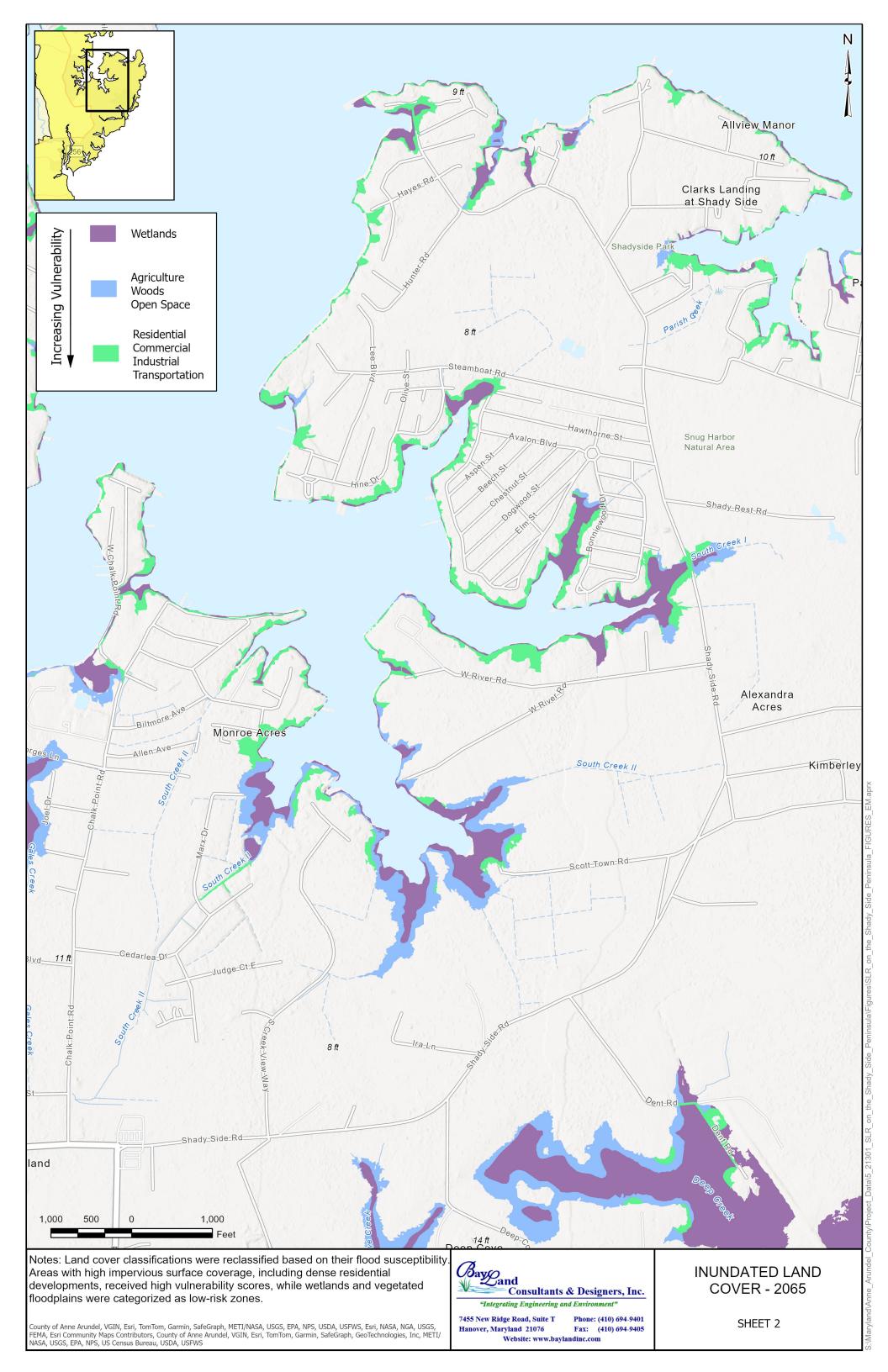


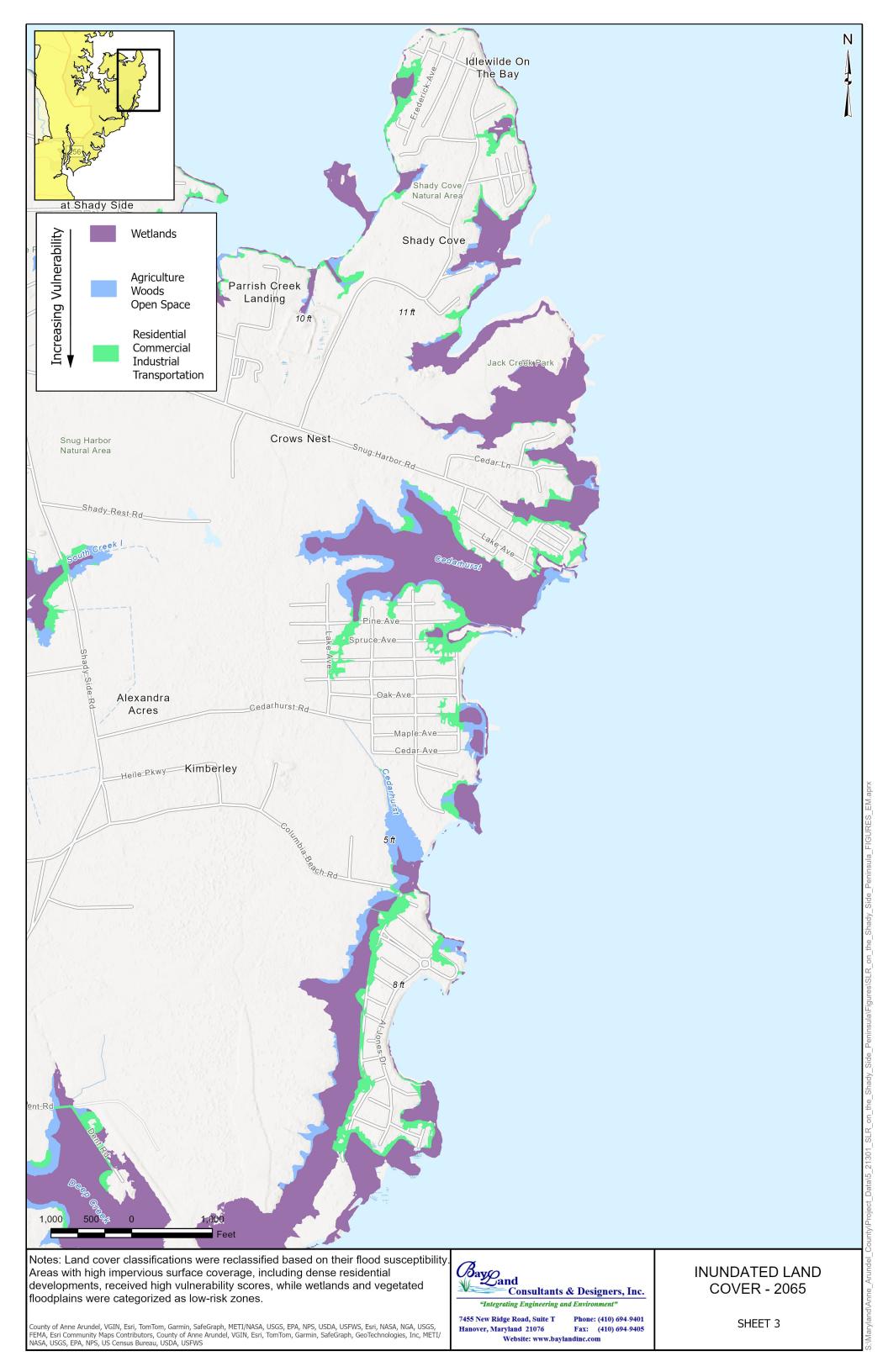


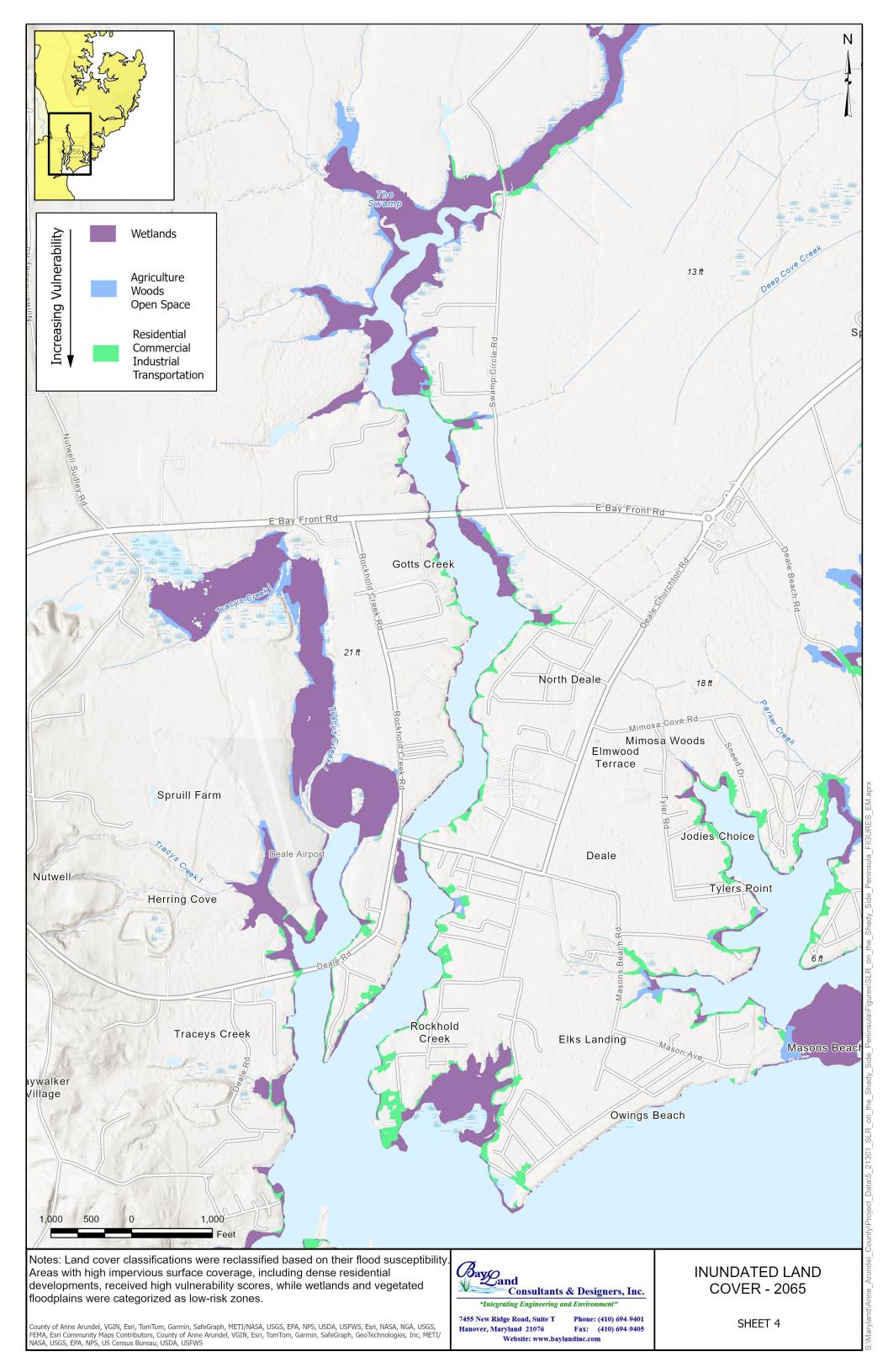


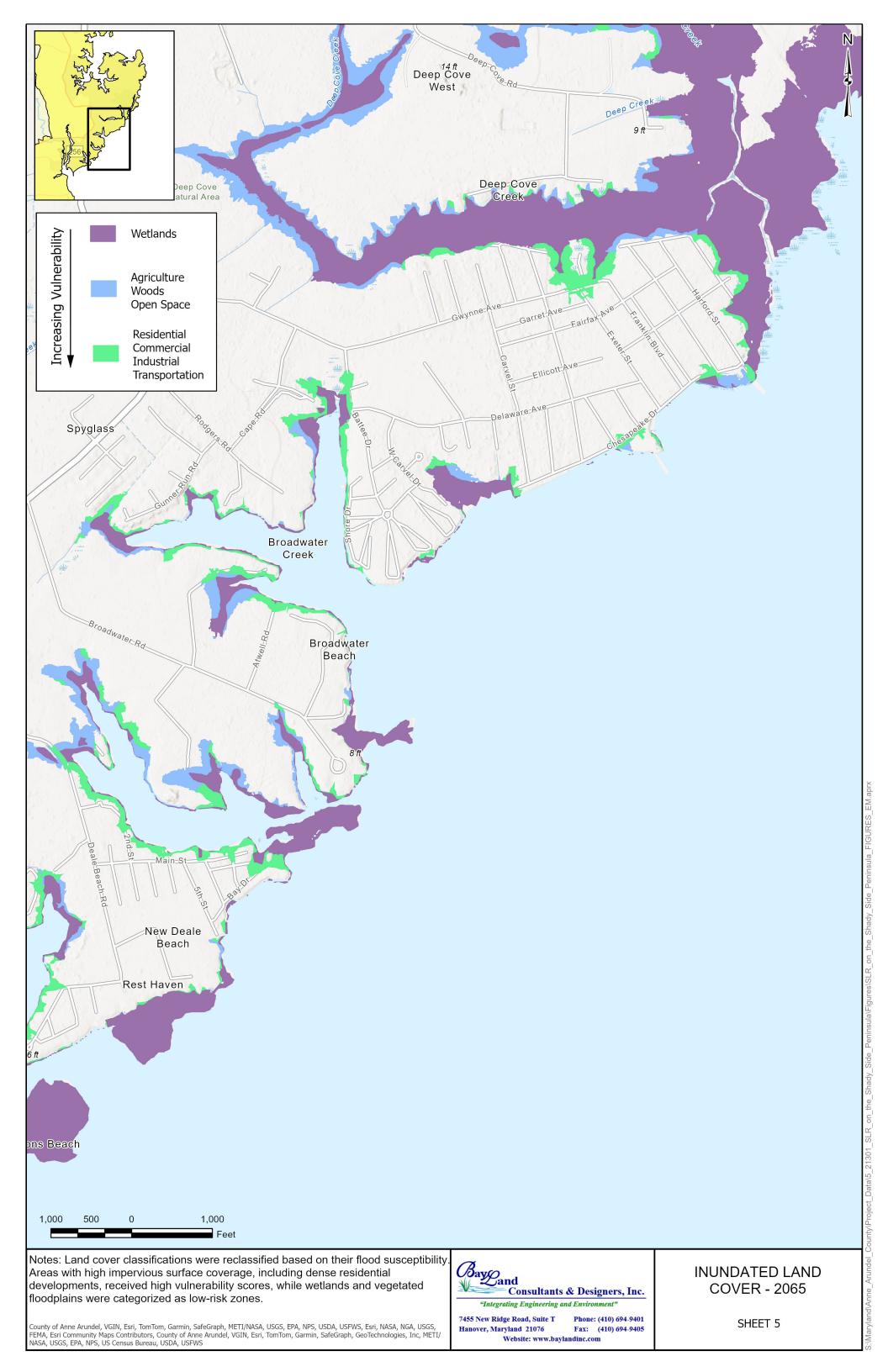


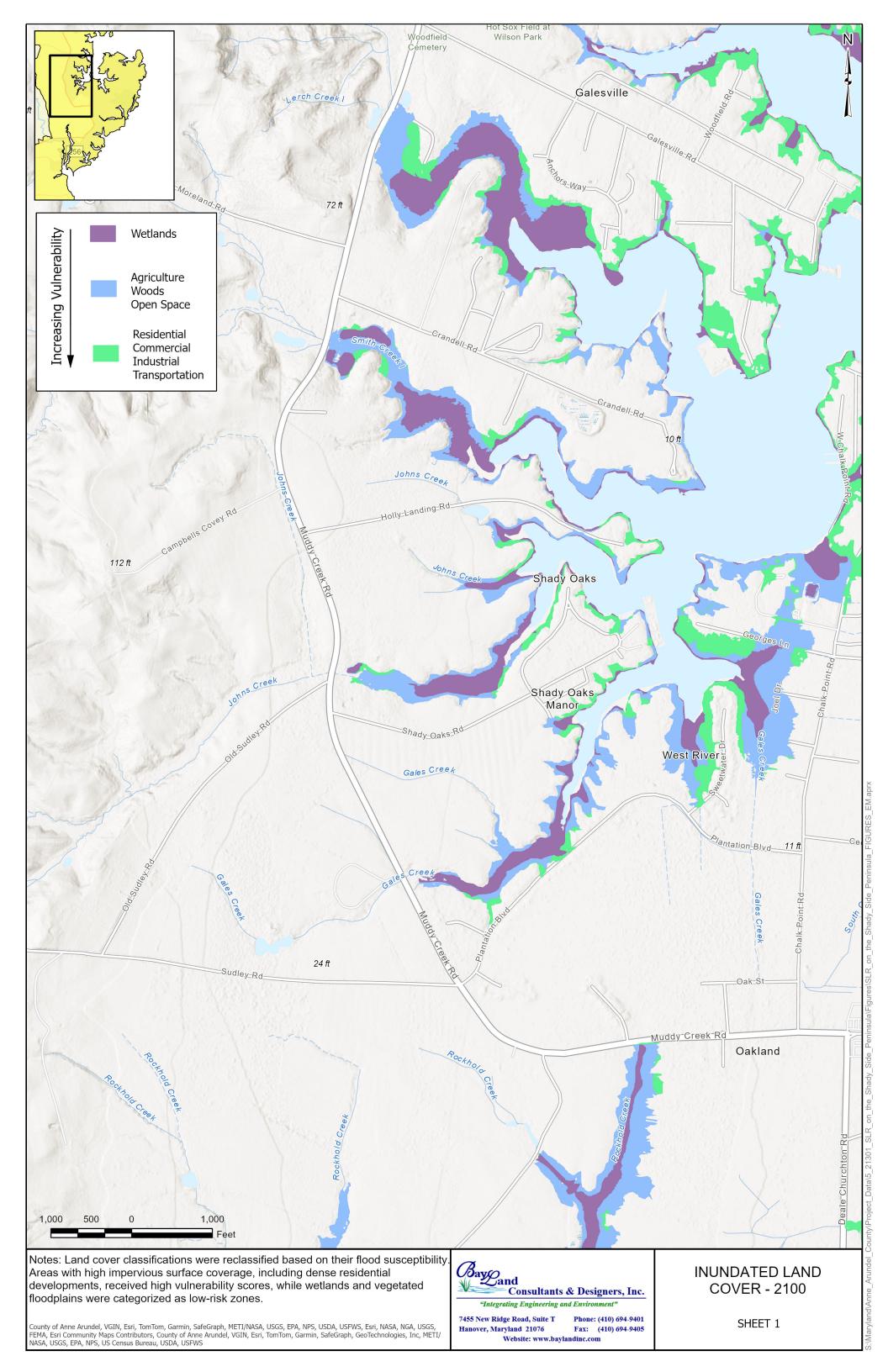


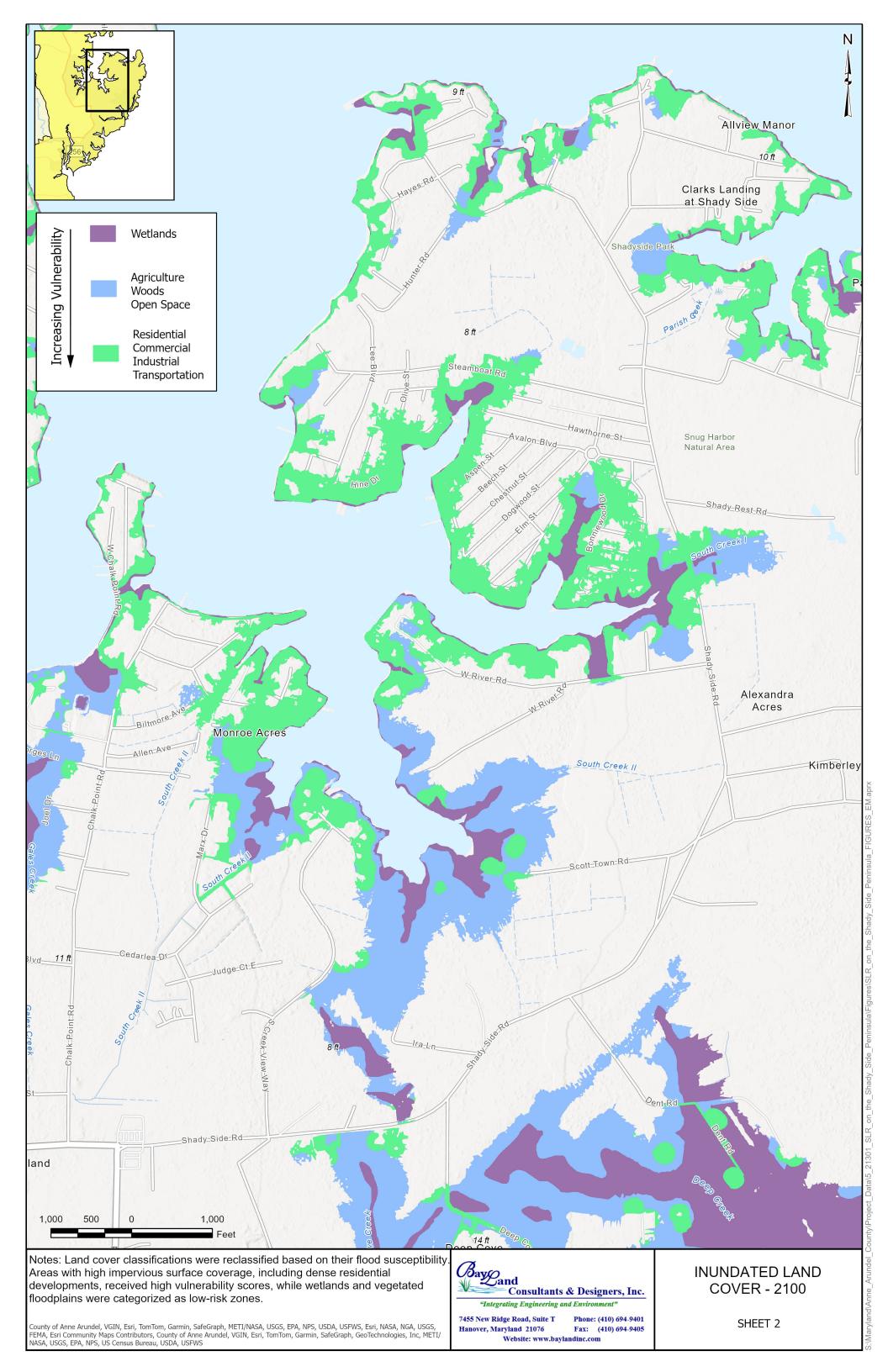


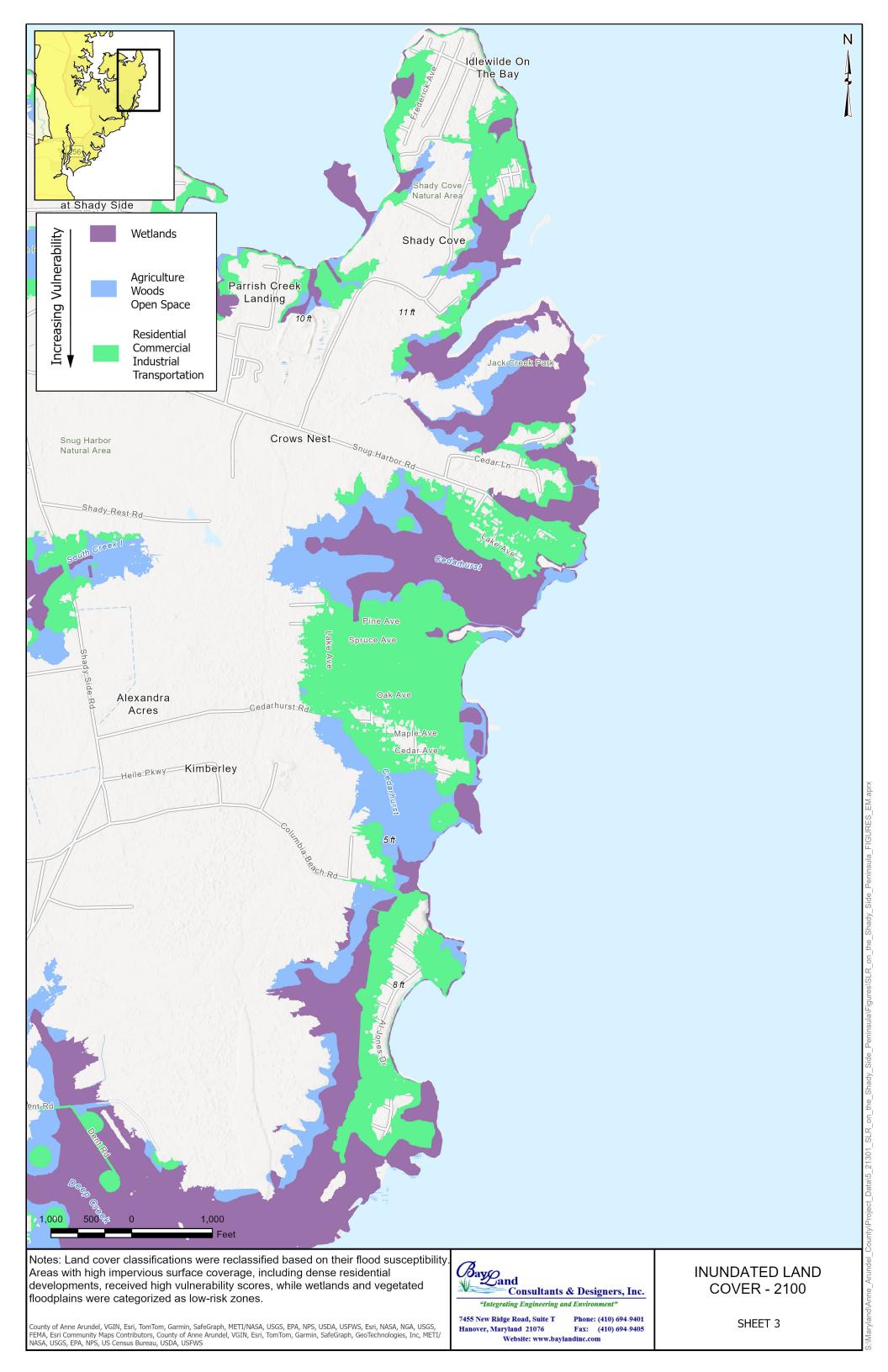


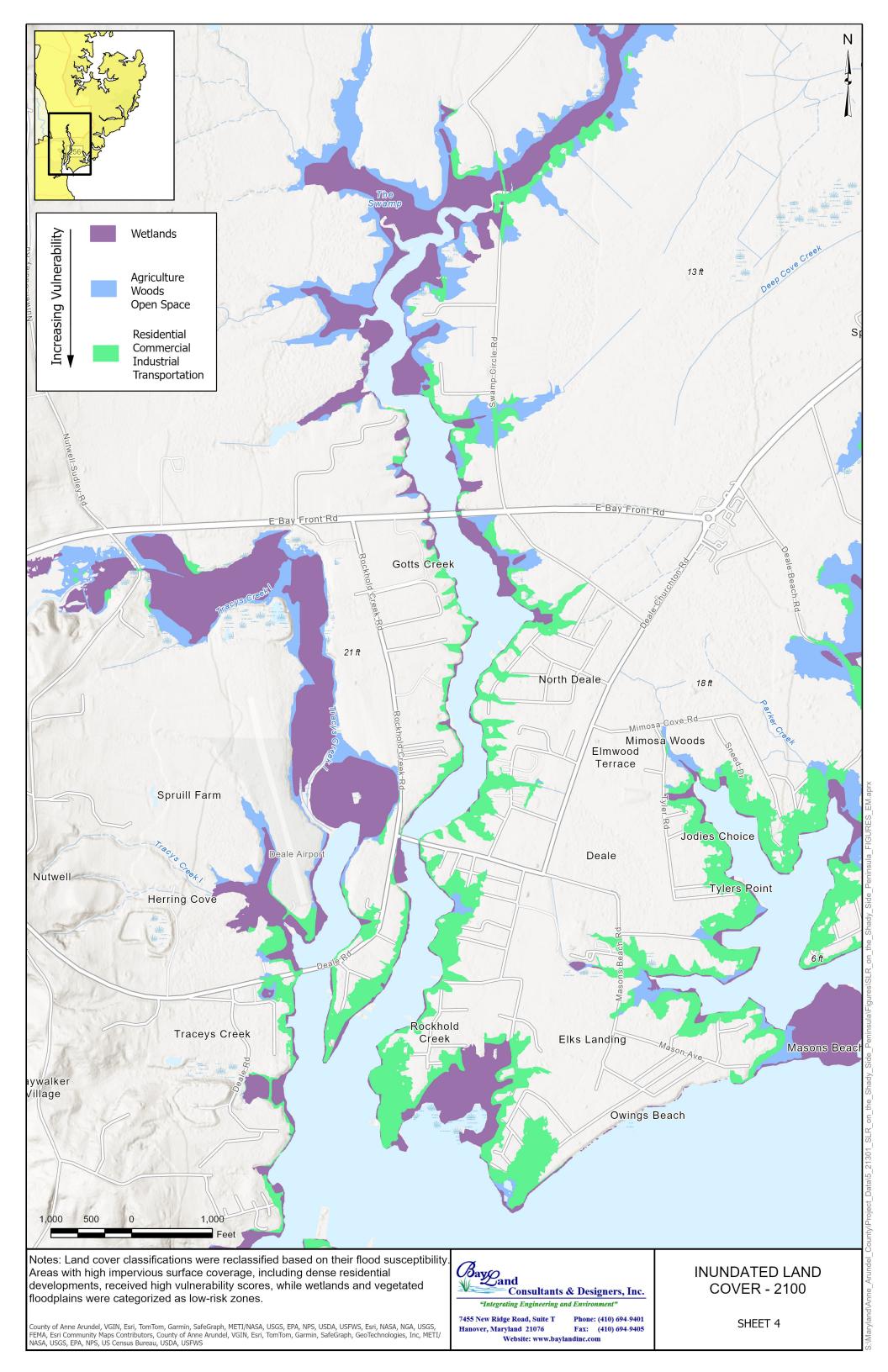


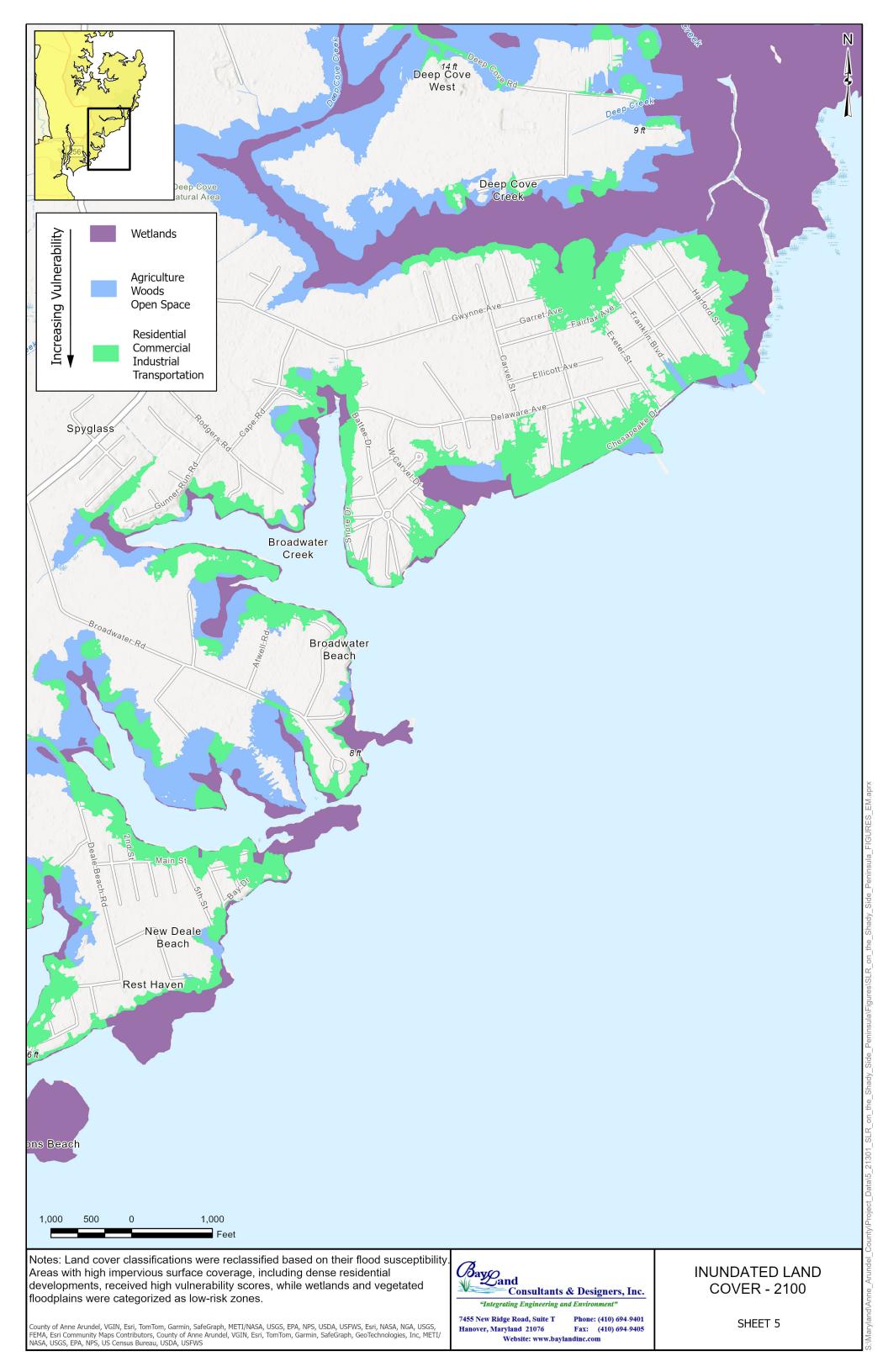




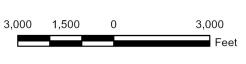








using the spatial proximity to hospitals, fire stations, and designated evacuation routes.





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ACCESSIBILITY TO EMERGENCY SERVICES

using the spatial proximity to hospitals, fire stations, and designated evacuation routes.

3,000 1,500 0 3,000 Feet

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2065 Fax: (410) 694-9405

ACCESSIBILITY TO EMERGENCY SERVICES

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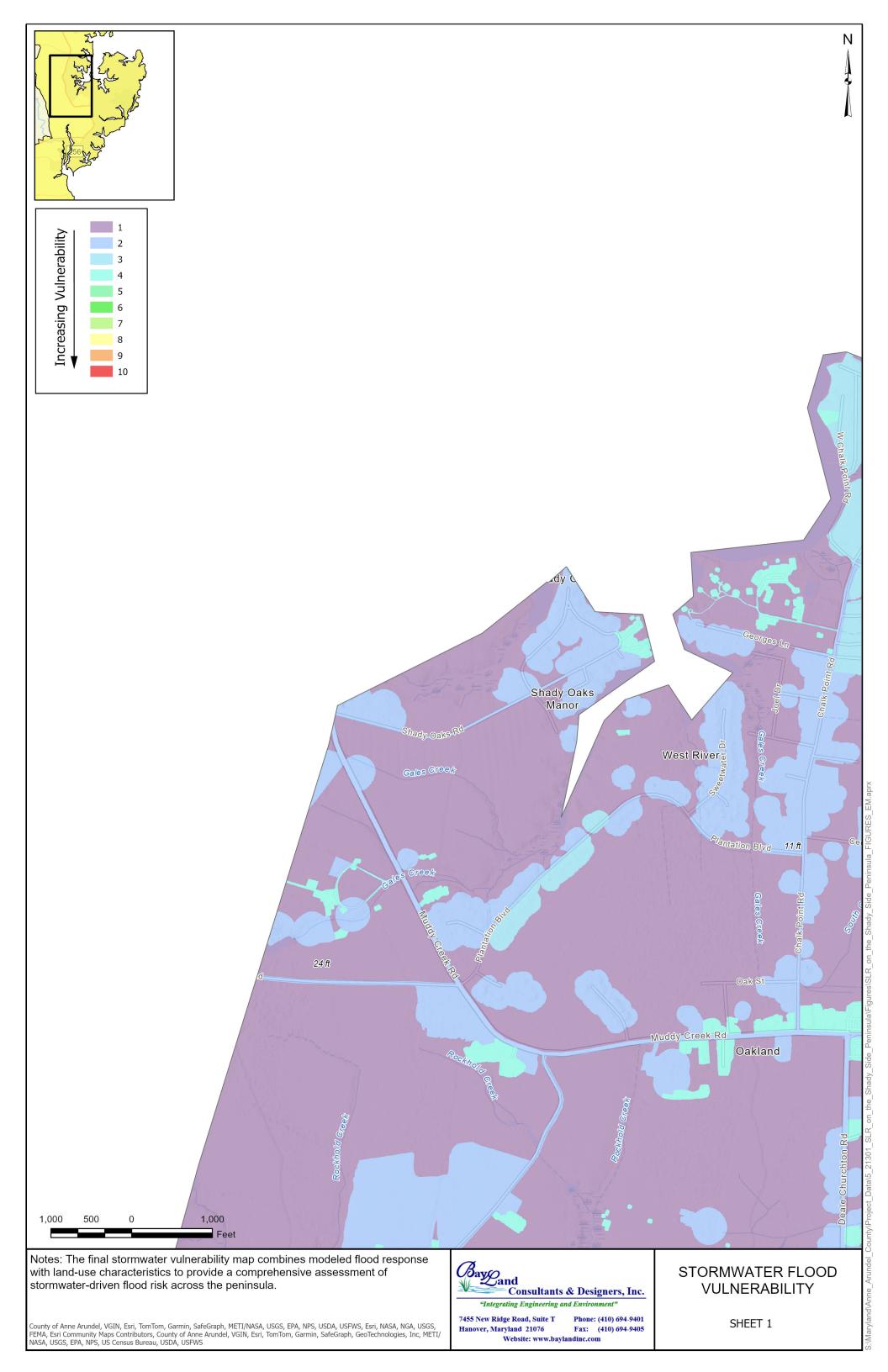
Notes: To evaluate accessibility constraints, a cost-distance analysis was performed using the spatial proximity to hospitals, fire stations, and designated evacuation routes.

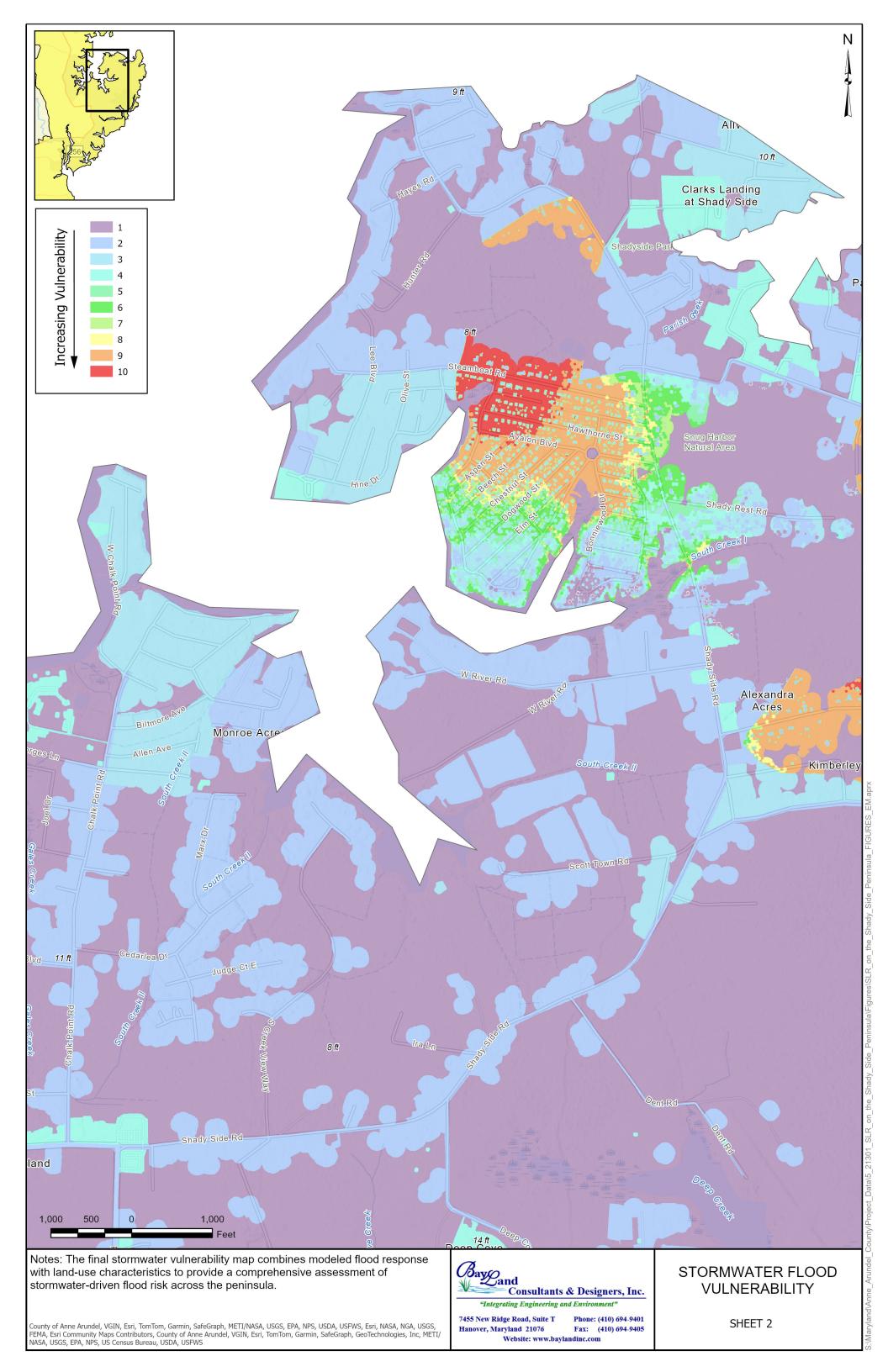
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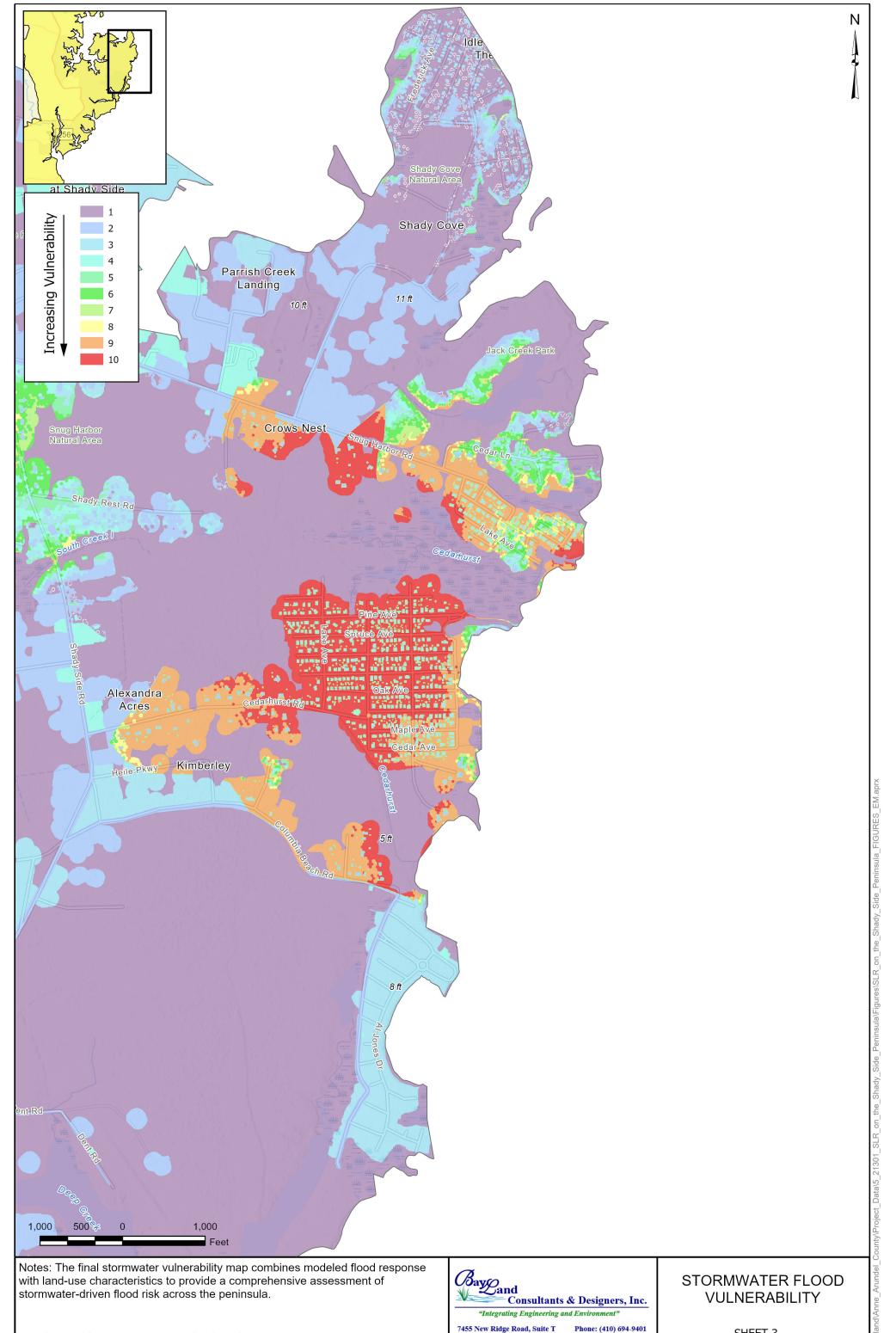
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SHEET 3

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